

NAG Library Function Document

nag_dtpmv (f16phc)

1 Purpose

nag_dtpmv (f16phc) performs matrix-vector multiplication for a real triangular matrix stored in packed form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
void nag_dtpmv (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UptoType uplo, Nag_TransType trans,
    Nag_DiagType diag, Integer n, double alpha, const double ap[],
    double x[], Integer incx, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dtpmv (f16phc) performs one of the matrix-vector operations

$$x \leftarrow \alpha Ax \quad \text{or} \quad x \leftarrow \alpha A^T x,$$

where A is an n by n real triangular matrix, stored in packed form, x is an n -element real vector and α is a real scalar.

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **uplo** – Nag_UptoType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether A is upper or lower triangular.

uplo = Nag_Upper
 A is upper triangular.

uplo = Nag_Lower
 A is lower triangular.

Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.

3: **trans** – Nag_TransType *Input*

On entry: specifies the operation to be performed.

trans = Nag_NoTrans
 $x \leftarrow \alpha Ax.$

trans = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans
 $x \leftarrow \alpha A^T x.$

Constraint: **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans.

4: **diag** – Nag_DiagType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether A has nonunit or unit diagonal elements.

diag = Nag_NonUnitDiag
The diagonal elements are stored explicitly.

diag = Nag_UnitDiag
The diagonal elements are assumed to be 1 and are not referenced.

Constraint: **diag** = Nag_NonUnitDiag or Nag_UnitDiag.

5: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

6: **alpha** – double *Input*

On entry: the scalar α .

7: **ap**[*dim*] – const double *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ap** must be at least $\max(1, n \times (n + 1)/2)$.

On entry: the n by n triangular matrix A , packed by rows or columns.

The storage of elements A_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

if **order** = 'Nag_ColMajor' and **uplo** = 'Nag_Upper',
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($j - 1$) \times $j/2 + i - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
if **order** = 'Nag_ColMajor' and **uplo** = 'Nag_Lower',
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - j$) \times ($j - 1$) $/2 + i - 1$], for $i \geq j$;
if **order** = 'Nag_RowMajor' and **uplo** = 'Nag_Upper',
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - i$) \times ($i - 1$) $/2 + j - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
if **order** = 'Nag_RowMajor' and **uplo** = 'Nag_Lower',
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($i - 1$) \times $i/2 + j - 1$], for $i \geq j$.

8: **x**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least $\max(1, 1 + (n - 1)|\text{incx}|)$.

On entry: the right-hand side vector b .

On exit: the solution vector x .

9: **incx** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the increment in the subscripts of **x** between successive elements of x .

Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.

10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **incx** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **incx** $\neq 0$.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example computes the matrix-vector product

$$y = \alpha Ax$$

where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 2.0 & 2.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 3.0 & 3.0 & 3.0 & 0.0 \\ 4.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 \\ -2.0 \\ 3.0 \\ -1.0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$\alpha = 1.5.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dtpmv (f16phc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 8, 2005.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlb.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
```

```

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double      alpha;
    Integer     aplen, exit_status, i, incx, j, n, xlen;

    /* Arrays */
    double      *ap = 0, *x = 0;
    char        nag_enum_arg[40];

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError    fail;
    Nag_DiagType diag;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_TransType trans;
    Nag_UptoType uplo;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[J*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[(2*n-J)*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[I*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[(2*n-I)*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_dtpmv (f16phc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
    /* Read the problem dimension */
    scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &n);
    /* Read uplo */
    scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    uplo = (Nag_UptoType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read trans */
    scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    trans = (Nag_TransType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read diag */
    scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    diag = (Nag_DiagType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read scalar parameters */
    scanf("%lf%*[^\n] ", &alpha);
    /* Read increment parameters */
    scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &incx);

    aplen = n*(n+1)/2;
    xlen = MAX(1, 1 + (n - 1)*ABS(incx));

    if (n > 0)
    {
        /* Allocate memory */
        if (!(ap = NAG_ALLOC(aplen, double)) ||
            !(x = NAG_ALLOC(xlen, double)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        goto END;
    }
}
else
{
    printf("Invalid n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

/* Read A from data file */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf("%lf", &A_UPPER(i, j));
    }
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
            scanf("%lf", &A_LOWER(i, j));
    }
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
}

/* Input vector x */
for (i = 1; i <= maxlen; ++i)
    scanf("%lf%*[^\n] ", &x[i - 1]);

/* nag_dtpmv (f16phc).
 * Triangular packed storage matrix-vector multiply.
 */
nag_dtpmv(order, uplo, trans, diag, n, alpha, ap,
           x, incx, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_dtpmv (f16phc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print output vector x */
printf("%s\n", " x");
for (i = 1; i <= maxlen; ++i)
{
    printf("%11f\n", x[i - 1]);
}

END:
NAG_FREE(ap);
NAG_FREE(x);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_dtpmv (f16phc) Example Program Data
 4                               :Values of n
 Nag_Lower                      :Value of uplo
 Nag_NoTrans                     :Value of trans
 Nag_NonUnitDiag                :Value of diag
 1.5                            :Value of alpha
 1                               :Value of incx
 1.0
 2.0    2.0
 3.0    3.0    3.0
 4.0    4.0    4.0    4.0    :End of matrix A
 1.0
-2.0
 3.0
-1.0                           :End of vector x
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_dtpmv (f16phc) Example Program Results
```

```
x
 1.500000
-3.000000
 9.000000
 6.000000
```
