

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F06GGF (ZSWAP)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F06GGF (ZSWAP) interchanges two  $n$ -element complex vectors  $x$  and  $y$ .

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F06GGF (N, X, INCX, Y, INCY)
  INTEGER          N, INCX, INCY
  COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) X(*), Y(*)
```

The routine may be called by its BLAS name *zswap*.

### 3 Description

F06GGF (ZSWAP) interchanges the elements of complex vectors  $x$  and  $y$  scattered with stride INCX and INCY respectively.

### 4 References

Lawson C L, Hanson R J, Kincaid D R and Krogh F T (1979) Basic linear algebra subprograms for Fortran usage *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **5** 308–325

### 5 Parameters

- 1: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of elements in  $x$  and  $y$ .
- 2: X(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array X must be at least  $\max(1, 1 + (N - 1) \times |\text{INCX}|)$ .  
*On entry:* the original vector  $x$ .  
 If  $\text{INCX} > 0$ ,  $x_i$  must be stored in  $X(1 + (i - 1) \times \text{INCX})$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ .  
 If  $\text{INCX} \leq 0$ ,  $x_i$  must be stored in  $X(1 + (N - i) \times \text{INCX})$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ .  
*On exit:* the original vector  $y$  stored in the array elements used to store the original vector  $x$ . Intermediate elements of X are unchanged.
- 3: INCX – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the increment in the subscripts of X between successive elements of  $x$ .
- 4: Y(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array Y must be at least  $\max(1, 1 + (N - 1) \times |\text{INCY}|)$ .  
*On entry:* the original vector  $y$ .  
 If  $\text{INCY} > 0$ ,  $y_i$  must be stored in  $Y(1 + (i - 1) \times \text{INCY})$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ .  
 If  $\text{INCY} \leq 0$ ,  $y_i$  must be stored in  $Y(1 + (N - i) \times \text{INCY})$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ .

*On exit:* the original vector  $x$  stored in the array elements used to store the original vector  $y$ . Intermediate elements of  $Y$  are unchanged.

5: INCY – INTEGER

*Input*

*On entry:* the increment in the subscripts of  $Y$  between successive elements of  $y$ .

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

## 9 Further Comments

None.

## 10 Example

None.

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