

NAG Library Routine Document

G05PYF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05PYF generates a random correlation matrix with given eigenvalues.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05PYF (N, D, EPS, STATE, C, LDC, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          N, STATE(*), LDC, IFAIL
  REAL (KIND=nag_wp) D(N), EPS, C(LDC,N)
```

3 Description

Given n eigenvalues, $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$, such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i = n$$

and

$$\lambda_i \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n,$$

G05PYF will generate a random correlation matrix, C , of dimension n , with eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$.

The method used is based on that described by Lin and Bendel (1985). Let D be the diagonal matrix with values $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$ and let A be a random orthogonal matrix generated by G05PXF then the matrix $C_0 = ADA^T$ is a random covariance matrix with eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$. The matrix C_0 is transformed into a correlation matrix by means of $n - 1$ elementary rotation matrices P_i such that $C = P_{n-1}P_{n-2} \dots P_1C_0P_1^T \dots P_{n-2}^T P_{n-1}^T$. The restriction on the sum of eigenvalues implies that for any diagonal element of $C_0 > 1$, there is another diagonal element < 1 . The P_i are constructed from such pairs, chosen at random, to produce a unit diagonal element corresponding to the first element. This is repeated until all diagonal elements are 1 to within a given tolerance ϵ .

The randomness of C should be interpreted only to the extent that A is a random orthogonal matrix and C is computed from A using the P_i which are chosen as arbitrarily as possible.

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05PYF.

4 References

Lin S P and Bendel R B (1985) Algorithm AS 213: Generation of population correlation on matrices with specified eigenvalues *Appl. Statist.* **34** 193–198

5 Parameters

1: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the dimension of the correlation matrix to be generated.
Constraint: $N \geq 1$.

- 2: D(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
On entry: the n eigenvalues, λ_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.
Constraints:

$$D(i) \geq 0.0, \text{ for } i = 1, 2, \dots, n;$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n D(i) = n \text{ to within EPS.}$$
- 3: EPS – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: the maximum acceptable error in the diagonal elements.
Suggested value: EPS = 0.00001.
Constraint: EPS \geq N \times *machine precision* (see Chapter X02).
- 4: STATE(*) – INTEGER array *Communication Array*
Note: the actual argument supplied **must** be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.
On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.
On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.
- 5: C(LDC, N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Output*
On exit: a random correlation matrix, C , of dimension n .
- 6: LDC – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which G05PYF is called.
Constraint: LDC \geq N.
- 7: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.
 For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**
On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1 , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, N = *value*.

Constraint: N \geq 1.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, an eigenvalue is negative.

On entry, the eigenvalues do not sum to N.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, $EPS = \langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: $EPS \geq N \times \textit{machine precision}$.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, STATE vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

IFAIL = 5

The diagonals of the returned matrix are not unity, try increasing the value of EPS, or rerun the code using a different seed.

IFAIL = 6

On entry, $LDC = \langle value \rangle$ and $N = \langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: $LDC \geq N$.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.8 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.7 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

The maximum error in a diagonal element is given by EPS.

8 Parallelism and Performance

G05PYF is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

G05PYF makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by G05PYF is approximately proportional to n^2 .

10 Example

Following initialization of the pseudorandom number generator by a call to G05KFF, a 3 by 3 correlation matrix with eigenvalues of 0.7, 0.9 and 1.4 is generated and printed.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program g05pyfe

!      G05PYF Example Program Text

!      Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.

!      .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05pyf, nag_wp, x04caf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter          :: lseed = 1, nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: eps
Integer                    :: genid, ifail, ldc, lstate, n, subid
!      .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: c(:,,:), d(:)
Integer                    :: seed(lseed)
Integer, Allocatable       :: state(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'G05PYF Example Program Results'
Write (nout,*)
Flush (nout)

!      Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

!      Read in the base generator information and seed
Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1)

!      Initial call to initialiser to get size of STATE array
lstate = 0
Allocate (state(lstate))
ifail = 0
Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!      Reallocate STATE
Deallocate (state)
Allocate (state(lstate))

!      Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
ifail = 0
Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!      Read in the problem size and tolerance
Read (nin,*) n, eps

      ldc = n
      Allocate (c(ldc,n),d(n))

!      Read in the eigenvalues
Read (nin,*) d(1:n)

!      Generate the correlation matrix
ifail = 0
Call g05pyf(n,d,eps,state,c,ldc,ifail)

!      Display the results
ifail = 0
Call x04caf('General',' ',n,n,c,ldc,'Correlation Matrix',ifail)

End Program g05pyfe

```

10.2 Program Data

G05PYF Example Program Data

```
1 1 1762543      :: GENID,SUBID,SEED(1)
3 1.0E-5        :: N,EPS
0.7 0.9 1.4     :: D
```

10.3 Program Results

G05PYF Example Program Results

Correlation Matrix

	1	2	3
1	1.0000	-0.2549	-0.1004
2	-0.2549	1.0000	0.2343
3	-0.1004	0.2343	1.0000
