NAG Library Function Document

nag_zher (f16spc)

1 Purpose

nag_zher (f16spc) performs a Hermitian rank-1 update on a complex Hermitian matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
void nag_zher (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Integer n,
     double alpha, const Complex x[], Integer incx, double beta, Complex a[],
     Integer pda, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zher (f16spc) performs the Hermitian rank-1 update operation

$$A \leftarrow \alpha x x^{\mathrm{H}} + \beta A,$$

where A is an n by n complex Hermitian matrix, x is an n-element complex vector, while α and β are real scalars.

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Upper
The upper triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Lower
The lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.

3: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

4: **alpha** – double *Input*

On entry: the scalar α.

5: **x**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least $\max(1, 1 + (\mathbf{n} - 1)|\mathbf{incx}|)$.

On entry: the n-element vector x.

If **incx** > 0, x_i must be stored in **x**$[(i-1) \times \mathbf{incx}]$, for $i = 1, 2, \ldots, \mathbf{n}$.

If **incx** < 0, x_i must be stored in **x**$[(\mathbf{n} - i) \times |\mathbf{incx}|]$, for $i = 1, 2, \ldots, \mathbf{n}$.

Intermediate elements of **x** are not referenced. If **n** $= 0$, **x** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

6: **incx** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the increment in the subscripts of **x** between successive elements of x.

Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.

7: **beta** – double *Input*

On entry: the scalar β.

8: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: the n by n Hermitian matrix A.

If **order** = Nag_ColMajor, A_{ij} is stored in **a**$[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1]$.

If **order** = Nag_RowMajor, A_{ij} is stored in **a**$[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1]$.

If **uplo** = Nag_Upper, the upper triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.

If **uplo** = Nag_Lower, the lower triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: the updated matrix A. The imaginary parts of the diagonal elements are set to zero.

9: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix A in the array **a**.

Constraint: **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument ⟨*value*⟩ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **incx** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.

On entry, **n** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** $= \langle value \rangle$, **n** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_zher (f16spc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

Perform rank-1 update of complex Hermitian matrix A using vector x:

$$A \leftarrow A - xx^{\mathrm{H}},$$

where A is the 4 by 4 Hermitian matrix given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.0 + 0.0i & 7.0 - 4.0i & -0.6 + 2.2i & -4.0 + 3.0i \\ 7.0 + 4.0i & 14.0 + 0.0i & 0.3 + 1.2i & -4.7 + 2.1i \\ -0.6 - 2.2i & 0.3 - 1.2i & 2.04 + 0.0i & -5.9 - 0.1i \\ -4.0 - 3.0i & -4.7 + 2.1i & -5.9 + 0.1i & 6.0 + 0.0i \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 2.0 + 1.0i \\ 2.0 + 3.0i \\ 0.2 - 1.0i \\ -1.0 - 2.0i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zher (f16spc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{

  /* Scalars */
  double alpha, beta;
  Integer exit_status, i, incx, j, n, pda, xlen;

  /* Arrays */
  Complex *a = 0, *x = 0;
  char nag_enum_arg[40];

  /* Nag Types */
  NagError fail;
  Nag_OrderType order;
  Nag_UploType uplo;
  Nag_MatrixType matrix;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
  order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
  order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

  exit_status = 0;
  INIT_FAIL(fail);

  printf("nag_zher (f16spc) Example Program Results\n\n");

  /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif

  /* Read the problem dimension */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &n);
#else
  scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &n);
#endif

  /* Read the uplo storage parameter */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
  scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
  /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
   * Converts NAG enum member name to value
   */
  uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
```

```
  /* Read scalar parameters */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%lf%lf%*[^\n] ", &alpha, &beta);
#else
  scanf("%lf%lf%*[^\n] ", &alpha, &beta);
#endif
  /* Read increment parameter */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &incx);
#else
  scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &incx);
#endif

  pda = n;

  xlen = MAX(1, 1 + (n - 1) * ABS(incx));

  if (n > 0) {
    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(pda * n, Complex)) || !(x = NAG_ALLOC(xlen, Complex)))
    {
      printf("Allocation failure\n");
      exit_status = -1;
      goto END;
    }
  }
  else {
    printf("Invalid n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
  }

  /* Input matrix A and vector x */

  if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
      for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#else
        scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
      scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
      scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
    }
  }
  else {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
      for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#else
        scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
      scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
      scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
    }
  }
  for (i = 0; i < xlen; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )%*[^\n] ", &x[i].re, &x[i].im);
#else
    scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )%*[^\n] ", &x[i].re, &x[i].im);
#endif
```

```
  /* nag_zher (f16spc).
   * Rank one update of complex Hermitian matrix.
   *
   */
  nag_zher(order, uplo, n, alpha, x, incx, beta, a, pda, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_zher.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }

  if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    matrix = Nag_UpperMatrix;
  }
  else {
    matrix = Nag_LowerMatrix;
  }
  /* Print updated matrix A */
  /* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
   * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
   */
  fflush(stdout);
  nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, matrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n, a,
                                pda, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                                "Updated Matrix A", Nag_IntegerLabels,
                                0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s"
           "\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }

END:
  NAG_FREE(a);
  NAG_FREE(x);

  return exit_status;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_zher (f16spc) Example Program Data
  4                          :Value of n
  Nag_Lower                  :Storage of A
 -1.0 1.0                    :Values of alpha and beta
  1                          :Value of incx
 ( 4.0, 0.0)
 ( 7.0, 4.0) (14.0, 0.0)
 (-0.6,-2.2) ( 0.3,-1.2) ( 2.04,0.0)
 (-4.0,-3.0) (-4.7, 2.1) (-5.9, 0.1) ( 6.0, 0.0) :End of matrix A
 ( 2.0, 1.0)
 ( 2.0, 3.0)
 ( 0.2,-1.0)
 (-1.0,-2.0)                                     :End of vector x
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_zher (f16spc) Example Program Results

 Updated Matrix A
                    1                  2                  3                  4
 1  (-1.0000, 0.0000)
 2  ( 0.0000, 0.0000)  ( 1.0000, 0.0000)
 3  ( 0.0000, 0.0000)  ( 2.9000, 1.4000)  ( 1.0000, 0.0000)
 4  ( 0.0000, 0.0000)  ( 3.3000, 3.1000)  (-7.7000, 1.5000)  ( 1.0000, 0.0000)
```