NAG Library Function Document

nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc)

1 Purpose

nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) prints a Complex triangular matrix stored in a packed one-dimensional array.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
```

```
void nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo,
    Nag_DiagType diag, Integer n, const Complex a[],
    Nag_ComplexFormType cmplxform, const char *form, const char *title,
    Nag_LabelType labrow, const char *rlabs[], Nag_LabelType labcol,
    const char *clabs[], Integer ncols, Integer indent, const char *outfile,
    NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) prints a Complex triangular matrix stored in packed form, using a format specifier supplied by you. The matrix is output to the file specified by **outfile** or, by default, to standard output.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType   *Input*

    On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

    Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType   *Input*

    On entry: indicates the type of the matrix to be printed

    uplo = Nag_Lower
        The matrix is lower triangular

    uplo = Nag_Upper
        The matrix is upper triangular

    Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Lower or Nag_Upper.

3: **diag** – Nag_DiagType   *Input*

    On entry: indicates whether the diagonal elements of the matrix are to be printed.

    diag = Nag_NonRefDiag
        The diagonal elements of the matrix are not referenced and not printed.

diag = Nag_UnitDiag

The diagonal elements of the matrix are not referenced, but are assumed all to be unity, and are printed as such.

diag = Nag_NonUnitDiag

The diagonal elements of the matrix are referenced and printed.

Constraint: **diag** = Nag_NonRefDiag, Nag_UnitDiag or Nag_NonUnitDiag.

4:      **n** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the number of rows and columns of the matrix to be printed.

If **n** is less than 1, nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) will exit immediately after printing **title**; no row or column labels are printed.

5:      **a**[*dim*] – const Complex   *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times (\mathbf{n} + 1)/2)$.

On entry: the matrix to be printed. Note that **a** must have space for the diagonal elements of the matrix, even if these are not stored.

The storage of elements A_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

   if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
       A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times j/2 + i - 1]$, for $i \leq j$;
   if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
       A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(2n - j) \times (j-1)/2 + i - 1]$, for $i \geq j$;
   if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
       A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(2n - i) \times (i-1)/2 + j - 1]$, for $i \leq j$;
   if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
       A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times i/2 + j - 1]$, for $i \geq j$.

If **diag** = Nag_UnitDiag, the diagonal elements of A are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced; the same storage scheme is used whether **diag** = Nag_NonUnitDiag or **diag** = Nag_UnitDiag.

6:      **cmplxform** – Nag_ComplexFormType   *Input*

On entry: indicates how the value of **form** is to be used to print matrix elements.

cmplxform = Nag_AboveForm

The format code in **form** is assumed to contain a single real edit-descriptor which is to be used to print the real and imaginary parts of each Complex number one above the other. Each row of the matrix is separated by a blank line, and any row labels are attached only to the real parts. This option means that about twice as many columns can be fitted into **ncols** characters than if any other **cmplxform** option is used. A typical value of **form** for this **cmplxform** option might be %11.4e.

cmplxform = Nag_BracketForm

The format code in **form** is assumed to contain a single edit-descriptor such as %13.4f, * or **NULL**, which is used to print the real and imaginary parts of each Complex number separated by a comma, and surrounded by brackets. Thus a matrix element printed with this **cmplxform** option might look like this: $(12.345, -11.323)$.

cmplxform = Nag_DirectForm

The format code in **form** is used unaltered to print a Complex number. This **cmplxform** option allows you flexibility to specify exactly how the number is printed. With this option for **cmplxform** and a suitable value for **form** it is possible, for example, to print a Complex number in the form $(0.123 + 3.214i)$ or $(0.123e-02, 0.234e-01)$.

Constraint: **cmplxform** = Nag_AboveForm, Nag_BracketForm or Nag_DirectForm.

7:    **form** – const char *   *Input*

On entry: a valid C format code. This should be of the form $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$, where $ww.pp$ indicates that up to two digits may be used to specify the field width and precision respectively. Only % and *format indicator* must be present. *flag* can be one of $-$, $+$, $<$ space $>$ or # and *format indicator* can be e, E, f, g or G. Thus, possible formats include %f, $\%-11.4$G, %.6e. **form** is used in conjunction with argument **cmplxform**, to print elements of the matrix A.

In addition, nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) chooses its own format code when **form** is **NULL** or **form** $=$ '∗'.

If **form** $=$ **NULL**, nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed with either a %8.4f, a %11.4f or a %13.4e format. The %8.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 1.0. The %11.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 9999.9999. Otherwise the %13.4e code is chosen.

If **form** $=$ '∗', nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed to as many significant digits as are necessary to distinguish between neighbouring machine numbers. Thus any two numbers that are stored with different internal representations should look different on output.

More complicated values of **form**, to print a Complex number in a desired form, may be used. See the description of argument **cmplxform** above for more details.

Constraint: if **cmplxform** $=$ Nag_AboveForm or Nag_BracketForm, **form** must be of the form $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$.

8:    **title** – const char *   *Input*

On entry: a title to be printed above the matrix, or name of the matrix.

If **title** $=$ **NULL**, no title (and no blank line) will be printed.

If **title** contains more than **ncols** characters, the contents of **title** will be wrapped onto more than one line, with the break after **ncols** characters.

Any trailing blank characters in **title** are ignored.

9:    **labrow** – Nag_LabelType   *Input*

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the rows of the matrix.

labrow $=$ Nag_NoLabels
        Prints no row labels.

labrow $=$ Nag_IntegerLabels
        Prints integer row labels.

labrow $=$ Nag_CharacterLabels
        Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array **rlabs**.

Constraint: **labrow** $=$ Nag_NoLabels, Nag_IntegerLabels or Nag_CharacterLabels.

10:    **rlabs**$[dim]$ – const char *   *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **rlabs** must be at least

        n when **labrow** $=$ Nag_CharacterLabels;
        otherwise **rlabs** may be **NULL**.

On entry: if **labrow** $=$ Nag_CharacterLabels, **rlabs** must contain labels for the rows of the matrix; otherwise **rlabs** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

Labels are right-justified when output, in a field which is as wide as necessary to hold the longest row label. Note that this field width is subtracted from the number of usable columns, **ncols**.

11: **labcol** – Nag_LabelType *Input*

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the columns of the matrix.

labcol = Nag_NoLabels
Prints no column labels.

labcol = Nag_IntegerLabels
Prints integer column labels.

labcol = Nag_CharacterLabels
Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array **clabs**.

Constraint: **labcol** = Nag_NoLabels, Nag_IntegerLabels or Nag_CharacterLabels.

12: **clabs**[*dim*] – const char * *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **clabs** must be at least

n when **labcol** = Nag_CharacterLabels;
otherwise **clabs** may be **NULL**.

On entry: if **labcol** = Nag_CharacterLabels, **clabs** must contain labels for the columns of the matrix; otherwise **clabs** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

Labels are right-justified when output. Any label that is too long for the column width, which is determined by **form**, is truncated.

13: **ncols** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the maximum output record length. If the number of columns of the matrix is too large to be accommodated in **ncols** characters, the matrix will be printed in parts, containing the largest possible number of matrix columns, and each part separated by a blank line.

ncols must be large enough to hold at least one column of the matrix using the format specifier in **form**. If a value less than or equal to 0 or greater than 132 is supplied for **ncols**, then the value 80 is used instead.

14: **indent** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the number of columns by which the matrix (and any title and labels) should be indented. The effective value of **ncols** is reduced by **indent** columns. If a value less than 0 or greater than **ncols** is supplied for **indent**, the value 0 is used instead.

15: **outfile** – const char * *Input*

On entry: the name of a file to which output will be directed. If **outfile** is **NULL** the output will be directed to standard output.

16: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument ⟨*value*⟩ had an illegal value.

NE_COL_WIDTH

⟨*value*⟩ is not wide enough to hold at least one matrix column. **ncols** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **indent** = ⟨*value*⟩.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_INVALID_FORMAT

The string ⟨*value*⟩ has not been recognized as a valid format.

NE_NOT_APPEND_FILE

Cannot open file ⟨*value*⟩ for appending.

NE_NOT_CLOSE_FILE

Cannot close file ⟨*value*⟩.

NE_NOT_WRITE_FILE

Cannot open file ⟨*value*⟩ for writing.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_pack_complx_mat_print_comp (x04ddc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

See Section 10 in nag_zpptrf (f07grc).