

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc) frees the memory allocated by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc).

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagh.h>

void nag_ip_mps_free (double **a, double **bl, double **bu,
                    Nag_Boolean **intvar, double **cvec, double **x)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc) should be used in conjunction with nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc), which reads data for an integer programming problem from an MPSX file, allocates several arrays, and populates them with the data contained in the file. nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc) is a utility provided for the convenient freeing of this memory. It should be called in order to conserve memory which is no longer required, e.g., following a call to nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc) (which may be used to solve the problem defined by the MPSX file). Any memory not freed will, of course, be freed when your program terminates.

nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc) can be used to free a subset of the allocated arrays by passing null pointers for those arguments which you do not wish to free.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Arguments

- 1: **a** – double \*\* *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* the nonzeros of the constraint matrix  $A$ , to be freed. If **a** or **\*a** is a null pointer, no action is taken.  
*On exit:* if **a** is not null, **\*a** is set to the null pointer.
- 2: **bl** – double \*\* *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* the lower bounds of the problem variables and general constraints, to be freed. If **bl** or **\*bl** is a null pointer, no action is taken.  
*On exit:* if **bl** is not null, **\*bl** is set to the null pointer.
- 3: **bu** – double \*\* *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* the upper bounds of the problem variables and general constraints, to be freed. If **bu** or **\*bu** is a null pointer, no action is taken.  
*On exit:* if **bu** is not null, **\*bu** is set to the null pointer.
- 4: **intvar** – Nag\_Boolean \*\* *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* the indicators as to which are the integer variables in the problem, to be freed. If **intvar** or **\*intvar** is a null pointer, no action is taken.

*On exit:* if **intvar** is not null, **\*intvar** is set to the null pointer.

5: **cvec** – double \*\* *Input/Output*

*On entry:* the coefficients, *c*, of the linear term of the objective function, to be freed. If **cvec** or **\*cvec** is a null pointer, no action is taken.

*On exit:* if **cvec** is not null, **\*cvec** is set to the null pointer.

6: **x** – double \*\* *Input/Output*

*On entry:* a set of initial values for the variables, to be freed. If **x** or **\*x** is a null pointer no action is taken.

*On exit:* if **x** is not null, **\*x** is set to the null pointer.

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

## 9 Further Comments

In addition to allocating the memory freed by this function, `nag_ip_mps_read` (h02buc) also allocates memory to the **crnames** member of the **options** structure (if the structure is supplied as an argument). The function `nag_ip_free` (h02xzc) should be used to free this memory. You should **not** use the standard C function `free()` for this purpose.

## 10 Example

For an example of the use of `nag_ip_mps_free` (h02bvc) see the documentation for `nag_ip_mps_read` (h02buc).

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