NAG Library Routine Document

G13DMF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G13DMF calculates the sample cross-correlation (or cross-covariance) matrices of a multivariate time series.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G13DMF (MATRIX, K, N, M, W, KMAX, WMEAN, RO, R, IFAIL)

INTEGER

K, N, M, KMAX, IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) W(KMAX,N), WMEAN(K), RO(KMAX,K), R(KMAX,KMAX,M)

CHARACTER(1) MATRIX
```

3 Description

Let $W_t = (w_{1t}, w_{2t}, \dots, w_{kt})^T$, for $t = 1, 2, \dots, n$, denote n observations of a vector of k time series. The sample cross-covariance matrix at lag l is defined to be the k by k matrix $\hat{C}(l)$, whose (i, j)th element is given by

$$\hat{C}_{ij}(l) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=l+1}^{n} \left(w_{i(t-l)} - \bar{w}_i \right) \left(w_{jt} - \bar{w}_j \right), \quad l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m, \ i = 1, 2, \dots, k \ \text{and} \ j = 1, 2, \dots, k,$$

where \bar{w}_i and \bar{w}_j denote the sample means for the *i*th and *j*th series respectively. The sample cross-correlation matrix at lag *l* is defined to be the *k* by *k* matrix $\hat{R}(l)$, whose (i, j)th element is given by

$$\hat{R}_{ij}(l) = \frac{\hat{C}_{ij}(l)}{\sqrt{\hat{C}_{ii}(0)\hat{C}_{jj}(0)}}, \quad l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, m, \ i = 1, 2, \dots, k \ \text{and} \ j = 1, 2, \dots, k.$$

The number of lags, m, is usually taken to be at most n/4.

If W_t follows a vector moving average model of order q, then it can be shown that the theoretical cross-correlation matrices (R(l)) are zero beyond lag q. In order to help spot a possible cut-off point, the elements of $\hat{R}(l)$ are usually compared to their approximate standard error of $1/\sqrt{n}$. For further details see, for example, Wei (1990).

The routine uses a single pass through the data to compute the means and the cross-covariance matrix at lag zero. The cross-covariance matrices at further lags are then computed on a second pass through the data.

4 References

Wei W W S (1990) Time Series Analysis: Univariate and Multivariate Methods Addison-Wesley

West D H D (1979) Updating mean and variance estimates: An improved method *Comm. ACM* **22** 532–555

5 Parameters

1: MATRIX - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether the cross-covariance or cross-correlation matrices are to be computed.

MATRIX = 'V'

The cross-covariance matrices are computed.

MATRIX = 'R'

The cross-correlation matrices are computed.

Constraint: MATRIX = 'V' or 'R'.

2: K – INTEGER Input

On entry: k, the dimension of the multivariate time series.

Constraint: $K \ge 1$.

3: N – INTEGER

On entry: n, the number of observations in the series.

Constraint: $N \ge 2$.

4: M - INTEGER

On entry: m, the number of cross-correlation (or cross-covariance) matrices to be computed. If in doubt set M = 10. However it should be noted that M is usually taken to be at most N/4.

Constraint: $1 \le M < N$.

5: W(KMAX, N) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Input

On entry: W(i, t) must contain the observation w_{it} , for i = 1, 2, ..., k and t = 1, 2, ..., n.

6: KMAX – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the arrays W, R0 and R and the second dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G13DMF is called.

Constraint: $KMAX \ge K$.

7: WMEAN(K) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the means, \bar{w}_i , for i = 1, 2, ..., k.

8: R0(KMAX, K) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: if $i \neq j$, then R0(i,j) contains an estimate of the (i,j)th element of the cross-correlation (or cross-covariance) matrix at lag zero, $\hat{R}_{ij}(0)$; if i=j, then if MATRIX = 'V', R0(i,i) contains the variance of the ith series, $\hat{C}_{ii}(0)$, and if MATRIX = 'R', R0(i,i) contains the standard deviation of the ith series, $\sqrt{\hat{C}_{ii}(0)}$.

If IFAIL = 2 and MATRIX = 'R', then on exit all the elements in R0 whose computation involves the zero variance are set to zero.

9: R(KMAX, KMAX, M) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: R(i, j, l) contains an estimate of the (i, j)th element of the cross-correlation (or cross-covariance) at lag l, $\hat{R}_{ij}(l)$, for l = 1, 2, ..., m, i = 1, 2, ..., k and j = 1, 2, ..., k.

If IFAIL = 2 and MATRIX = 'R', then on exit all the elements in R whose computation involves the zero variance are set to zero.

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10: IFAIL - INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

```
On entry, MATRIX \neq 'V' or 'R', or K < 1, or N < 2, or M < 1, or M \ge N, or KMAX < K.
```

IFAIL = 2

On entry, at least one of the k series is such that all its elements are practically equal giving zero (or near zero) variance. In this case if MATRIX = 'R' all the correlations in R0 and R involving this variance are set to zero.

```
IFAIL = -99
```

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.8 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

```
IFAIL = -399
```

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.7 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

```
IFAIL = -999
```

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

For a discussion of the accuracy of the one-pass algorithm used to compute the sample cross-covariances at lag zero see West (1979). For the other lags a two-pass algorithm is used to compute the cross-covariances; the accuracy of this algorithm is also discussed in West (1979). The accuracy of the cross-correlations will depend on the accuracy of the computed cross-covariances.

8 Parallelism and Performance

G13DMF is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

G13DMF makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The time taken is roughly proportional to mnk^2 .

10 Example

This program computes the sample cross-correlation matrices of two time series of length 48, up to lag 10. It also prints the cross-correlation matrices together with plots of symbols indicating which elements of the correlation matrices are significant. Three * represent significance at the 0.5% level, two * represent significance at the 1% level and a single * represents significance at the 5% level. The * are plotted above or below the line depending on whether the elements are significant in the positive or negative direction.

10.1 Program Text

```
G13DMF Example Program Text
   Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
    Module g13dmfe_mod
      G13DMF Example Program Module:
             Parameters and User-defined Routines
1
      .. Use Statements .
1
     Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!
      .. Accessibility Statements ..
     Private
     Public
                                            :: cprint
      .. Parameters ..
1
     Integer, Parameter, Public
                                            :: nin = 5, nout = 6
   Contains
     Subroutine cprint(k,n,ldr,m,wmean,r0,r,nout)
        .. Use Statements ..
       Use nag_library, Only: x04cbf
!
       .. Scalar Arguments ..
       Integer, Intent (In)
                                              :: k, ldr, m, n, nout
       .. Array Arguments .. Real (Kind=nag_wp), Intent (In)
!
                                              :: r(ldr,ldr,m), r0(ldr,k),
                                                 wmean(k)
        .. Local Scalars ..
!
        Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                              :: c1, c2, c3, c5, c6, c7,
                                                 inv_sqrt_n, sum
                                              :: i, i2, ifail, j, 1, 11
        Integer
        .. Local Arrays ..
1
                                              :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)
        Character (1)
       Character (79)
                                              :: rec(7)
!
        .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
       Intrinsic
                                              :: real, sqrt
!
        .. Executable Statements ..
       Print the correlation matrices and indicator symbols.
        inv_sqrt_n = 1.0E0_nag_wp/sqrt(real(n,kind=nag_wp))
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) ' THE MEANS'
        Write (nout,*) ' -----'
```

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```
Write (nout, 99999) wmean(1:k)
       Write (nout,*)
       Write (nout,*) ' CROSS-CORRELATION MATRICES'
       Write (nout,*) ' -----'
       Write (nout,99998) ' Lag = ', 0
       Flush (nout)
       ifail = 0
       Call x04cbf('G','N',k,k,r0,ldr,'F9.3',' ','N',rlabs,'N',clabs,80,5, &
          ifail)
       Do 1 = 1, m
         Write (nout,99998) ' Lag = ', 1
         Flush (nout)
          ifail = 0
         Call x04cbf('G','N',k,k,r(1,1,1),ldr,'F9.3',' ','N',rlabs,'N',clabs, &
           80,5,ifail)
       End Do
!
       Print indicator symbols to indicate significant elements.
       Write (nout, 99997) ' Standard error = 1 / SQRT(N) =', inv_sqrt_n
       Write (nout,*)
       Write (nout, *) ' TABLES OF INDICATOR SYMBOLS'
       Write (nout,*) ' -----'
       Write (nout,99998) ' For Lags 1 to ', m
1
       Set up annotation for the plots.
       Write (rec(1),99996) '
                                           0.005 :'
                                                  : '
       Write (rec(2),99996) '
                                           0.01
       Write (rec(3),99996) '
                                           0.05
       Write (rec(4)(1:23),99996) ' Sig. Level
                                                        :′
       Write (rec(4)(24:),99996) '-----
                                                       Lags'
                                           0.05 :'
0.01 :'
       Write (rec(5),99996) '
       Write (rec(6),99996) '
       Write (rec(7),99996) '
                                           0.005 :'
       Set up the critical values
       c1 = 3.29E0_nag_wp*inv_sqrt_n
       c2 = 2.58E0_nag_wp*inv_sqrt_n
       c3 = 1.96E0_nag_wp*inv_sqrt_n
       c5 = -c3
       c6 = -c2
       c7 = -c1
       Do i = 1, k
          Do j = 1, k
           Write (nout,*)
           If (i==j) Then
             Write (nout,99995) ' Auto-correlation function for', ' series ', &
           Else
             Write (nout,99994) 'Cross-correlation function for', &
               ' series ', i, ' and series', j
           End If
           Do 1 = 1, m

11 = 23 + 2*1
             sum = r(i,j,1)
             Clear the last plot with blanks
             Do i2 = 1, 7
               If (i2/=4) Then
                 rec(i2)(11:11) = ' '
               End If
             End Do
             Check for significance
!
             If (sum>c1) Then
               rec(1)(11:11) = '*'
             End If
             If (sum>c2) Then
               rec(2)(11:11) = '*'
             End If
             If (sum>c3) Then
```

```
rec(3)(11:11) = '*'
              End If
              If (sum<c5) Then
                rec(5)(11:11) = '*'
              End If
              If (sum < c6) Then
                rec(6)(11:11) = '*'
              End If
              If (sum<c7) Then
                rec(7)(11:11) = '*'
              End If
            End Do
!
            Print
            Write (nout, 99996)(rec(i2), i2=1,7)
          End Do
        End Do
        Return
99999
       Format (/1X, 2(2X, F9.3))
       Format (/1X,A,I2)
99998
99997
        Format (/1X,A,F6.3,A)
       Format (1X,A)
99996
99995 Format (//1X,A,A,I2/)
       Format (//1X,A,A,I2,A,I2/)
99994
      End Subroutine cprint
    End Module g13dmfe_mod
    Program g13dmfe
      G13DMF Example Main Program
!
      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: g13dmf, nag_wp
Use g13dmfe_mod, Only: cprint, nin, nout
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
      .. Local Scalars ..
                                             :: i, ifail, k, kmax, m, n
      Integer
      Character (1)
                                             :: matrix
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable
                                             :: r(:,:,:), r0(:,:), w(:,:),
                                                wmean(:)
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'G13DMF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
      Skip heading in data file
!
      Read (nin,*)
      {\tt Read\ in\ the\ problem\ size}
      Read (nin,*) k, n, m, matrix
      Allocate (w(kmax,n),r0(kmax,k),wmean(k),r(kmax,kmax,m))
      Read in series
      Do i = 1, k
       Read (nin,*) w(i,1:n)
      End Do
      Calculate sample cross-correlation matrices
      ifail = 0
      Call g13dmf(matrix,k,n,m,w,kmax,wmean,r0,r,ifail)
      Display results
      Call cprint(k,n,kmax,m,wmean,r0,r,nout)
    End Program g13dmfe
```

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10.2 Program Data

```
G13DMF Example Program Data
2 48 10 'R' :: K,N,M,MATRIX
-1.490 -1.620 5.200 6.230 6.210 5.860 4.090 3.180
2.620 1.490 1.170 0.850 -0.350 0.240 2.440 2.580
2.040 0.400 2.260 3.340 5.090 5.000 4.780 4.110
3.450 1.650 1.290 4.090 6.320 7.500 3.890 1.580
5.210 5.250 4.930 7.380 5.870 5.810 9.680 9.070
7.290 7.840 7.550 7.320 7.970 7.760 7.000 8.350
7.340 6.350 6.960 8.540 6.620 4.970 4.550 4.810
4.750 4.760 10.880 10.010 11.620 10.360 6.400 6.240
7.930 4.040 3.730 5.600 5.350 6.810 8.270 7.680
6.650 6.080 10.250 9.140 17.750 13.300 9.630 6.800
4.080 5.060 4.940 6.650 7.940 10.760 11.890 5.850
9.010 7.500 10.020 10.380 8.150 8.370 10.730 12.140 :: End of W
```

10.3 Program Results

G13DMF Example Program Results

```
THE MEANS
    4.370
             7.868
CROSS-CORRELATION MATRICES
Lag = 0
        2.818 0.249
        0.249
               2.815
Lag = 1
        0.736
               0.174
                0.555
        0.211
Lag = 2
        0.456
               0.076
        0.069
               0.260
Lag = 3
        0.379
               0.014
        0.026
               -0.038
Lag = 4
        0.322
                0.110
        0.093
               -0.236
Lag = 5
        0.341
                0.269
        0.087
                -0.250
Lag = 6
        0.363
                0.344
        0.132
               -0.227
Lag = 7
        0.280
                0.425
        0.207
               -0.128
Lag = 8
        0.248
                0.522
        0.197
                -0.085
Lag = 9
        0.240
                0.266
        0.254
                 0.075
```

```
Lag = 10
        0.162 -0.020
0.267 0.005
Standard error = 1 / SQRT(N) = 0.144
TABLES OF INDICATOR SYMBOLS
For Lags 1 to 10
Auto-correlation function for series 1
             0.005 : *
           0.01 : * * *
0.05 : * * * * *
  Sig. Level
                   : - - - - - - Lags
            0.05 :
            0.01
             0.01 :
0.005 :
Cross-correlation function for series 1 and series 2
            0.005 :
           0.01 :
                            * * *
             0.05 :
                   : - - - - - - Lags
  Sig. Level
            0.05 :
            0.01
             0.005 :
Cross-correlation function for series \ 2 and series \ 1
             0.005 :
            0.01 :
            0.05 :
             : - - - - - - Lags
  Sig. Level
            0.05 :
0.01 :
             0.005 :
Auto-correlation function for series 2
             0.005 : *
            0.01 : *
0.05 : *
  Sig. Level
                   : - - - - - - Lags
            0.05 :
             0.01
             0.01 :
0.005 :
```

G13DMF.8 (last)

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