

NAG Library Routine Document

F07MGF (DSYCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07MGF (DSYCON) estimates the condition number of a real symmetric indefinite matrix A , where A has been factorized by F07MDF (DSYTRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07MGF (UPLO, N, A, LDA, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, IWORK,      &
                  INFO)
INTEGER                N, LDA, IPIV(*), IWORK(N), INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp)    A(LDA,*), ANORM, RCOND, WORK(2*N)
CHARACTER(1)          UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *dsycon*.

3 Description

F07MGF (DSYCON) estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a real symmetric indefinite matrix A :

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1.$$

Since A is symmetric, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06RCF to compute $\|A\|_1$ and a call to F07MDF (DSYTRF) to compute the Bunch–Kaufman factorization of A . The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $\|A^{-1}\|_1$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **14** 381–396

5 Arguments

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

$A = PUDU^T P^T$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

$A = PLDL^T P^T$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: A(LDA,*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: details of the factorization of A , as returned by F07MDF (DSYTRF).
- 4: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07MGF (DSYCON) is called.
Constraint: $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$.
- 5: IPIV(*) – INTEGER array *Input*
Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D , as returned by F07MDF (DSYTRF).
- 6: ANORM – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A , which may be computed by calling F06RCF with its argument $NORM = '1'$. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07MDF (DSYTRF) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A .
Constraint: $ANORM \geq 0.0$.
- 7: RCOND – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Output*
On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A . RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.
- 8: WORK($2 \times N$) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Workspace*
- 9: IWORK(N) – INTEGER array *Workspace*
- 10: INFO – INTEGER *Output*
On exit: $INFO = 0$ unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If $INFO = -i$, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Parallelism and Performance

F07MGF (DSYCON) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

A call to F07MGF (DSYCON) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form $Ax = b$; the number is usually 4 or 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $2n^2$ floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07MEF (DSYTRS) with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The complex analogues of this routine are F07MUF (ZHECON) for Hermitian matrices and F07NUF (ZSYCON) for symmetric matrices.

10 Example

This example estimates the condition number in the 1-norm (or ∞ -norm) of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 3.87 & 4.20 & -1.15 \\ 3.87 & -0.21 & 1.87 & 0.63 \\ 4.20 & 1.87 & 1.15 & 2.06 \\ -1.15 & 0.63 & 2.06 & -1.81 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric indefinite and must first be factorized by F07MDF (DSYTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 75.68.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program f07mgfe

!      F07MGF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: dlansy => f06rcf, dsycon, dsytrf, nag_wp, x02ajf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: anorm, rcond
Integer                     :: i, info, lda, lwork, n
Character (1)               :: uplo
!      .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:, :), work(:)
Integer, Allocatable        :: ipiv(:), iwork(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'F07MGF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)
Read (nin,*) n
lda = n
lwork = 64*n
Allocate (a(lda,n),work(lwork),ipiv(n),iwork(n))

!      Read A from data file

Read (nin,*) uplo
If (uplo=='U') Then

```

```

      Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
    Else If (uplo=='L') Then
      Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
    End If

!   Compute norm of A
!   f06rcf is the NAG name equivalent of the LAPACK auxiliary dlansy
    anorm = dlansy('1-norm',uplo,n,a,lda,work)

!   Factorize A
!   The NAG name equivalent of dsytrf is f07mdf
    Call dsytrf(uplo,n,a,lda,ipiv,work,lwork,info)

    Write (nout,*)
    If (info==0) Then

!       Estimate condition number
!       The NAG name equivalent of dsycon is f07mgf
        Call dsycon(uplo,n,a,lda,ipiv,anorm,rcond,work,iwork,info)

        If (rcond>=x02ajf()) Then
          Write (nout,99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',      &
            1.0_nag_wp/rcond
        Else
          Write (nout,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
        End If
      Else
        Write (nout,*) 'The factor D is singular'
      End If

99999 Format (1X,A,1P,E10.2)
    End Program f07mgfe

```

10.2 Program Data

F07MGF Example Program Data

```

4           :Value of N
'L'        :Value of UPLO
2.07
3.87  -0.21
4.20   1.87   1.15
-1.15   0.63   2.06  -1.81   :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

F07MGF Example Program Results

```

Estimate of condition number = 7.57E+01

```
