

NAG Library Routine Document

F07GTF (ZPPEQU)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07GTF (ZPPEQU) computes a diagonal scaling matrix S intended to equilibrate a complex n by n Hermitian positive definite matrix A , stored in packed format, and reduce its condition number.

2 Specification

SUBROUTINE F07GTF (UPLO, N, AP, S, SCOND, AMAX, INFO)

```

INTEGER          N, INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) S(N), SCOND, AMAX
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AP(*)
CHARACTER(1)    UPLO

```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zppequ*.

3 Description

F07GTF (ZPPEQU) computes a diagonal scaling matrix S chosen so that

$$s_j = 1/\sqrt{a_{jj}}.$$

This means that the matrix B given by

$$B = SAS,$$

has diagonal elements equal to unity. This in turn means that the condition number of B , $\kappa_2(B)$, is within a factor n of the matrix of smallest possible condition number over all possible choices of diagonal scalings (see Corollary 7.6 of Higham (2002)).

4 References

Higham N J (2002) *Accuracy and Stability of Numerical Algorithms* (2nd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia

5 Arguments

- 1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*
On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored in the array AP, as follows:
 UPLO = 'U'
 The upper triangle of A is stored.
 UPLO = 'L'
 The lower triangle of A is stored.
Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.
- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

3: AP(*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array Input

Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least $\max(1, N \times (N + 1)/2)$.

On entry: the n by n Hermitian matrix A , packed by columns.

More precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of A must be stored with element A_{ij} in $AP(i + j(j - 1)/2)$ for $i \leq j$;

if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of A must be stored with element A_{ij} in $AP(i + (2n - j)(j - 1)/2)$ for $i \geq j$.

Only the elements of AP corresponding to the diagonal elements A are referenced.

4: S(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array Output

On exit: if INFO = 0, S contains the diagonal elements of the scaling matrix S .

5: SCOND – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) Output

On exit: if INFO = 0, SCOND contains the ratio of the smallest value of S to the largest value of S. If $SCOND \geq 0.1$ and AMAX is neither too large nor too small, it is not worth scaling by S .

6: AMAX – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) Output

On exit: $\max |a_{ij}|$. If AMAX is very close to overflow or underflow, the matrix A should be scaled.

7: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = $-i$, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

The $\langle value \rangle$ th diagonal element of A is not positive (and hence A cannot be positive definite).

7 Accuracy

The computed scale factors will be close to the exact scale factors.

8 Parallelism and Performance

F07GTF (ZPPEQU) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

The real analogue of this routine is F07GFF (DPPEQU).

10 Example

This example equilibrates the Hermitian positive definite matrix A given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 & 1.51 - 1.92i & (1.90 + 0.84i) \times 10^5 & 0.42 + 2.50i \\ 1.51 + 1.92i & 3.58 & (-0.23 + 1.11i) \times 10^5 & -1.18 + 1.37i \\ (1.90 - 0.84i) \times 10^5 & (-0.23 - 1.11i) \times 10^5 & 4.09 \times 10^{10} & (2.33 - 0.14i) \times 10^5 \\ 0.42 - 2.50i & -1.18 - 1.37i & (2.33 + 0.14i) \times 10^5 & 4.29 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Details of the scaling factors and the scaled matrix are output.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program f07gtfe

!      F07GTF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: f06kcf, nag_wp, x02ajf, x02amf, x02bhf, x04ddf,    &
!                               zdscal, zppequ

!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None

!      .. Parameters ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Parameter      :: one = 1.0_nag_wp
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Parameter      :: thresh = 0.1_nag_wp
!      Integer, Parameter                  :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      Character (1), Parameter            :: uplo = 'U'

!      .. Local Scalars ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp)                  :: amax, big, scond, small
!      Integer                              :: i, ifail, info, j, jinc, jj, n

!      .. Local Arrays ..
!      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ap(:)
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable    :: s(:)
!      Character (1)                       :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)

!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!      Intrinsic                          :: real

!      .. Executable Statements ..
!      Write (nout,*) 'F07GTF Example Program Results'
!      Write (nout,*)
!      Flush (nout)
!      Skip heading in data file
!      Read (nin,*)
!      Read (nin,*) n

!      Allocate (ap((n*(n+1))/2),s(n))

!      Read the upper or lower triangular part of the matrix A from
!      data file

!      If (uplo=='U') Then
!         Read (nin,*)((ap(i+(j*(j-1))/2),j=i,n),i=1,n)
!      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
!         Read (nin,*)((ap(i+((2*n-j)*(j-1))/2),j=1,i),i=1,n)
!      End If

!      Print the matrix A

!      ifail: behaviour on error exit
!              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
!      ifail = 0
!      Call x04ddf(uplo,'Non-unit diagonal',n,ap,'Bracketed','1P,E10.2',    &
!                'Matrix A','Integer',rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)

!      Write (nout,*)

!      Compute diagonal scaling factors
!      The NAG name equivalent of zppequ is f07gtf

```

```

Call zppequ(uplo,n,ap,s,scond,amax,info)

If (info>0) Then
  Write (nout,99999) 'Diagonal element', info, ' of A is non positive'
Else

!      Print SCOND, AMAX and the scale factors

  Write (nout,99998) 'SCOND =', scond, ', AMAX =', amax
  Write (nout,*)
  Write (nout,*) 'Diagonal scaling factors'
  Write (nout,99997) s(1:n)
  Write (nout,*)
  Flush (nout)

!      Compute values close to underflow and overflow

  small = x02amf()/(x02ajf()*real(x02bhf()),kind=nag_wp))
  big = one/small
  If ((scond<thresh) .Or. (amax<small) .Or. (amax>big)) Then

!      Scale A

  If (uplo=='U') Then

!          The NAG name equivalent of zdscal is f06jdf
          jj = 1
          Do j = 1, n
            Call zdscal(j,s(j),ap(jj),1)
            Call f06kcf(j,s,1,ap(jj),1)
            jj = jj + j
          End Do
        Else If (uplo=='L') Then
          jj = 1
          jinc = n
          Do j = 1, n
            Call zdscal(jinc,s(j),ap(jj),1)
            Call f06kcf(jinc,s(j),1,ap(jj),1)
            jj = jj + jinc
            jinc = jinc - 1
          End Do
        End If

!      Print the scaled matrix

  ifail = 0
  Call x04ddf(uplo,'Non-unit diagonal',n,ap,'Bracketed','F8.4',      &
    'Scaled matrix','Integer',rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)

  End If
End If

99999 Format (1X,A,I4,A)
99998 Format (1X,2(A,1P,E8.1))
99997 Format ((1X,1P,7E11.1))
  End Program f07gtfe

```

10.2 Program Data

F07GTF Example Program Data

```

4
( 3.23, 0.00) ( 1.51,-1.92) ( 1.90D+05, 0.84D+05) ( 0.42D+00, 2.50D+00) :Value of N
              ( 3.58, 0.00) (-0.23D+05, 1.11D+05) (-1.18D+00, 1.37D+00)
              ( 4.09D+10, 0.00D+00) ( 2.33D+05,-0.14D+05)
              ( 4.29D+00, 0.00D+00)
                                          :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

F07GTF Example Program Results

Matrix A

```

1 ( 3.23E+00, 0.00E+00) ( 1.51E+00, -1.92E+00) ( 1.90E+05, 8.40E+04)
2 ( 3.58E+00, 0.00E+00) ( -2.30E+04, 1.11E+05)
3 ( 4.09E+10, 0.00E+00)
4

```

```

1 ( 4.20E-01, 2.50E+00)
2 ( -1.18E+00, 1.37E+00)
3 ( 2.33E+05, -1.40E+04)
4 ( 4.29E+00, 0.00E+00)

```

SCOND = 8.9E-06, AMAX = 4.1E+10

Diagonal scaling factors

```

5.6E-01 5.3E-01 4.9E-06 4.8E-01

```

Scaled matrix

```

1 ( 1.0000, 0.0000) ( 0.4441, -0.5646) ( 0.5227, 0.2311)
2 ( 1.0000, 0.0000) ( -0.0601, 0.2901)
3 ( 1.0000, 0.0000)
4

```

```

1 ( 0.1128, 0.6716)
2 ( -0.3011, 0.3496)
3 ( 0.5562, -0.0334)
4 ( 1.0000, 0.0000)

```
