

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F06ZTF (ZSYMM)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F06ZTF (ZSYMM) performs one of the matrix-matrix operations

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C \quad \text{or} \quad C \leftarrow \alpha BA + \beta C,$$

where  $A$  is a complex symmetric matrix,  $B$  and  $C$  are  $m$  by  $n$  complex matrices, and  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are complex scalars.

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F06ZTF (SIDE, UPLO, M, N, ALPHA, A, LDA, B, LDB, BETA, C,      &
                  LDC)
```

```
INTEGER                M, N, LDA, LDB, LDC
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) ALPHA, A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*), BETA, C(LDC,*)
CHARACTER(1)          SIDE, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its BLAS name *zsymm*.

### 3 Description

None.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Arguments

- 1: SIDE – CHARACTER(1) *Input*
- On entry:* specifies whether  $B$  is operated on from the left or the right.
- SIDE = 'L'  
 $B$  is pre-multiplied from the left.
- SIDE = 'R'  
 $B$  is post-multiplied from the right.
- Constraint:* SIDE = 'L' or 'R'.
- 2: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*
- On entry:* specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.
- UPLO = 'U'  
The upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored.
- UPLO = 'L'  
The lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.
- Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

- 3: M – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $m$ , the number of rows of the matrices  $B$  and  $C$ ; the order of  $A$  if SIDE = 'L'.  
*Constraint:*  $M \geq 0$ .
- 4: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of columns of the matrices  $B$  and  $C$ ; the order of  $A$  if SIDE = 'R'.  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 5: ALPHA – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) *Input*  
*On entry:* the scalar  $\alpha$ .
- 6: A(LDA,\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array  $A$  must be at least  $\max(1, M)$  if SIDE = 'L' and at least  $\max(1, N)$  if SIDE = 'R'.  
*On entry:* the symmetric matrix  $A$ ;  $A$  is  $m$  by  $m$  if SIDE = 'L', or  $n$  by  $n$  if SIDE = 'R'.  
 If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of  $A$  must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.  
 If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of  $A$  must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.
- 7: LDA – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $A$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F06ZTF (ZSYMM) is called.  
*Constraints:*  
 if SIDE = 'L',  $LDA \geq \max(1, M)$ ;  
 if SIDE = 'R',  $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 8: B(LDB,\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array  $B$  must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $m$  by  $n$  matrix  $B$ .
- 9: LDB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $B$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F06ZTF (ZSYMM) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDB \geq \max(1, M)$ .
- 10: BETA – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) *Input*  
*On entry:* the scalar  $\beta$ .
- 11: C(LDC,\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array  $C$  must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $m$  by  $n$  matrix  $C$ .  
 If BETA = 0,  $C$  need not be set.  
*On exit:* the updated matrix  $C$ .

12: LDC – INTEGER

*Input*

*On entry:* the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which F06ZTF (ZSYMM) is called.

*Constraint:*  $LDC \geq \max(1, M)$ .

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F06ZTF (ZSYMM) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

None.

## 10 Example

None.

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