

NAG Library Function Document

nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc)

1 Purpose

nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) computes the reciprocal pivot growth factor of an LU factorization of a real sparse matrix in compressed column (Harwell–Boeing) format.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf11.h>

void nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (Integer n, const Integer icolzp[],
    const double a[], const Integer iprm[], const Integer il[],
    const double lval[], const Integer iu[], const double uval[],
    double *rpg, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) computes the reciprocal pivot growth factor $\max_j \left(\|A_j\|_\infty / \|U_j\|_\infty \right)$ from the columns A_j and U_j of an LU factorization of the matrix A , $P_r A P_c = LU$ where P_r is a row permutation matrix, P_c is a column permutation matrix, L is unit lower triangular and U is upper triangular as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mcc).

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 2: **icolzp**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **icolzp** must be at least $n + 1$.
On entry: **icolzp**[$i - 1$] contains the index in A of the start of a new column. See Section 2.1.3 in the f11 Chapter Introduction.
- 3: **a**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least **icolzp**[n] – 1, the number of nonzeros of the sparse matrix A .
On entry: the array of nonzero values in the sparse matrix A .
- 4: **iprm**[$7 \times n$] – const Integer *Input*
On entry: the column permutation which defines P_c , the row permutation which defines P_r , plus associated data structures as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mcc).

- 5: **il**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **il** must be at least as large as the dimension of the array of the same name in nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
On entry: records the sparsity pattern of matrix *L* as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 6: **lval**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **lval** must be at least as large as the dimension of the array of the same name in nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
On entry: records the nonzero values of matrix *L* and some nonzero values of matrix *U* as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 7: **iu**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **iu** must be at least as large as the dimension of the array of the same name in nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
On entry: records the sparsity pattern of matrix *U* as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 8: **uval**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **uval** must be at least as large as the dimension of the array of the same name in nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
On entry: records some nonzero values of matrix *U* as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 9: **rpg** – double * *Output*
On exit: the reciprocal pivot growth factor $\max_j \left(\|A_j\|_\infty / \|U_j\|_\infty \right)$. If the reciprocal pivot growth factor is much less than 1, the stability of the *LU* factorization may be poor.
- 10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument *<value>* had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = *<value>*.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_INVALID_PERM_COL

Incorrect column permutations in array **iprm**.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

If the reciprocal pivot growth factor, **rpg**, is much less than 1, then the factorization of the matrix A could be poor. This means that using the factorization to obtain solutions to a linear system, forward error bounds and estimates of the condition number could be unreliable. Consider increasing the **thresh** argument in the call to `nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec)`.

10 Example

To compute the reciprocal pivot growth for the factorization of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2.00 & 1.00 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1.00 & -1.00 & 0 \\ 4.00 & 0 & 1.00 & 0 & 1.00 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.00 & 2.00 \\ 0 & -2.00 & 0 & 0 & 3.00 \end{pmatrix}.$$

In this case, it should be equal to 1.0.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf11.h>

int main(void)
{
    double          flop, rpg, thresh;
    Integer         exit_status = 0, i, n, nnz, nnzl, nnzu, nzlmx,
                   nzlumx, nzumx;
    double          *a = 0, *lval = 0, *uval = 0;
    Integer         *icolzp = 0, *il = 0, *iprm = 0, *irowix = 0;
    Integer         *iu = 0;
    /* Nag types */
    Nag_ColumnPermutationType ispec;
    NagError        fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
```

```

printf(
    "nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) Example Program Results\n\n");
/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
/* Read order of matrix */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n);
#else
scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n);
#endif
/* Read the matrix A */
if (!(icolzp = NAG_ALLOC(n+1, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 1; i <= n + 1; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &icolzp[i - 1]);
#else
scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &icolzp[i - 1]);
#endif
nnz = icolzp[n] - 1;
/* Allocate memory */
if (!(irowix = NAG_ALLOC(nnz, Integer)) ||
    !(a = NAG_ALLOC(nnz, double)) ||
    !(il = NAG_ALLOC(7*n+8*nnz+4, Integer)) ||
    !(iu = NAG_ALLOC(2*n+8*nnz+1, Integer)) ||
    !(uval = NAG_ALLOC(8*nnz, double)) ||
    !(lval = NAG_ALLOC(8*nnz, double)) ||
    !(iprm = NAG_ALLOC(7*n, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 1; i <= nnz; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%lf%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &a[i - 1], &irowix[i - 1]);
#else
scanf("%lf%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &a[i - 1], &irowix[i - 1]);
#endif
/* Calculate COLAMD permutation */
ispec = Nag_Sparse_Colamd;
/* nag_superlu_column_permutation (f11mdc).
 * Real sparse nonsymmetric linear systems, setup for
 * nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec)
 */
nag_superlu_column_permutation(ispec, n, icolzp, irowix, iprm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf(
        "Error from nag_superlu_column_permutation (f11mdc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Factorise */
thresh = 1.;
nzlmx = 8*nnz;
nzlumx = 8*nnz;
nzumx = 8*nnz;
/* nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
 * LU factorization of real sparse matrix
 */

```

```

nag_superlu_lu_factorize(n, irowix, a, iprm, thresh, nzlmx, &nzlumx, nzumx,
                        il, lval, iu, uval, &nnzl, &nnzu, &flop, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mcc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate reciprocal pivot growth */
/* nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc).
 * Real sparse nonsymmetric linear systems, diagnostic for
 * nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mcc)
 */
nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu(n, icolzp, a, iprm, il, lval, iu, uval, &rpg,
                          &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Output result */
printf("\n");
printf("%s\n%7.3f\n", "Reciprocal pivot growth", rpg);

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(lval);
NAG_FREE(uval);
NAG_FREE(icolzp);
NAG_FREE(il);
NAG_FREE(iprm);
NAG_FREE(irowix);
NAG_FREE(iu);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) Example Program Data
5 n
1
3
5
7
9
12 icolzp(i) i=0..n
2. 1
4. 3
1. 1
-2. 5
1. 2
1. 3
-1. 2
1. 4
1. 3
2. 4
3. 5 a(i) irowix(i) i=0..nnz-1

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_superlu_diagnostic_lu (f11mmc) Example Program Results

Reciprocal pivot growth
1.000
