NAG Library Function Document

nag_zgebak (f08nwc)

1   Purpose

nag_zgebak (f08nwc) transforms eigenvectors of a balanced matrix to those of the original complex general matrix.

2   Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
void nag_zgebak (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_SideType side,
     Integer n, Integer ilo, Integer ihi, const double scale[], Integer m,
     Complex v[], Integer pdv, NagError *fail)
```

3   Description

nag_zgebak (f08nwc) is intended to be used after a complex general matrix A has been balanced by nag_zgebal (f08nvc), and eigenvectors of the balanced matrix A''_{22} have subsequently been computed.

For a description of balancing, see the document for nag_zgebal (f08nvc). The balanced matrix A'' is obtained as $A'' = DPAP^{\mathrm{T}}D^{-1}$, where P is a permutation matrix and D is a diagonal scaling matrix. This function transforms left or right eigenvectors as follows:

if x is a right eigenvector of A'', $P^{\mathrm{T}}D^{-1}x$ is a right eigenvector of A;

if y is a left eigenvector of A'', $P^{\mathrm{T}}Dy$ is a left eigenvector of A.

4   References

None.

5   Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType   *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **job** – Nag_JobType   *Input*

On entry: this **must** be the same argument **job** as supplied to nag_zgebal (f08nvc).

Constraint: **job** = Nag_DoNothing, Nag_Permute, Nag_Scale or Nag_DoBoth.

3: **side** – Nag_SideType   *Input*

On entry: indicates whether left or right eigenvectors are to be transformed.

side = Nag_LeftSide
     The left eigenvectors are transformed.

side = Nag_RightSide
> The right eigenvectors are transformed.

Constraint: **side** = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_RightSide.

4:   **n** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: n, the number of rows of the matrix of eigenvectors.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5:   **ilo** – Integer   *Input*
6:   **ihi** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the values i_{lo} and i_{hi}, as returned by nag_zgebal (f08nvc).

Constraints:

> if $\mathbf{n} > 0$, $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}$;
> if $\mathbf{n} = 0$, $\mathbf{ilo} = 1$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = 0$.

7:   **scale**[*dim*] – const double   *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **scale** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: details of the permutations and/or the scaling factors used to balance the original complex general matrix, as returned by nag_zgebal (f08nvc).

8:   **m** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: m, the number of columns of the matrix of eigenvectors.

Constraint: $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$.

9:   **v**[*dim*] – Complex   *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **v** must be at least

> $\max(1, \mathbf{pdv} \times \mathbf{m})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
> $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pdv})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

The (i, j)th element of the matrix V is stored in

> $\mathbf{v}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdv} + i - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
> $\mathbf{v}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdv} + j - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: the matrix of left or right eigenvectors to be transformed.

On exit: the transformed eigenvectors.

10:   **pdv** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **v**.

Constraints:

> if **order** = Nag_ColMajor, $\mathbf{pdv} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
> if **order** = Nag_RowMajor, $\mathbf{pdv} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{m})$.

11:   **fail** – NagError *   *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6   Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{pdv} > 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, $\mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle$ and $\mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{pdv} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{m})$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle$ and $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{pdv} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INT_3

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$, $\mathbf{ilo} = \langle value \rangle$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: if $\mathbf{n} > 0$, $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}$;
if $\mathbf{n} = 0$, $\mathbf{ilo} = 1$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = 0$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7   Accuracy

The errors are negligible.

8   Parallelism and Performance

nag_zgebak (f08nwc) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

nag_zgebak (f08nwc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9   Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately proportional to nm.

The real analogue of this function is nag_dgebak (f08njc).

10   Example

See Section 10 in nag_zgebal (f08nvc).