# NAG Library Routine Document F08MDF (DBDSDC)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

F08MDF (DBDSDC) computes the singular values and, optionally, the left and right singular vectors of a real n by n (upper or lower) bidiagonal matrix B.

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8MDF (UPLO, COMPQ, N, D, E, U, LDU, VT, LDVT, Q, IQ, WORK, IWORK, INFO)

INTEGER

N, LDU, LDVT, IQ(*), IWORK(8*N), INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) D(*), E(*), U(LDU,*), VT(LDVT,*), Q(*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER(1)

UPLO, COMPO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *dbdsdc*.

## 3 Description

F08MDF (DBDSDC) computes the singular value decomposition (SVD) of the (upper or lower) bidiagonal matrix B as

$$B = USV^{\mathrm{T}}$$
,

where S is a diagonal matrix with non-negative diagonal elements  $s_{ii} = s_i$ , such that

$$s_1 \geq s_2 \geq \cdots \geq s_n \geq 0$$
,

and U and V are orthogonal matrices. The diagonal elements of S are the singular values of B and the columns of U and V are respectively the corresponding left and right singular vectors of B.

When only singular values are required the routine uses the QR algorithm, but when singular vectors are required a divide and conquer method is used. The singular values can optionally be returned in compact form, although currently no routine is available to apply U or V when stored in compact form.

#### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

#### 5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether B is upper or lower bidiagonal.

UPLO = 'U'

B is upper bidiagonal.

Mark 24 F08MDF.1

NAG Library Manual

UPLO = 'L'

F08MDF

B is lower bidiagonal.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

#### 2: COMPQ - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies whether singular vectors are to be computed.

COMPQ = 'N'

Compute singular values only.

COMPO = 'P'

Compute singular values and compute singular vectors in compact form.

COMPQ = 'I'

Compute singular values and singular vectors.

Constraint: COMPQ = 'N', 'P' or 'I'.

3: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix B.

Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

4:  $D(*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$ 

Input/Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array D must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n diagonal elements of the bidiagonal matrix B.

On exit: if INFO = 0, the singular values of B.

5:  $E(*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$ 

Input/Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array E must be at least max(1, N - 1).

On entry: the (n-1) off-diagonal elements of the bidiagonal matrix B.

On exit: the contents of E are destroyed.

6: U(LDU,\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array U must be at least max(1, N) if COMPQ = 'I', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if COMPQ = 'I', then if INFO = 0, U contains the left singular vectors of the bidiagonal matrix B.

If COMPQ  $\neq$  'I', U is not referenced.

7: LDU – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array U as declared in the (sub)program from which F08MDF (DBDSDC) is called.

Constraints:

```
if COMPQ = 'I', LDU \ge max(1, N); otherwise LDU \ge 1.
```

8: VT(LDVT,\*) - REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array VT must be at least max(1, N) if COMPQ = 'I', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if COMPQ = 'I', then if INFO = 0, the rows of VT contain the right singular vectors of the bidiagonal matrix B.

F08MDF.2 Mark 24

If COMPQ  $\neq$  'I', VT is not referenced.

#### 9: LDVT – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VT as declared in the (sub)program from which F08MDF (DBDSDC) is called.

Constraints:

if 
$$COMPQ = 'I'$$
,  $LDVT \ge max(1, N)$ ; otherwise  $LDVT > 1$ .

#### 10: Q(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array Q must be at least  $max(1, N^2 + 5N, ldq)$ .

On exit: if COMPQ = 'P', then if INFO = 0, Q and IQ contain the left and right singular vectors in a compact form, requiring  $O(\text{Nlog}_2\text{N})$  space instead of  $2 \times \text{N}^2$ . In particular, Q contains all the real data in the first  $ldq = \text{N} \times (11 + 2 \times smlsiz + 8 \times int(\log_2(\text{N}/(smlsiz + 1))))$  elements of Q, where smlsiz is equal to the maximum size of the subproblems at the bottom of the computation tree (usually about 25).

If  $COMPQ \neq 'P'$ , Q is not referenced.

## 11: IQ(\*) - INTEGER array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array IQ must be at least max(1, ldiq).

On exit: if COMPQ = 'P', then if INFO = 0, Q and IQ contain the left and right singular vectors in a compact form, requiring  $O(\text{Nlog}_2\text{N})$  space instead of  $2 \times \text{N}^2$ . In particular, IQ contains all integer data in the first  $ldiq = \text{N} \times (3 + 3 \times \text{int}(\log_2(\text{N}/(smlsiz+1))))$  elements of IQ, where smlsiz is equal to the maximum size of the subproblems at the bottom of the computation tree (usually about 25).

If  $COMPQ \neq 'P'$ , IQ is not referenced.

#### 12: WORK(\*) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

**Note**: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least  $max(1, 6 \times N - 2)$  if COMPQ = 'N',  $max(1, 6 \times N)$  if COMPQ = 'P',  $max(1, 3 \times N^2 + 4 \times N)$  if COMPQ = 'I', and at least 1 otherwise.

13:  $IWORK(8 \times N) - INTEGER$  array

Workspace

14: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

The algorithm failed to compute a singular value. The update process of divide-and-conquer failed.

### 7 Accuracy

Each computed singular value of B is accurate to nearly full relative precision, no matter how tiny the singular value. The *i*th computed singular value,  $\hat{s}_i$ , satisfies the bound

Mark 24 F08MDF.3

$$|\hat{s}_i - s_i| \le p(n)\epsilon s_i$$

where  $\epsilon$  is the **machine precision** and p(n) is a modest function of n.

For bounds on the computed singular values, see Section 4.9.1 of Anderson *et al.* (1999). See also F08FLF (DDISNA).

#### **8** Further Comments

If only singular values are required, the total number of floating point operations is approximately proportional to  $n^2$ . When singular vectors are required the number of operations is bounded above by approximately the same number of operations as F08MEF (DBDSQR), but for large matrices F08MDF (DBDSDC) is usually much faster.

There is no complex analogue of F08MDF (DBDSDC).

## 9 Example

This example computes the singular value decomposition of the upper bidiagonal matrix

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 3.62 & 1.26 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2.41 & -1.53 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1.92 & 1.19 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1.43 \end{pmatrix}.$$

## 9.1 Program Text

```
Program f08mdfe
!
     FO8MDF Example Program Text
     Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
!
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dbdsdc, nag_wp
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
!
                                       :: info, ldb, ldu, ldvt, n
     Integer
1
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: b(:,:), d(:), e(:), u(:,:), vt(:,:), &
                                          work(:)
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                        :: q(1)
     Integer
                                       :: iq(1)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: iwork(:)
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8MDF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
     Flush (nout)
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
     ldb = n
     ldu = n
      ldvt = n
     Allocate (b(ldb,n),d(n),e(n-1),u(ldu,n),vt(ldvt,n),work(n*(3*n+ & 
        4)),iwork(8*n))
     Read the bidiagonal matrix B from data file, first
     the diagonal elements, and then the off diagonal elements
     Read (nin,*) d(1:n)
     Read (nin,*) e(1:n-1)
```

F08MDF.4 Mark 24

```
! Calculate the singular values and left and right singular
! vectors of B.
! The NAG name equivalent of dbdsdc is f08mdf
   Call dbdsdc('Upper','I',n,d,e,u,ldu,vt,ldvt,q,iq,work,iwork,info)

If (info==0) Then
! Print the singular values of B.

Write (nout,*) 'Singular values of B:'
   Write (nout,99999) d(1:n)

Else
   Write (nout,99998) '** F08MDF/DBDSDC failed with INFO = ', info End If

99999 Format (1X,4(3X,F11.4))
99998 Format (1X,A,I10)
End Program f08mdfe
```

### 9.2 Program Data

```
FO8MDF Example Program Data \,
```

```
2 :Value of N

3.62 -2.41 1.92 -1.43 :End of diagonal elements
1.26 -1.53 1.19 :End of off-diagonal elements
```

#### 9.3 Program Results

```
F08MDF Example Program Results

Singular values of B:
4.0001 3.0006 1.9960 0.9998
```

Mark 24 F08MDF.5 (last)