NAG Library Routine Document F08MEF (DBDSQR)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

Warning. The specification of the parameter WORK changed at Mark 20: the length of WORK needs to be increased.

1 Purpose

F08MEF (DBDSQR) computes the singular value decomposition of a real upper or lower bidiagonal matrix, or of a real general matrix which has been reduced to bidiagonal form.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8MEF (UPLO, N, NCVT, NRU, NCC, D, E, VT, LDVT, U, LDU, C, LDC, WORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, NCVT, NRU, NCC, LDVT, LDU, LDC, INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) D(*), E(*), VT(LDVT,*), U(LDU,*), C(LDC,*), WORK(*)
CHARACTER(1) UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dbdsqr.

3 Description

F08MEF (DBDSQR) computes the singular values and, optionally, the left or right singular vectors of a real upper or lower bidiagonal matrix B. In other words, it can compute the singular value decomposition (SVD) of B as

$$B = U \Sigma V^{\mathrm{T}}.$$

Here Σ is a diagonal matrix with real diagonal elements σ_i (the singular values of B), such that

$$\sigma_1 \geq \sigma_2 \geq \cdots \geq \sigma_n \geq 0;$$

U is an orthogonal matrix whose columns are the left singular vectors u_i ; V is an orthogonal matrix whose rows are the right singular vectors v_i . Thus

$$Bu_i = \sigma_i v_i$$
 and $B^{\mathsf{T}} v_i = \sigma_i u_i$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

To compute U and/or V^T , the arrays U and/or VT must be initialized to the unit matrix before F08MEF (DBDSQR) is called.

The routine may also be used to compute the SVD of a real general matrix A which has been reduced to bidiagonal form by an orthogonal transformation: $A = QBP^{T}$. If A is m by n with $m \ge n$, then Q is m by n and P^{T} is n by n; if A is n by p with n < p, then Q is n by n and P^{T} is n by p. In this case, the matrices Q and/or P^{T} must be formed explicitly by F08KFF (DORGBR) and passed to F08MEF (DBDSQR) in the arrays U and/or VT respectively.

F08MEF (DBDSQR) also has the capability of forming $U^{T}C$, where C is an arbitrary real matrix; this is needed when using the SVD to solve linear least squares problems.

F08MEF (DBDSQR) uses two different algorithms. If any singular vectors are required (i.e., if NCVT > 0 or NRU > 0 or NCC > 0), the bidiagonal QR algorithm is used, switching between zero-shift and implicitly shifted forms to preserve the accuracy of small singular values, and switching between QR and QL variants in order to handle graded matrices effectively (see Demmel and Kahan (1990)). If only singular values are required (i.e., if NCVT = NRU = NCC = 0), they are computed by the differential qd algorithm (see Fernando and Parlett (1994)), which is faster and can achieve even greater accuracy.

The singular vectors are normalized so that $||u_i|| = ||v_i|| = 1$, but are determined only to within a factor +1

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4 References

Demmel J W and Kahan W (1990) Accurate singular values of bidiagonal matrices SIAM J. Sci. Statist. Comput. 11 873–912

Fernando K V and Parlett B N (1994) Accurate singular values and differential qd algorithms *Numer*. *Math.* **67** 191–229

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether B is an upper or lower bidiagonal matrix.

UPLO = 'U'

B is an upper bidiagonal matrix.

UPLO = 'L'

B is a lower bidiagonal matrix.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N - INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix B.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

3: NCVT – INTEGER

Input

On entry: ncvt, the number of columns of the matrix V^T of right singular vectors. Set NCVT = 0 if no right singular vectors are required.

Constraint: $NCVT \ge 0$.

4: NRU – INTEGER

Input

On entry: nru, the number of rows of the matrix U of left singular vectors. Set NRU = 0 if no left singular vectors are required.

Constraint: NRU > 0.

5: NCC – INTEGER

Input

On entry: ncc, the number of columns of the matrix C. Set NCC = 0 if no matrix C is supplied. Constraint: $NCC \ge 0$.

6: $D(*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$

Input/Output

Note: the dimension of the array D must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the diagonal elements of the bidiagonal matrix B.

On exit: the singular values in decreasing order of magnitude, unless INFO > 0 (in which case see Section 6).

7: E(*) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the dimension of the array E must be at least max(1, N - 1).

On entry: the off-diagonal elements of the bidiagonal matrix B.

On exit: E is overwritten, but if INFO > 0 see Section 6.

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8: VT(LDVT, *) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array VT must be at least max(1, NCVT).

On entry: if NCVT > 0, VT must contain an n by ncvt matrix. If the right singular vectors of B are required, ncvt = n and VT must contain the unit matrix; if the right singular vectors of A are required, VT must contain the orthogonal matrix $P^{\rm T}$ returned by F08KFF (DORGBR) with VECT = 'P'.

On exit: the n by ncvt matrix V^{T} or $V^{T}P^{T}$ of right singular vectors, stored by rows.

If NCVT = 0, VT is not referenced.

9: LDVT – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VT as declared in the (sub)program from which F08MEF (DBDSQR) is called.

Constraints:

```
if NCVT > 0, LDVT \geq max(1, N); otherwise LDVT \geq 1.
```

10: $U(LDU, *) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp)$ array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array U must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: if NRU > 0, U must contain an nru by n matrix. If the left singular vectors of B are required, nru = n and U must contain the unit matrix; if the left singular vectors of A are required, U must contain the orthogonal matrix Q returned by F08KFF (DORGBR) with VECT = 'Q'.

On exit: the nru by n matrix U or QU of left singular vectors, stored as columns of the matrix. If NRU = 0, U is not referenced.

11: LDU - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array U as declared in the (sub)program from which F08MEF (DBDSQR) is called.

Constraint: LDU $\geq \max(1, NRU)$.

12: C(LDC, *) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array C must be at least max(1, NCC).

On entry: the n by ncc matrix C if NCC > 0.

On exit: C is overwritten by the matrix $U^{T}C$. If NCC = 0, C is not referenced.

13: LDC – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which F08MEF (DBDSQR) is called.

Constraints:

```
if NCC > 0, LDC \ge max(1, N); otherwise LDC \ge 1.
```

14: WORK(*) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least $max(1, 2 \times N)$ if NCVT = 0 and NRU = 0 and NCC = 0, and at least $max(1, 4 \times N)$ otherwise.

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15: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

The algorithm failed to converge and INFO specifies how many off-diagonals did not converge. In this case, D and E contain on exit the diagonal and off-diagonal elements, respectively, of a bidiagonal matrix orthogonally equivalent to B.

7 Accuracy

Each singular value and singular vector is computed to high relative accuracy. However, the reduction to bidiagonal form (prior to calling the routine) may exclude the possibility of obtaining high relative accuracy in the small singular values of the original matrix if its singular values vary widely in magnitude.

If σ_i is an exact singular value of B and $\tilde{\sigma}_i$ is the corresponding computed value, then

$$|\tilde{\sigma}_i - \sigma_i| \le p(m, n)\epsilon\sigma_i$$

where p(m,n) is a modestly increasing function of m and n, and ϵ is the **machine precision**. If only singular values are computed, they are computed more accurately (i.e., the function p(m,n) is smaller), than when some singular vectors are also computed.

If u_i is the corresponding exact left singular vector of B, and \tilde{u}_i is the corresponding computed left singular vector, then the angle $\theta(\tilde{u}_i, u_i)$ between them is bounded as follows:

$$\theta(\tilde{u}_i, u_i) \le \frac{p(m, n)\epsilon}{relgap_i}$$

where $relgap_i$ is the relative gap between σ_i and the other singular values, defined by

$$relgap_i = \min_{i
eq j} rac{\left|\sigma_i - \sigma_j
ight|}{\left(\sigma_i + \sigma_j
ight)}.$$

A similar error bound holds for the right singular vectors.

8 Parallelism and Performance

F08MEF (DBDSQR) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08MEF (DBDSQR) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

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9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is roughly proportional to n^2 if only the singular values are computed. About $6n^2 \times nru$ additional operations are required to compute the left singular vectors and about $6n^2 \times ncvt$ to compute the right singular vectors. The operations to compute the singular values must all be performed in scalar mode; the additional operations to compute the singular vectors can be vectorized and on some machines may be performed much faster.

The complex analogue of this routine is F08MSF (ZBDSQR).

10 Example

This example computes the singular value decomposition of the upper bidiagonal matrix B, where

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 3.62 & 1.26 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & -2.41 & -1.53 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & 1.92 & 1.19 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 & -1.43 \end{pmatrix}.$$

See also the example for F08KFF (DORGBR), which illustrates the use of the routine to compute the singular value decomposition of a general matrix.

10.1 Program Text

```
Program f08mefe
1
     FO8MEF Example Program Text
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
1
1
      .. Use Statements .
     Use nag_library, Only: dbdsqr, f06qhf, nag_wp, x04caf
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Parameter :: one = 1.0_nag_wp
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Parameter :: zero = 0.0_nag_wp
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
!
      .. Local Scalars ..
                                       :: ifail, info, ldc, ldu, ldvt, n
      Integer
     Character (1)
                                       :: uplo
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: c(:,:), d(:), e(:), u(:,:), vt(:,:), &
                                          work(:)
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8MEF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
!
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
     1dc = 1
      ldu = n
     ldvt = n
     Allocate (c(ldc,1),d(n),e(n-1),u(ldu,n),vt(ldvt,n),work(4*n))
     Read B from data file
!
     Read (nin,*) d(1:n)
     Read (nin,*) e(1:n-1)
     Read (nin,*) uplo
!
     Initialise U and VT to be the unit matrix
     Call f06qhf('General',n,n,zero,one,u,ldu)
     Call f06qhf('General',n,n,zero,one,vt,ldvt)
      Calculate the SVD of B
     The NAG name equivalent of dbdsqr is f08mef
```

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```
Call dbdsqr(uplo,n,n,n,0,d,e,vt,ldvt,u,ldu,c,ldc,work,info)
     Write (nout,*)
     If (info>0) Then
       Write (nout,*) 'Failure to converge.'
      Print singular values, left & right singular vectors
       Write (nout,*) 'Singular values'
       Write (nout,99999) d(1:n)
       Write (nout,*)
       Flush (nout)
       ifail: behaviour on error exit
              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
        ifail = 0
       Call x04caf('General',' ',n,n,vt,ldvt,'Right singular vectors, by row' &
          ,ifail)
       Write (nout,*)
       Flush (nout)
       ifail = 0
       Call x04caf('General',' ',n,n,u,ldu,'Left singular vectors, by column' &
          ,ifail)
     End If
99999 Format (3X,(8F8.4))
   End Program f08mefe
10.2 Program Data
FO8MEF Example Program Data
                              :Value of N
 3.62
               1.92 -1.43
       -2.41
 1.26
       -1.53
               1.19
                              :End of matrix B
  'U'
                              :Value of UPLO
10.3 Program Results
FO8MEF Example Program Results
Singular values
    4.0001 3.0006 1.9960 0.9998
Right singular vectors, by row
                 2
```

```
Singular values
4.0001 3.0006 1.9960 0.9998

Right singular vectors, by row
1 2 3 4
1 0.8261 0.5246 0.2024 0.0369
2 0.4512 -0.4056 -0.7350 -0.3030
3 0.2823 -0.5644 0.1731 0.7561
4 0.1852 -0.4916 0.6236 -0.5789

Left singular vectors, by column
1 2 3 4
1 0.9129 0.3740 0.1556 0.0512
2 -0.3935 0.7005 0.5489 0.2307
3 0.1081 -0.5904 0.6173 0.5086
4 -0.0132 0.1444 -0.5417 0.8280
```

F08MEF.6 (last)

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