# NAG Library Function Document nag band real mat print comp (x04cfc)

# 1 Purpose

nag band real mat print comp (x04cfc) prints a double band matrix.

# 2 Specification

# 3 Description

nag\_band\_real\_mat\_print\_comp (x04cfc) prints a double band matrix stored in packed form, using a format specifier supplied by you. The matrix is output to the file specified by **outfile** or, by default, to standard output.

#### 4 References

None.

# 5 Arguments

#### 1: **order** – Nag OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: order = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.

2: m - Integer
 3: n - Integer
 Input

On entry: the number of rows and columns of the band matrix, respectively, to be printed.

If either **m** or **n** is less than 1, nag\_band\_real\_mat\_print\_comp (x04cfc) will exit immediately after printing **title**; no row or column labels are printed.

4: **kl** – Integer Input

On entry: the number of subdiagonals of the band matrix A.

Constraint:  $\mathbf{kl} \geq 0$ .

5:  $\mathbf{ku}$  - Integer Input

On entry: the number of superdiagonals of the band matrix A.

Constraint:  $\mathbf{ku} > 0$ .

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6:  $\mathbf{a}[dim]$  - const double

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array a must be at least

```
max(1, pda \times n) when order = Nag\_ColMajor;

max(1, m \times pda) when order = Nag\_RowMajor.
```

On entry: the band matrix to be printed.

This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements  $A_{ij}$ , for row i = 1, ..., m and column  $j = \max(1, i - k_l), ..., \min(n, i + k_u)$ , depends on the **order** argument as follows:

```
if order = Nag_ColMajor, A_{ij} is stored as \mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + \mathbf{ku} + i - j]; if order = Nag_RowMajor, A_{ij} is stored as \mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + \mathbf{kl} + j - i].
```

7: **pda** – Integer

Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix A in the array a.

Constraint:  $pda \ge kl + ku + 1$ .

8: **form** – const char \*

Input

On entry: a valid C format code. This should be of the form  $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$ , where ww.pp indicates that up to two digits may be used to specify the field width and precision respectively. Only % and  $format\ indicator$  must be present. flag can be one of -, +, < space > or # and  $format\ indicator$  can be e, E, f, g or G. Thus, possible formats include %f, %+23.15G, %.6e. **form** is used to print elements of the matrix A.

In addition, nag\_band\_real\_mat\_print\_comp (x04cfc) chooses its own format code when **form** is **NULL** or **form** = ' \* '.

form = NULL

nag\_band\_real\_mat\_print\_comp (x04cfc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed with either a %8.4f, a %11.4f or a %13.4e format. The %8.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 1.0. The %11.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 9999.9999. Otherwise the %13.4e code is chosen.

form = ' \* '

nag\_band\_real\_mat\_print\_comp (x04cfc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed to as many significant digits as are necessary to distinguish between neighbouring machine numbers. Thus any two numbers that are stored with different internal representations should look different on output.

Constraint: form must be of the form  $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$ .

9: **title** – const char \*

Input

On entry: a title to be printed above the matrix, or name of the matrix.

If **title** = **NULL**, no title (and no blank line) will be printed.

If **title** contains more than **ncols** characters, the contents of **title** will be wrapped onto more than one line, with the break after **ncols** characters.

Any trailing blank characters in **title** are ignored.

10: **labrow** – Nag\_LabelType

Input

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the rows of the matrix.

**labrow** = Nag\_NoLabels

Prints no row labels.

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**labrow** = Nag\_IntegerLabels

Prints integer row labels.

**labrow** = Nag\_CharacterLabels

Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array rlabs.

Constraint: labrow = Nag\_NoLabels, Nag\_IntegerLabels or Nag\_CharacterLabels.

#### 11: $\mathbf{rlabs}[dim] - \mathbf{const} \ \mathbf{char} \ *$

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array rlabs must be at least

m when labrow = Nag\_CharacterLabels; otherwise rlabs may be NULL.

On entry: if labrow = Nag\_CharacterLabels, rlabs must contain labels for the rows of the matrix; otherwise rlabs is not referenced and may be NULL.

Labels are right-justified when output, in a field which is as wide as necessary to hold the longest row label. Note that this field width is subtracted from the number of usable columns, **ncols**.

## 12: **labcol** – Nag LabelType

Input

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the columns of the matrix.

**labcol** = Nag\_NoLabels

Prints no column labels.

**labcol** = Nag\_IntegerLabels

Prints integer column labels.

**labcol** = Nag\_CharacterLabels

Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array clabs.

Constraint: labcol = Nag\_NoLabels, Nag\_IntegerLabels or Nag\_CharacterLabels.

#### 13: $\mathbf{clabs}[dim] - \mathbf{const} \ \mathbf{char} \ *$

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array clabs must be at least

**n** when **labcol** = Nag\_CharacterLabels; otherwise **clabs** may be **NULL**.

On entry: if labcol = Nag\_CharacterLabels, clabs must contain labels for the columns of the matrix; otherwise clabs is not referenced and may be NULL.

Labels are right-justified when output. Any label that is too long for the column width, which is determined by **form**, is truncated.

# 14: **ncols** – Integer

Input

On entry: the maximum output record length. If the number of columns of the matrix is too large to be accommodated in **ncols** characters, the matrix will be printed in parts, containing the largest possible number of matrix columns, and each part separated by a blank line.

**ncols** must be large enough to hold at least one column of the matrix using the format specifier in **form**. If a value less than or equal to 0 or greater than 132 is supplied for **ncols**, then the value 80 is used instead.

### 15: **indent** – Integer

Input

On entry: the number of columns by which the matrix (and any title and labels) should be indented. The effective value of **ncols** is reduced by **indent** columns. If a value less than 0 or greater than **ncols** is supplied for **indent**, the value 0 is used instead.

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#### 16: **outfile** – const char \*

Input

On entry: the name of a file to which output will be directed. If **outfile** is **NULL** the output will be directed to standard output.

# 17: **fail** – NagError \*

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE ALLOC FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

## NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument (value) had an illegal value.

## **NE COL WIDTH**

 $\langle value \rangle$  is not wide enough to hold at least one matrix column. **ncols** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **indent** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

## **NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

# NE\_INVALID\_FORMAT

The string \( \frac{\cup value}{\cup} \) has not been recognized as a valid format.

# NE\_NOT\_APPEND FILE

Cannot open file \( \frac{value}{} \) for appending.

# NE NOT CLOSE FILE

Cannot close file  $\langle value \rangle$ .

# NE\_NOT\_WRITE\_FILE

Cannot open file \( \value \rangle \) for writing.

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

# 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

### **9** Further Comments

None.

# 10 Example

None.

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