

NAG Library Function Document

nag_poisson_ci (g07abc)

1 Purpose

nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) computes a confidence interval for the mean argument of the Poisson distribution.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg07.h>
void nag_poisson_ci (Integer n, double xmean, double clevel, double *tl,
                     double *tu, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

Given a random sample of size n , denoted by x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n , from a Poisson distribution with probability function

$$p(x) = e^{-\theta} \frac{\theta^x}{x!}, \quad x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

the point estimate, $\hat{\theta}$, for θ is the sample mean, \bar{x} .

Given n and \bar{x} this function computes a $100(1 - \alpha)\%$ confidence interval for the argument θ , denoted by $[\theta_l, \theta_u]$, where α is in the interval $(0, 1)$.

The lower and upper confidence limits are estimated by the solutions to the equations

$$e^{-n\theta_l} \sum_{x=T}^{\infty} \frac{(n\theta_l)^x}{x!} = \frac{\alpha}{2},$$

$$e^{-n\theta_u} \sum_{x=0}^T \frac{(n\theta_u)^x}{x!} = \frac{\alpha}{2},$$

where $T = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = n\hat{\theta}$.

The relationship between the Poisson distribution and the χ^2 -distribution (see page 112 of Hastings and Peacock (1975)) is used to derive the equations

$$\theta_l = \frac{1}{2n} \chi_{2T, \alpha/2}^2,$$

$$\theta_u = \frac{1}{2n} \chi_{2T+2, 1-\alpha/2}^2,$$

where $\chi_{\nu, p}^2$ is the deviate associated with the lower tail probability p of the χ^2 -distribution with ν degrees of freedom.

In turn the relationship between the χ^2 -distribution and the gamma distribution (see page 70 of Hastings and Peacock (1975)) yields the following equivalent equations;

$$\theta_l = \frac{1}{2n} \gamma_{T,2;\alpha/2},$$

$$\theta_u = \frac{1}{2n} \gamma_{T+1,2;1-\alpha/2},$$

where $\gamma_{\alpha,\beta;\delta}$ is the deviate associated with the lower tail probability, δ , of the gamma distribution with shape argument α and scale argument β . These deviates are computed using nag_deviates_gamma_dist (g01ffc).

4 References

Hastings N A J and Peacock J B (1975) *Statistical Distributions* Butterworth

Snedecor G W and Cochran W G (1967) *Statistical Methods* Iowa State University Press

5 Arguments

1:	n – Integer	<i>Input</i>
	<i>On entry:</i> n , the sample size.	
	<i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.	
2:	xmean – double	<i>Input</i>
	<i>On entry:</i> the sample mean, \bar{x} .	
	<i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{xmean} \geq 0.0$.	
3:	level – double	<i>Input</i>
	<i>On entry:</i> the confidence level, $(1 - \alpha)$, for two-sided interval estimate. For example level = 0.95 gives a 95% confidence interval.	
	<i>Constraint:</i> $0.0 < \mathbf{level} < 1.0$.	
4:	tl – double *	<i>Output</i>
	<i>On exit:</i> the lower limit, θ_l , of the confidence interval.	
5:	tu – double *	<i>Output</i>
	<i>On exit:</i> the upper limit, θ_u , of the confidence interval.	
6:	fail – NagError *	<i>Input/Output</i>
	The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).	

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_CONVERGENCE

When using the relationship with the gamma distribution the series to calculate the gamma probabilities has failed to converge.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **n** > 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_REAL

On entry, **clevel** ≤ 0.0 or **clevel** ≥ 1.0 : **clevel** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 On entry, **xmean** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **xmean** ≥ 0.0 .

7 Accuracy

For most cases the results should have a relative accuracy of $\max(0.5e - 12, 50.0 \times \epsilon)$ where ϵ is the **machine precision** (see nag_machine_precision (X02AJC)). Thus on machines with sufficiently high precision the results should be accurate to 12 significant digits. Some accuracy may be lost when $\alpha/2$ or $1 - \alpha/2$ is very close to 0.0, which will occur if **clevel** is very close to 1.0. This should not affect the usual confidence intervals used.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

The following example reads in data showing the number of noxious weed seeds and the frequency with which that number occurred in 98 sub-samples of meadow grass. The data is taken from page 224 of Snedecor and Cochran (1967). The sample mean is computed as the point estimate of the Poisson argument θ . nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) is then called to compute both a 95% and a 99% confidence interval for the argument θ .

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg07.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double clevel, sum, tl, tu, xmean;
    Integer exit_status, i, ifreq, n, num;
    NagError fail;
```

```

INIT_FAIL(fail);

exit_status = 0;
printf("nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) Example Program Results\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

/* Read in the number of Noxious Seeds in a sub sample and
 * the frequency with which that number occurs.
 */
/* Compute the sample mean */
sum = 0.0;
n = 0;
while (scanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &num, &ifreq) != EOF)
{
    sum += (double) num * (double) ifreq;
    n += ifreq;
}
xmean = sum / (double) n;

printf("\n");
printf("The point estimate of the Poisson parameter = %6.4f\n",
       xmean);
for (i = 1; i <= 2; ++i)
{
    if (i == 1)
    {
        clevel = 0.95;
        printf("\n");
        printf("95 percent Confidence Interval for the estimate\n");
    }
    else
    {
        clevel = 0.99;
        printf("99 percent Confidence Interval for the estimate\n");
    }
/* nag_poisson_ci (g07abc).
 * Computes confidence interval for the parameter of a
 * Poisson distribution
 */
nag_poisson_ci(n, xmean, clevel, &tl, &tu, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_poisson_ci (g07abc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

printf("( %6.4f , %6.4f )\n", tl, tu);
printf("\n");
}

END:
return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) Example Program Data
0 3
1 17
2 26
3 16
4 18
5 9
6 3
7 5
8 0
9 1
10 0
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_poisson_ci (g07abc) Example Program Results
```

```
The point estimate of the Poisson parameter = 3.0204
```

```
95 percent Confidence Interval for the estimate
( 2.6861 , 3.3848 )
```

```
99 percent Confidence Interval for the estimate
( 2.5874 , 3.5027 )
```
