NAG Library Function Document nag dhseqr (f08pec)

1 Purpose

nag_dhseqr (f08pec) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the Schur factorization of a real Hessenberg matrix or a real general matrix which has been reduced to Hessenberg form.

2 Specification

3 Description

nag_dhseqr (f08pec) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the Schur factorization of a real upper Hessenberg matrix H:

$$H = ZTZ^{T}$$
.

where T is an upper quasi-triangular matrix (the Schur form of H), and Z is the orthogonal matrix whose columns are the Schur vectors z_i . See Section 9 for details of the structure of T.

The function may also be used to compute the Schur factorization of a real general matrix A which has been reduced to upper Hessenberg form H:

$$A = QHQ^{T}$$
, where Q is orthogonal,
= $(QZ)T(QZ)^{T}$.

In this case, after nag_dgehrd (f08nec) has been called to reduce A to Hessenberg form, nag_dorghr (f08nfc) must be called to form Q explicitly; Q is then passed to nag_dhseqr (f08pec), which must be called with $\mathbf{compz} = \text{Nag_UpdateZ}$.

The function can also take advantage of a previous call to nag_dgebal (f08nhc) which may have balanced the original matrix before reducing it to Hessenberg form, so that the Hessenberg matrix H has the structure:

$$\begin{pmatrix} H_{11} & H_{12} & H_{13} \\ & H_{22} & H_{23} \\ & & H_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

where H_{11} and H_{33} are upper triangular. If so, only the central diagonal block H_{22} (in rows and columns i_{lo} to i_{hi}) needs to be further reduced to Schur form (the blocks H_{12} and H_{23} are also affected). Therefore the values of i_{lo} and i_{hi} can be supplied to nag_dhseqr (f08pec) directly. Also, nag_dgebak (f08njc) must be called after this function to permute the Schur vectors of the balanced matrix to those of the original matrix. If nag_dgebal (f08nhc) has not been called however, then i_{lo} must be set to 1 and i_{hi} to n. Note that if the Schur factorization of A is required, nag_dgebal (f08nhc) must **not** be called with **job** = Nag_Schur or Nag_DoBoth, because the balancing transformation is not orthogonal.

nag_dhseqr (f08pec) uses a multishift form of the upper Hessenberg QR algorithm, due to Bai and Demmel (1989). The Schur vectors are normalized so that $||z_i||_2 = 1$, but are determined only to within a factor ± 1 .

4 References

Bai Z and Demmel J W (1989) On a block implementation of Hessenberg multishift QR iteration Internat. J. High Speed Comput. 1 97–112

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: order = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **job** – Nag_JobType

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvalues only or the Schur form T is required.

job = Nag_EigVals

Eigenvalues only are required.

job = Nag_Schur

The Schur form T is required.

Constraint: **job** = Nag_EigVals or Nag_Schur.

3: **compz** – Nag_ComputeZType

Input

On entry: indicates whether the Schur vectors are to be computed.

 $compz = Nag_NotZ$

No Schur vectors are computed (and the array z is not referenced).

compz = Nag_InitZ

The Schur vectors of H are computed (and the array z is initialized by the function).

compz = Nag_UpdateZ

The Schur vectors of A are computed (and the array z must contain the matrix Q on entry).

Constraint: compz = Nag_NotZ, Nag_UpdateZ or Nag_InitZ.

4: \mathbf{n} – Integer

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix H.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5: **ilo** – Integer

Input

6: **ihi** – Integer

Input

On entry: if the matrix A has been balanced by nag_debal (f08nhc), then **ilo** and **ihi** must contain the values returned by that function. Otherwise, **ilo** must be set to 1 and **ihi** to **n**.

Constraint: ilo ≥ 1 and min(ilo, n) \leq ihi \leq n.

7: $\mathbf{h}[dim]$ – double

Input/Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **h** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdh} \times \mathbf{n})$.

f08pec.2 Mark 24

Where $\mathbf{H}(i,j)$ appears in this document, it refers to the array element

```
\mathbf{h}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdh} + i - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_ColMajor};
\mathbf{h}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdh} + j - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_RowMajor}.
```

On entry: the n by n upper Hessenberg matrix H, as returned by nag_dgehrd (f08nec).

On exit: if **job** = Nag_EigVals, the array contains no useful information.

If $job = Nag_Schur$, h is overwritten by the upper quasi-triangular matrix T from the Schur decomposition (the Schur form) unless $fail.code = NE_CONVERGENCE$.

8: **pdh** – Integer Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array \mathbf{h} .

Constraint: $\mathbf{pdh} \ge \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

9: $\mathbf{wr}[dim]$ - double Output 10: $\mathbf{wi}[dim]$ - double Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the arrays wr and wi must be at least max $(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On exit: the real and imaginary parts, respectively, of the computed eigenvalues, unless $fail.code = NE_CONVERGENCE$ (in which case see Section 6). Complex conjugate pairs of eigenvalues appear consecutively with the eigenvalue having positive imaginary part first. The eigenvalues are stored in the same order as on the diagonal of the Schur form T (if computed); see Section 9 for details.

11: $\mathbf{z}[dim]$ – double Input/Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array z must be at least

 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$ when $\mathbf{compz} = \text{Nag_UpdateZ}$ or Nag_InitZ and $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor}$; $\max(1, \times \mathbf{pdz})$ when $\mathbf{compz} = \text{Nag_UpdateZ}$ or Nag_InitZ and $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}$; 1 when $\mathbf{compz} = \text{Nag_NotZ}$.

The (i, j)th element of the matrix Z is stored in

```
\mathbf{z}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + i - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_ColMajor}; \mathbf{z}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + j - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_RowMajor}.
```

On entry: if $compz = Nag_UpdateZ$, z must contain the orthogonal matrix Q from the reduction to Hessenberg form.

If $compz = Nag_InitZ$, z need not be set.

On exit: if compz = Nag_UpdateZ or Nag_InitZ, z contains the orthogonal matrix of the required Schur vectors, unless fail.code = NE CONVERGENCE.

If $compz = Nag_NotZ$, z is not referenced.

12: **pdz** – Integer Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array z.

Constraints:

```
\begin{split} &\text{if order} = \text{Nag\_ColMajor}, \\ &\text{if compz} = \text{Nag\_InitZ or Nag\_UpdateZ}, \ \textbf{pdz} \geq \text{max}(1, \textbf{n}); \\ &\text{if compz} = \text{Nag\_NotZ}, \ \textbf{pdz} \geq 1.; \\ &\text{if order} = \text{Nag\_RowMajor}, \\ &\text{if compz} = \text{Nag\_UpdateZ or Nag\_InitZ}, \ \textbf{pdz} \geq \text{max}(1, \textbf{n}); \\ &\text{if compz} = \text{Nag\_NotZ}, \ \textbf{pdz} \geq 1.. \end{split}
```

13: **fail** – NagError *

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE ALLOC FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument \(\value \rangle \) had an illegal value.

NE_CONVERGENCE

The algorithm has failed to find all the eigenvalues after a total of $30(\mathbf{ihi} - \mathbf{ilo} + 1)$ iterations.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

```
On entry, \mathbf{compz} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{pdz} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: if \mathbf{compz} = \mathrm{Nag\_InitZ} or \mathrm{Nag\_UpdateZ}, \mathbf{pdz} \geq \mathrm{max}(1, \mathbf{n}); if \mathbf{compz} = \mathrm{Nag\_NotZ}, \mathbf{pdz} \geq 1.
On entry, \mathbf{compz} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{pdz} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: if \mathbf{compz} = \mathrm{Nag\_UpdateZ} or \mathrm{Nag\_InitZ}, \mathbf{pdz} \geq \mathrm{max}(1, \mathbf{n}); if \mathbf{compz} = \mathrm{Nag\_NotZ}, \mathbf{pdz} > 1.
```

NE INT

```
On entry, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{n} \geq 0.
On entry, \mathbf{pdh} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdh} > 0.
On entry, \mathbf{pdz} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdz} > 0.
```

NE_INT_2

```
On entry, \mathbf{pdh} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdh} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n}).
```

NE INT 3

```
On entry, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{ilo} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{ihi} = \langle value \rangle. Constraint: \mathbf{ilo} \geq 1 and \min(\mathbf{ilo}, \mathbf{n}) \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}.
```

NE INTERNAL ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed Schur factorization is the exact factorization of a nearby matrix (H + E), where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||H||_2$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

f08pec.4 Mark 24

If λ_i is an exact eigenvalue, and $\tilde{\lambda_i}$ is the corresponding computed value, then

$$\left|\tilde{\lambda}_i - \lambda_i\right| \le \frac{c(n)\epsilon \|H\|_2}{s_i},$$

where c(n) is a modestly increasing function of n, and s_i is the reciprocal condition number of λ_i . The condition numbers s_i may be computed by calling nag dtrsna (f08qlc).

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_dhseqr (f08pec) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_dhseqr (f08pec) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations depends on how rapidly the algorithm converges, but is typically about:

 $7n^3$ if only eigenvalues are computed;

 $10n^3$ if the Schur form is computed;

 $20n^3$ if the full Schur factorization is computed.

The Schur form T has the following structure (referred to as **canonical** Schur form).

If all the computed eigenvalues are real, T is upper triangular, and the diagonal elements of T are the eigenvalues; $\mathbf{wr}[i-1] = t_{ii}$, for i = 1, 2, ..., n, and $\mathbf{wi}[i-1] = 0.0$.

If some of the computed eigenvalues form complex conjugate pairs, then T has 2 by 2 diagonal blocks. Each diagonal block has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_{ii} & t_{i,i+1} \\ t_{i+1,i} & t_{i+1,i+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

where $\beta \gamma < 0$. The corresponding eigenvalues are $\alpha \pm \sqrt{\beta \gamma}$; $\mathbf{wr}[i-1] = \mathbf{wr}[i] = \alpha$; $\mathbf{wi}[i-1] = +\sqrt{|\beta \gamma|}$; $\mathbf{wi}[i] = -\mathbf{wi}[i-1]$.

The complex analogue of this function is nag_zhseqr (f08psc).

10 Example

This example computes all the eigenvalues and the Schur factorization of the upper Hessenberg matrix H, where

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0.3500 & -0.1160 & -0.3886 & -0.2942 \\ -0.5140 & 0.1225 & 0.1004 & 0.1126 \\ 0.0000 & 0.6443 & -0.1357 & -0.0977 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.4262 & 0.1632 \end{pmatrix}$$

See also Section 10 in nag_dorghr (f08nfc), which illustrates the use of this function to compute the Schur factorization of a general matrix.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dhseqr (f08pec) Example Program.
* Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 * Mark 7, 2001.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx02.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
int main(void)
  /* Scalars */
                alpha, beta, norm;
  double
                i, j, n, pdc, pdd, pdh, pdz, wi_len, wr_len;
 Integer
                exit_status = 0;
 Integer
                fail;
 NagError
 Nag_OrderType order;
  /* Arrays */
                *c = 0, *d = 0, *h = 0, *wi = 0, *wr = 0, *z = 0;
  double
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
\#define H(I, J) h[(J-1)*pdh + I - 1]
#define D(I, J) d[(J-1)*pdd + I - 1]
  order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
\#define H(I, J) h[(I-1)*pdh + J - 1]
#define D(I, J) d[(I-1)*pdd + J - 1]
 order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif
  INIT_FAIL(fail);
  printf("nag_dhseqr (f08pec) Example Program Results\n\n");
 /* Skip heading in data file */
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
 pdc = n;
  pdd = n;
 pdh = n;
 pdz = n;
#else
  pdc = n;
  pdd = n;
 pdh = n;
  pdz = n;
#endif
  wr_len = n;
  wi_len = n;
  /* Allocate memory */
  if (!(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
      !(d = NAG\_ALLOC(n * n, double)) | |
      !(h = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
      !(wi = NAG_ALLOC(wi_len, double)) ||
      !(wr = NAG_ALLOC(wr_len, double)) ||
      !(z = NAG\_ALLOC(n * n, double)))
      printf("Allocation failure\n");
      exit_status = -1;
      goto END;
```

f08pec.6 Mark 24

```
}
/* Read H from data file */
for (i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
    for (j = 1; j \le n; ++j)
      scanf("%lf", &H(i, j));
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
/* Copy H into D */
for (i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
    for (j = 1; j \le n; ++j)
     D(i, j) = H(i, j);
/* nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac): Print Matrix H. */
fflush(stdout):
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
                       h, pdh, "Matrix A", 0, &fail);
printf("\n");
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
^{\prime \star} Calculate the eigenvalues and Schur factorization of H ^{\star \prime}
/* nag_dhseqr (f08pec).
 * Eigenvalues and Schur factorization of real upper
 * Hessenberg matrix reduced from real general matrix
nag_dhseqr(order, Nag_Schur, Nag_InitZ, n, 1, n, h, pdh, wr,
           wi, z, pdz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
    printf("Error from nag_dhseqr (f08pec).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
/* nag_dgemm (f16yac): Compute H - Z*T*Z^T from the factorization of */
/* H and store in matrix D*/
alpha = 1.0;
beta = 0.0;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, n, alpha, z, pdz,
         h, pdh, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
 {
    printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }
alpha = -1.0;
beta = 1.0;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_Trans, n, n, n, alpha, c, pdc, z,
          pdz, beta, d, pdd, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
/* nag_dge_norm (f16rac): Find norm of matrix D and print warning if */
/* it is too large */
```

```
nag_dge_norm(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, d, pdd, &norm, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
      printf("Error from nag_dge_norm (f16rac).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
  if (norm>pow(x02ajc(),0.8))
      printf("\n%s\n%s\n","Norm of H-(Z*T*Z^H) is much greater than 0.",
             "Schur factorization has failed.");
    }
  else
      printf(" Eigenvalues\n");
      for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
printf(" (%8.4f,%8.4f)", wr[i-1], wi[i-1]);
      printf("\n");
END:
 NAG_FREE(c);
  NAG_FREE(d);
 NAG_FREE(h);
 NAG_FREE(wi);
 NAG_FREE(wr);
 NAG_FREE(z);
  return exit_status;
10.2 Program Data
nag_dhseqr (f08pec) Example Program Data
                                        :Value of N
  0.3500
          -0.1160 -0.3886 -0.2942
 -0.5140
           0.1225
                   0.1004
                             0.1126
           0.6443 -0.1357 -0.0977
  0.0000
  0.0000
           0.0000 0.4262 0.1632
                                        :End of matrix H
10.3 Program Results
nag_dhseqr (f08pec) Example Program Results
Matrix A
                 2
                          3
        1
    0.3500 -0.1160 -0.3886 -0.2942
 2 -0.5140 0.1225 0.1004 0.1126
   0.0000 0.6443 -0.1357 -0.0977
0.0000 0.0000 0.4262 0.1632
```

f08pec.8 (last) Mark 24

 $(\ \ 0.7995, \ \ 0.0000) \ (\ -0.0994, \ \ 0.4008) \ (\ -0.0994, \ -0.4008) \ (\ -0.1007, \ \ 0.0000)$

Eigenvalues