

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_dsbgv (f08uac)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_dsbgv (f08uac) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors of a real generalized symmetric-definite banded eigenproblem, of the form

$$Az = \lambda Bz,$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are symmetric and banded, and  $B$  is also positive definite.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_dsbgv (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_UploType uplo,
               Integer n, Integer ka, Integer kb, double ab[], Integer pdab,
               double bb[], Integer pdbb, double w[], double z[], Integer pdz,
               NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

The generalized symmetric-definite band problem

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$

is first reduced to a standard band symmetric problem

$$Cx = \lambda x,$$

where  $C$  is a symmetric band matrix, using Wilkinson's modification to Crawford's algorithm (see Crawford (1973) and Wilkinson (1977)). The symmetric eigenvalue problem is then solved for the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors, if required, which are then backtransformed to the eigenvectors of the original problem.

The eigenvectors are normalized so that the matrix of eigenvectors,  $Z$ , satisfies

$$Z^T A Z = \Lambda \quad \text{and} \quad Z^T B Z = I,$$

where  $\Lambda$  is the diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues.

### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Crawford C R (1973) Reduction of a band-symmetric generalized eigenvalue problem *Comm. ACM* **16** 41–44

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Wilkinson J H (1977) Some recent advances in numerical linear algebra *The State of the Art in Numerical Analysis* (ed D A H Jacobs) Academic Press

## 5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*  
*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.  
*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.
- 2: **job** – Nag\_JobType *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.  
**job** = Nag\_EigVals  
 Only eigenvalues are computed.  
**job** = Nag\_DoBoth  
 Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.  
*Constraint:* **job** = Nag\_EigVals or Nag\_DoBoth.
- 3: **uplo** – Nag\_UploType *Input*  
*On entry:* if **uplo** = Nag\_Upper, the upper triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.  
 If **uplo** = Nag\_Lower, the lower triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.  
*Constraint:* **uplo** = Nag\_Upper or Nag\_Lower.
- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrices  $A$  and  $B$ .  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 5: **ka** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* if **uplo** = Nag\_Upper, the number of superdiagonals,  $k_a$ , of the matrix  $A$ .  
 If **uplo** = Nag\_Lower, the number of subdiagonals,  $k_a$ , of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $ka \geq 0$ .
- 6: **kb** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* if **uplo** = Nag\_Upper, the number of superdiagonals,  $k_b$ , of the matrix  $B$ .  
 If **uplo** = Nag\_Lower, the number of subdiagonals,  $k_b$ , of the matrix  $B$ .  
*Constraint:*  $ka \geq kb \geq 0$ .
- 7: **ab**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ab** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pdab} \times \mathbf{n})$ .  
*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  symmetric band matrix  $A$ .  
 This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements of  $A_{ij}$ , depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:  
 if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $k_a + i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = \max(1, j - k_a), \dots, j$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = j, \dots, \min(n, j + k_a)$ ;

if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab** $[j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = i, \dots, \min(n, i + k_a)$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab** $[k_a + j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = \max(1, i - k_a), \dots, i$ .

*On exit:* the contents of **ab** are overwritten.

8: **pdab** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix  $A$  in the array **ab**.

*Constraint:* **pdab**  $\geq$  **ka** + 1.

9: **bb** $[dim]$  – double *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension,  $dim$ , of the array **bb** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pddb} \times \mathbf{n})$ .

*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  symmetric band matrix  $B$ .

This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements of  $B_{ij}$ , depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $B_{ij}$  is stored in **bb** $[k_b + i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pddb}]$ , for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = \max(1, j - k_b), \dots, j$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $B_{ij}$  is stored in **bb** $[i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pddb}]$ , for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = j, \dots, \min(n, j + k_b)$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $B_{ij}$  is stored in **bb** $[j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pddb}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = i, \dots, \min(n, i + k_b)$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $B_{ij}$  is stored in **bb** $[k_b + j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pddb}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = \max(1, i - k_b), \dots, i$ .

*On exit:* the factor  $S$  from the split Cholesky factorization  $B = S^T S$ , as returned by nag\_dpbstf (f08ufc).

10: **pddb** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix  $B$  in the array **bb**.

*Constraint:* **pddb**  $\geq$  **kb** + 1.

11: **w** $[n]$  – double *Output*

*On exit:* the eigenvalues in ascending order.

12: **z** $[dim]$  – double *Output*

**Note:** the dimension,  $dim$ , of the array **z** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **job** = Nag\_DoBoth;  
 1 otherwise.

The  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $Z$  is stored in

**z** $[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + i - 1]$  when **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
**z** $[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + j - 1]$  when **order** = Nag\_RowMajor.

On exit: if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, **z** contains the matrix  $Z$  of eigenvectors, with the  $i$ th column of  $Z$  holding the eigenvector associated with  $\mathbf{w}[i-1]$ . The eigenvectors are normalized so that  $Z^T B Z = I$ .

If **job** = Nag\_EigVals, **z** is not referenced.

13: **pdz** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.

Constraints:

if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, **pdz**  $\geq$   $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
otherwise **pdz**  $\geq$  1.

14: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.2.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_CONVERGENCE

The algorithm failed to converge;  $\langle value \rangle$  off-diagonal elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **job** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pdz** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, **pdz**  $\geq$   $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
otherwise **pdz**  $\geq$  1.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **ka** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **ka**  $\geq$  0.

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **n**  $\geq$  0.

On entry, **pdab** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdab**  $>$  0.

On entry, **pdbb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdbb**  $>$  0.

On entry, **pdz** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdz**  $>$  0.

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **ka** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **kb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **ka**  $\geq$  **kb**  $\geq$  0.

On entry, **pdab** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **ka** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdab**  $\geq$  **ka** + 1.

On entry, **pdbb** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **kb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdbb**  $\geq$  **kb** + 1.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.6.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_MAT\_NOT\_POS\_DEF

If **fail.errnum** = **n** +  $\langle value \rangle$ , for  $1 \leq \langle value \rangle \leq \mathbf{n}$ , then nag\_dpbstf (f08ufc) returned **fail.errnum** =  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $B$  is not positive definite. The factorization of  $B$  could not be completed and no eigenvalues or eigenvectors were computed.

### NE\_NO\_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.6.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

## 7 Accuracy

If  $B$  is ill-conditioned with respect to inversion, then the error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and vectors may be large, although when the diagonal elements of  $B$  differ widely in magnitude the eigenvalues and eigenvectors may be less sensitive than the condition of  $B$  would suggest. See Section 4.10 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for details of the error bounds.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

nag\_dsbgv (f08uac) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag\_dsbgv (f08uac) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to  $n^3$  if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth and, assuming that  $n \gg k_a$ , is approximately proportional to  $n^2 k_a$  otherwise.

The complex analogue of this function is nag\_zhbgv (f08unc).

## 10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues of the generalized band symmetric eigenproblem  $Az = \lambda Bz$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.24 & 0.39 & 0.42 & 0 \\ 0.39 & -0.11 & 0.79 & 0.63 \\ 0.42 & 0.79 & -0.25 & 0.48 \\ 0 & 0.63 & 0.48 & -0.03 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 0.95 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.95 & 1.69 & -0.29 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.29 & 0.65 & -0.33 \\ 0 & 0 & -0.33 & 1.17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

## 10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_dsbgv (f08uac) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, j, ka, kb, n, pdab, pddb, pdz, zsize;
    Integer exit_status = 0;

    /* Arrays */
    double *ab = 0, *bb = 0, *w = 0, *z = 0;
    char nag_enum_arg[40];

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError fail;
    Nag_UploType uplo;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_JobType job;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define AB_UPPER(I, J) ab[(J-1)*pdab + ka + I - J]
#define AB_LOWER(I, J) ab[(J-1)*pdab + I - J]
#define BB_UPPER(I, J) bb[(J-1)*pddb + kb + I - J]
#define BB_LOWER(I, J) bb[(J-1)*pddb + I - J]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define AB_UPPER(I, J) ab[(I-1)*pdab + J - I]
#define AB_LOWER(I, J) ab[(I-1)*pdab + ka + J - I]
#define BB_UPPER(I, J) bb[(I-1)*pddb + J - I]
#define BB_LOWER(I, J) bb[(I-1)*pddb + kb + J - I]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_dsbgv (f08uac) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", &n, &ka, &kb);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", &n, &ka, &kb);
#endif
    if (n < 0 || ka < kb || kb < 0) {
        printf("Invalid n, ka or kb\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s(" %39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf(" %39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg);

```

```

#endif
/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
scanf("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
job = (Nag_JobType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
if (job == Nag_EigVals) {
    zsize = 1;
    pdz = 1;
}
else {
    zsize = n * n;
    pdz = n;
}

pdab = ka + 1;
pdbb = kb + 1;
/* Allocate memory */
if (!(ab = NAG_ALLOC((ka + 1) * n, double)) ||
    !(bb = NAG_ALLOC((kb + 1) * n, double)) ||
    !(z = NAG_ALLOC(zsize, double)) || !(w = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read the triangular parts of the matrices A and B from data file */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i + ka, n); ++j)
            scanf_s("%lf", &AB_UPPER(i, j));
#else
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i + ka, n); ++j)
            scanf("%lf", &AB_UPPER(i, j));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i + kb, n); ++j)
            scanf_s("%lf", &BB_UPPER(i, j));
#else
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i + kb, n); ++j)
            scanf("%lf", &BB_UPPER(i, j));
#endif
    }
    else {
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
            for (j = MAX(1, i - ka); j <= i; ++j)
                scanf_s("%lf", &AB_LOWER(i, j));
#else
            for (j = MAX(1, i - ka); j <= i; ++j)
                scanf("%lf", &AB_LOWER(i, j));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
            scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)

```

```

#ifdef _WIN32
    for (j = MAX(1, i - kb); j <= i; ++j)
        scanf_s("%lf", &BB_LOWER(i, j));
#else
    for (j = MAX(1, i - kb); j <= i; ++j)
        scanf("%lf", &BB_LOWER(i, j));
#endif
}
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif

/* Solve the generalized symmetric band eigenvalue problem  $Ax = \lambda Bx$ 
 * using nag_dsbgv (f08uac).
 */
nag_dsbgv(order, job, uplo, n, ka, kb, ab, pdab, bb, pbb, w, z, pdz,
          &fail);

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_dsbgv (f08uac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print eigensolution */
printf(" Eigenvalues\n    ");
for (j = 0; j < n; ++j)
    printf(" %9.4f%s", w[j], j % 6 == 5 ? "\n" : " ");
printf("\n");

if (job == Nag_DoBoth) {
    /* nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac): Print Matrix of eigenvectors Z. */
    printf("\n");
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
                          z, pdz, "Eigenvectors (by Column)", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
    }
}
}

END:
    NAG_FREE(ab);
    NAG_FREE(bb);
    NAG_FREE(z);
    NAG_FREE(w);

    return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

nag\_dsbgv (f08uac) Example Program Data

```

4      2      1          : n, ka and kb

Nag_Upper          : uplo
Nag_EigVals        : job (=Nag_DoBoth for eigenvectors)

0.24   0.39   0.42
      -0.11   0.79   0.63
          -0.25   0.48

```



```
                -0.03 : matrix A
2.07   0.95
      1.69 -0.29
                0.65 -0.33
                1.17 : matrix B
```

### **10.3 Program Results**

nag\_dsbgv (f08uac) Example Program Results

```
Eigenvalues
  -0.8305   -0.6401    0.0992    1.8525
```

---