

NAG Library Function Document

nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc)

1 Purpose

nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc) computes factor score coefficients from the result of fitting a factor analysis model by maximum likelihood as performed by nag_mv_factor (g03cac).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg03.h>

void nag_mv_fac_score (Nag_FacScoreMethod method, Nag_FacRotation rotate,
    Integer nvar, Integer nfac, const double fl[], Integer tdf1,
    const double psi[], const double e[], const double r[], Integer tdr,
    double fs[], Integer tdfs, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

A factor analysis model aims to account for the covariances among p variables, observed on n individuals, in terms of a smaller number, k , of unobserved variables or factors. The values of the factors for an individual are known as factor scores. nag_mv_factor (g03cac) fits the factor analysis model by maximum likelihood and returns the estimated factor loading matrix, Λ , and the diagonal matrix of variances of the unique components, Ψ . To obtain estimates of the factors, a p by k matrix of factor score coefficients, Φ , is formed. The estimated vector of factor scores, \hat{f} , is then given by:

$$\hat{f} = x^T \Phi,$$

where x is the vector of observed variables for an individual.

There are two commonly used methods of obtaining factor score coefficients.

The regression method:

$$\Phi = \Psi^{-1} \Lambda (I + \Lambda^T \Psi^{-1} \Lambda)^{-1},$$

and Bartlett's method:

$$\Phi = \Psi^{-1} \Lambda (\Lambda^T \Psi^{-1} \Lambda)^{-1}.$$

See Lawley and Maxwell (1971) for details of both methods. In the regression method as given above, it is assumed that the factors are not correlated and have unit variance; this is true for models fitted by nag_mv_factor (g03cac). Further, for models fitted by nag_mv_factor (g03cac),

$$\Lambda^T \Psi^{-1} \Lambda = \Theta - I,$$

where Θ is the diagonal matrix of eigenvalues of the matrix S^* , as described in nag_mv_factor (g03cac).

The factors may be orthogonally rotated using an orthogonal rotation matrix, R , as computed by nag_mv_orthomax (g03bac). The factor scores for the rotated matrix are then given by ΛR .

4 References

Lawley D N and Maxwell A E (1971) *Factor Analysis as a Statistical Method* (2nd Edition) Butterworths

5 Arguments

- 1: **method** – Nag_FacScoreMethod *Input*
On entry: indicates which method is to be used to compute the factor score coefficients.
method = Nag_FacScoreRegsn
 The regression method is used.
method = Nag_FacScoreBart
 Bartlett's method is used.
Constraint: **method** = Nag_FacScoreRegsn or Nag_FacScoreBart.
- 2: **rotate** – Nag_FacRotation *Input*
On entry: indicates whether a rotation is to be applied.
rotate = Nag_FacRotate
 A rotation will be applied to the coefficients and the rotation matrix, R , must be given in **r**.
rotate = Nag_FacNoRotate
 No rotation is applied.
Constraint: **rotate** = Nag_FacRotate or Nag_FacNoRotate.
- 3: **nvar** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of observed variables in the factor analysis, p .
Constraint: **nvar** \geq **nfac**.
- 4: **nfac** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of factors in the factor analysis, k .
Constraint: **nfac** \geq 1.
- 5: **fl**[**nvar** \times **tdfl**] – const double *Input*
Note: the (i, j) th element of the matrix is stored in **fl**[($i - 1$) \times **tdfl** + $j - 1$].
On entry: the matrix of unrotated factor loadings, A , as returned by nag_mv_factor (g03cac).
- 6: **tdfl** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **fl**.
Constraint: **tdfl** \geq **nfac**.
- 7: **psi**[**nvar**] – const double *Input*
On entry: the diagonal elements of Ψ , as returned by nag_mv_factor (g03cac).
Constraint: **psi**[$i - 1$] $>$ 0.0, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
- 8: **e**[**nvar**] – const double *Input*
On entry: the eigenvalues of the matrix S^* , as returned by nag_mv_factor (g03cac).
Constraint: **e**[$i - 1$] $>$ 1.0, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
- 9: **r**[**nfac** \times **tdr**] – const double *Input*
Note: the (i, j) th element of the matrix R is stored in **r**[($i - 1$) \times **tdr** + $j - 1$].
On entry: if **rotate** = Nag_FacRotate, then **r** must contain the orthogonal rotation matrix, R , as returned by nag_mv_orthomax (g03bac).
 If **rotate** = Nag_FacNoRotate then **r** need not be set.

- 10: **tdr** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **r**.
Constraint: if **rotate** = Nag_FacRotate then **tdr** \geq **nfac**.
- 11: **fs**[**nvar** \times **tdfs**] – double *Output*
On exit: the matrix of factor score coefficients, Φ . **fs**[(*i* – 1) \times **tdfs** + *j* – 1] contains the factor score coefficient for the *j*th factor and the *i*th observed variable, for *i* = 1, 2, ..., *p* and *j* = 1, 2, ..., *k*.
- 12: **tdfs** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **fs**.
Constraint: **tdfs** \geq **nfac**.
- 13: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_2_INT_ARG_ENUM_CONS

On entry, **tdr** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **nfac** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **rotate** = Nag_FacRotate. These arguments must satisfy **tdr** \geq **nfac** when **rotate** = Nag_FacRotate.

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **nvar** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **nfac** = $\langle value \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **nvar** \geq **nfac**.

On entry, **tdfl** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **nfac** = $\langle value \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **tdfl** \geq **nfac**.

On entry, **tdfs** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **nfac** = $\langle value \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **tdfs** \geq **nfac**.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument **method** had an illegal value.

On entry, argument **rotate** had an illegal value.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **nfac** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **nfac** \geq 1.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_REAL_ARRAY_INPUT

On entry, **e**[$\langle value \rangle$] = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **e**[$\langle value \rangle$] $>$ 1.0.

On entry, **psi**[$\langle value \rangle$] = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **psi**[$\langle value \rangle$] $>$ 0.0.

7 Accuracy

Accuracy will depend on the accuracy requested when computing the estimated factor loadings using `nag_mv_factor` (g03cac).

8 Parallelism and Performance

`nag_mv_fac_score` (g03ccc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

To compute the factor scores using the factor score coefficients, the values for the observed variables first need to be standardized by subtracting the sample means and, if the factor analysis is based upon a correlation matrix, dividing by the sample standard deviations. This may be performed using `nag_mv_z_scores` (g03zac). The standardized variables are then post-multiplied by the factor score coefficients. This may be performed using functions from the f16 Chapter Introduction, for example `nag_dgemm` (f16yac).

If principal component analysis is required, the function `nag_mv_prin_comp` (g03aac) computes the principal component scores directly. Hence, the factor score coefficients are not needed.

10 Example

The example is taken from Lawley and Maxwell (1971). The correlation matrix for 220 observations on six school subjects is input and a factor analysis model with two factors fitted using `nag_mv_factor` (g03cac). The factor score coefficients are computed using the regression method.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 *
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nage04.h>
#include <nagg03.h>
#include <math.h>

#define FL(I, J) fl[(I) *tdfl + J]
#define FS(I, J) fs[(I) *tdfs + J]
#define X(I, J) x[(I) *tdx + J]
int main(void)
{
    Integer exit_status = 0, i, *isx = 0, j, m, n, nfac, nvar, tdf1, tdfs, tdr;
    Integer tdx;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_E04_Opt options;
    Nag_FacMat matrix;
    Nag_FacScoreMethod method;
    Nag_Boolean weight;
    char nag_enum_arg[40];
    double *com = 0, *e = 0, eps, *fl = 0, *fs = 0, *psi = 0, *r = 0;
    double *stat = 0, *wt = 0, *wtptr = 0, *x = 0;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

```

```

printf("nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip headings in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif

#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%39s", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
scanf("%39s", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
matrix = (Nag_FacMat) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%39s", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
scanf("%39s", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
weight = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &n);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &n);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &m);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &m);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &nvar);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &nvar);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &nfac);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &nfac);
#endif

if (nvar >= 2 && m >= nvar && n > nvar && nvar >= nfac) {
    if (!(com = NAG_ALLOC(nvar, double)) ||
        !(e = NAG_ALLOC(nvar, double)) ||
        !(f1 = NAG_ALLOC(nvar * nfac, double)) ||
        !(fs = NAG_ALLOC(nvar * nfac, double)) ||
        !(psi = NAG_ALLOC(nvar, double)) ||
        !(r = NAG_ALLOC(m * m, double)) ||
        !(stat = NAG_ALLOC(4, double)) ||
        !(wt = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC((matrix == Nag_MatCorr_Covar ? m : n) * m, double)) ||
        !(isx = NAG_ALLOC(m, Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    tdf1 = nfac;
    tdfs = nfac;
    tdr = m;
    tdx = m;
}
else {
    printf("Invalid nvar or m or n.\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

```

```

    }
    if (matrix == Nag_MatCorr_Covar) {
        for (i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
            for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
                scanf_s("%lf", &X(i, j));
#else
                scanf("%lf", &X(i, j));
#endif
        }
    }
    else {
        if (weight) {
            for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
                    scanf_s("%lf", &X(i, j));
#else
                    scanf("%lf", &X(i, j));
#endif
            }
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf", &wt[i]);
#else
            scanf("%lf", &wt[i]);
#endif
        }
        wtptr = wt;
    }
    else {
        for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
                scanf_s("%lf", &X(i, j));
#else
                scanf("%lf", &X(i, j));
#endif
        }
    }
    for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &isx[j]);
#else
        scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &isx[j]);
#endif

    /* nag_opt_init (e04xxc).
     * Initialization function for option setting
     */
    nag_opt_init(&options);
    options.max_iter = 500;
    options.optim_tol = 1e-3;
    eps = 1e-5;
    /* nag_mv_factor (g03cac).
     * Maximum likelihood estimates of parameters
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_mv_factor(matrix, n, m, x, tdx, nvar, isx, nfac, wtptr, e,
                 stat, com, psi, r, fl, tdf1, &options, eps, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_mv_factor (g03cac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    printf("\nLoadings, Communalities and PSI\n\n");
    for (i = 0; i < nvar; ++i) {
        for (j = 0; j < nfac; ++j)
            printf(" %8.3f", FL(i, j));
        printf("%8.3f%8.3f\n", com[i], psi[i]);
    }
#ifdef _WIN32

```

```

    scanf_s("%39s", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    method = (Nag_FacScoreMethod) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

/* nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc).
 * Factor score coefficients, following nag_mv_factor
 * (g03cac)
 */
nag_mv_fac_score(method, Nag_FacNoRotate, nvar, nfac, fl, tdf1, psi, e,
                r, tdr, fs, tdfs, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
printf("\nFactor score coefficients\n\n");
for (i = 0; i < nvar; ++i) {
    for (j = 0; j < nfac; ++j)
        printf(" %8.3f", FS(i, j));
    printf("\n");
}
}
END:
NAG_FREE(com);
NAG_FREE(e);
NAG_FREE(fl);
NAG_FREE(fs);
NAG_FREE(psi);
NAG_FREE(r);
NAG_FREE(stat);
NAG_FREE(wt);
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(isx);
return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc) Example Program Data
Nag_MatCorr_Covar Nag_FALSE 220 6 6 2
1.000 0.439 0.410 0.288 0.329 0.248
0.439 1.000 0.351 0.354 0.320 0.329
0.410 0.351 1.000 0.164 0.190 0.181
0.288 0.354 0.164 1.000 0.595 0.470
0.329 0.320 0.190 0.595 1.000 0.464
0.248 0.329 0.181 0.470 0.464 1.000
 1 1 1 1 1 1
Nag_FacScoreRegsn

```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_mv_fac_score (g03ccc) Example Program Results
```

```
Parameters to e04lbc
-----
```

```

Number of variables..... 6

optim_tol..... 1.00e-03  linesearch_tol..... 9.00e-01
step_max..... 1.47e+01  max_iter..... 500
print_level..... Nag_Soln_Iter  machine precision..... 1.11e-16
deriv_check..... Nag_FALSE
outfile..... stdout

Memory allocation:
state..... User
hesl..... User  hesd..... User

```

Iterations performed = 0, function evaluations = 1
 Criterion = 2.999971e-02

Variable	Standardized Communalities
1	0.4168
2	0.4138
3	0.3384
4	0.5164
5	0.5148
6	0.4127

Iterations performed = 1, function evaluations = 2
 Criterion = 1.579256e-02

Variable	Standardized Communalities
1	0.4929
2	0.4050
3	0.3664
4	0.6586
5	0.6077
6	0.3580

Iterations performed = 2, function evaluations = 3
 Criterion = 1.099067e-02

Variable	Standardized Communalities
1	0.4896
2	0.4059
3	0.3566
4	0.6277
5	0.5760
6	0.3700

Iterations performed = 3, function evaluations = 4
 Criterion = 1.086731e-02

Variable	Standardized Communalities
1	0.4898
2	0.4059
3	0.3563
4	0.6228
5	0.5688
6	0.3717

Iterations performed = 4, function evaluations = 5
 Criterion = 1.086720e-02

Variable	Standardized Communalities
1	0.4898
2	0.4059
3	0.3563
4	0.6226
5	0.5686
6	0.3718

Loadings, Communalities and PSI

0.553	-0.429	0.490	0.510
0.568	-0.288	0.406	0.594
0.392	-0.450	0.356	0.644
0.740	0.273	0.623	0.377
0.724	0.211	0.569	0.431
0.595	0.132	0.372	0.628

Factor score coefficients

0.193	-0.392
0.170	-0.226
0.109	-0.326
0.349	0.337
0.299	0.229
0.169	0.098
