

NAG Library Routine Document

S18CTF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

S18CTF returns an array of values of the scaled modified Bessel function $e^{-|x|}I_1(x)$.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE S18CTF (N, X, F, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          N, IFAIL
  REAL (KIND=nag_wp) X(N), F(N)
```

3 Description

S18CTF evaluates an approximation to $e^{-|x_i|}I_1(x_i)$, where I_1 is a modified Bessel function of the first kind for an array of arguments x_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. The scaling factor $e^{-|x|}$ removes most of the variation in $I_1(x)$.

The routine uses the same Chebyshev expansions as S18ATF, which returns an array of the unscaled values of $I_1(x)$.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

5 Arguments

- | | | |
|----|---|---------------------|
| 1: | N – INTEGER | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> n , the number of points. | |
| | <i>Constraint:</i> $N \geq 0$. | |
| 2: | X(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> the argument x_i of the function, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$. | |
| 3: | F(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array | <i>Output</i> |
| | <i>On exit:</i> $e^{- x_i }I_1(x_i)$, the function values. | |
| 4: | IFAIL – INTEGER | <i>Input/Output</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> IFAIL must be set to 0, –1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this argument you should refer to Section 3.4 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for details. | |
| | For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value –1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this argument, the recommended value is 0. When the value –1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit. | |
| | <i>On exit:</i> IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6). | |

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry `IFAIL = 0` or `-1`, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by `X04AAF`).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

`IFAIL = 1`

On entry, $N = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

`IFAIL = -99`

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.9 in *How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation* for further information.

`IFAIL = -399`

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.8 in *How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation* for further information.

`IFAIL = -999`

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in *How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation* for further information.

7 Accuracy

Relative errors in the argument are attenuated when propagated into the function value. When the accuracy of the argument is essentially limited by the *machine precision*, the accuracy of the function value will be similarly limited by at most a small multiple of the *machine precision*.

8 Parallelism and Performance

S18CTF is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example reads values of `X` from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x_i and prints the results.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program s18ctfe

!      S18CTF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, s18ctf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
!      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..

```

```

Integer                                :: i, ifail, n
! .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable        :: f(:), x(:)
! .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'S18CTF Example Program Results'

! Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

Write (nout,*)
Write (nout,*) '      X      F'
Write (nout,*)

Read (nin,*) n

Allocate (x(n),f(n))

Read (nin,*) x(1:n)

ifail = 0
Call s18ctf(n,x,f,ifail)

Do i = 1, n
  Write (nout,99999) x(i), f(i)
End Do

99999 Format (1X,1P,2E12.3,I5)
End Program s18ctfe

```

10.2 Program Data

S18CTF Example Program Data

8

0.0 0.5 1.0 3.0 6.0 10.0 1000.0 -1.0

10.3 Program Results

S18CTF Example Program Results

X	F
0.000E+00	0.000E+00
5.000E-01	1.564E-01
1.000E+00	2.079E-01
3.000E+00	1.968E-01
6.000E+00	1.521E-01
1.000E+01	1.213E-01
1.000E+03	1.261E-02
-1.000E+00	-2.079E-01
