

NAG Library Function Document

nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc)

1 Purpose

nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) calculates the Anderson–Darling goodness-of-fit test statistic and its probability for the case of a fully-unspecified Normal distribution.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg08.h>

void nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (Integer n, Nag_Boolean issort,
    const double y[], double *ybar, double *yvar, double *a2, double *aa2,
    double *p, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

Calculates the Anderson–Darling test statistic A^2 (see nag_anderson_darling_stat (g08chc)) and its upper tail probability for the small sample correction:

$$\text{Adjusted } A^2 = A^2(1 + 0.75/n + 2.25/n^2),$$

for n observations.

4 References

Anderson T W and Darling D A (1952) Asymptotic theory of certain ‘goodness-of-fit’ criteria based on stochastic processes *Annals of Mathematical Statistics* **23** 193–212

Stephens M A and D’Agostino R B (1986) *Goodness-of-Fit Techniques* Marcel Dekker, New York

5 Arguments

- | | | |
|----|--|---------------|
| 1: | n – Integer
<i>On entry:</i> n , the number of observations.
<i>Constraint:</i> $n > 1$. | <i>Input</i> |
| 2: | issort – Nag_Boolean
<i>On entry:</i> set issort = Nag_TRUE if the observations are sorted in ascending order; otherwise the function will sort the observations. | <i>Input</i> |
| 3: | y[n] – const double
<i>On entry:</i> y_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, the n observations.
<i>Constraint:</i> if issort = Nag_TRUE, the values must be sorted in ascending order. | <i>Input</i> |
| 4: | ybar – double *
<i>On exit:</i> the maximum likelihood estimate of mean. | <i>Output</i> |
| 5: | yvar – double *
<i>On exit:</i> the maximum likelihood estimate of variance. | <i>Output</i> |

- 6: **a2** – double * *Output*
On exit: A^2 , the Anderson–Darling test statistic.
- 7: **aa2** – double * *Output*
On exit: the adjusted A^2 .
- 8: **p** – double * *Output*
On exit: p , the upper tail probability for the adjusted A^2 .
- 9: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $n = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $n > 1$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_NOT_INCREASING

issort = Nag_TRUE and the data in y is not sorted in ascending order.

7 Accuracy

Probabilities are calculated using piecewise polynomial approximations to values estimated by simulation.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example calculates the A^2 statistics for data assumed to arise from a fully-unspecified Normal distribution and the p -value.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) Example Program.
 *
 * Mark 23 Release. NAG Copyright 2011.
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg08.h>

int main(void)
{
    Integer          exit_status = 0;
    /* Scalars */
    double           a2, aa2, p, ybar, yvar;
    Integer          i, n;
    /* Arrays */
    double           *y = 0;
    /* Nag types */
    Nag_Boolean      issort;
    NagError         fail;

    printf("%s\n\n",
           "nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) Example Program Results");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Read number of observations */
    scanf("%"NAG_IFMT " ", &n);
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Memory allocation */
    if (!(y = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read observations */
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%lf", y+i);
    }
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Let nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) sort the data */
    issort = Nag_FALSE;

    /* Calculate the Anderson-Darling goodness-of-fit test statistic and its
       probability for the case of a fully-unspecified Normal distribution */
    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    /* nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) */
    nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob(n, issort, (const double *)y, &ybar, &yvar,
                                     &a2, &aa2, &p, &fail);

    /* Results */
    printf("%s ", "H0: data from Normal distribution with mean");
    printf("%6g ", ybar);
    printf("%s ", "and variance");
    printf("%6g\n", yvar);
    printf("%s", " Test statistic, A-squared: ");
    printf("%6g\n", a2);
    printf("%s", " Adjusted A-squared:      ");
    printf("%6g\n", aa2);
    printf("%s", " Upper tail probability:  ");
    printf("%6g\n", p);
}

```

```
END:
  NAG_FREE(y);

  return exit_status;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) Example Program Data
26 :: n
 0.3131132  0.2520412  1.5788841  1.4416712 -0.8246043 -1.6466685
 0.7943184  1.2874915 -0.8347250  0.3352505  0.9434467  2.1099520
-0.2801654 -0.7843009  0.6218187  2.0963809  1.7170403 -0.1350142
 0.7982763 -0.2980977  1.2283043  1.5576090 -0.4828757  2.6070754
 0.1213996  0.1431621 :: end of observations
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_anderson_darling_normal_prob (g08ckc) Example Program Results
```

```
H0: data from Normal distribution with mean 0.563876 and variance 1.1386
Test statistic, A-squared: 0.165956
Adjusted A-squared:      0.171296
Upper tail probability:   0.931155
```
