

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zunghr (f08ntc)

1 Purpose

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) generates the complex unitary matrix Q which was determined by nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) when reducing a complex general matrix A to Hessenberg form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zunghr (Nag_OrderType order, Integer n, Integer ilo, Integer ihi,
                Complex a[], Integer pda, const Complex tau[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) is intended to be used following a call to nag_zgehrd (f08nsc), which reduces a complex general matrix A to upper Hessenberg form H by a unitary similarity transformation: $A = QHQ^H$. nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) represents the matrix Q as a product of $i_{hi} - i_{lo}$ elementary reflectors. Here i_{lo} and i_{hi} are values determined by nag_zgebal (f08nvc) when balancing the matrix; if the matrix has not been balanced, $i_{lo} = 1$ and $i_{hi} = n$.

This function may be used to generate Q explicitly as a square matrix. Q has the structure:

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Q_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{pmatrix}$$

where Q_{22} occupies rows and columns i_{lo} to i_{hi} .

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
- 2: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix Q .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

- 3: **ilo** – Integer *Input*
- 4: **ihi** – Integer *Input*
- On entry:* these **must** be the same arguments **ilo** and **ihi**, respectively, as supplied to nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).
- Constraints:*
- if $n > 0$, $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq n$;
if $n = 0$, $\mathbf{ilo} = 1$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = 0$.
- 5: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*
- Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$.
- On entry:* details of the vectors which define the elementary reflectors, as returned by nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).
- On exit:* the n by n unitary matrix Q .
- If **order** = 'Nag_ColMajor', the (i, j) th element of the matrix is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1]$.
- If **order** = 'Nag_RowMajor', the (i, j) th element of the matrix is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1]$.
- 6: **pda** – Integer *Input*
- On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.
- Constraint:* $\mathbf{pda} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.
- 7: **tau**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*
- Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **tau** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} - 1)$.
- On entry:* further details of the elementary reflectors, as returned by nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).
- 8: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
- The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} > 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, $\mathbf{pda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INT_3

On entry, **n** = *<value>*, **ilo** = *<value>* and **ihi** = *<value>*.
 Constraint: if **n** > 0, $1 \leq \text{ilo} \leq \text{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}$;
 if **n** = 0, **ilo** = 1 and **ihi** = 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed matrix Q differs from an exactly unitary matrix by a matrix E such that

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon),$$

where ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{16}{3}q^3$, where $q = i_{hi} - i_{lo}$.

The real analogue of this function is nag_dorghr (f08nfc).

10 Example

This example computes the Schur factorization of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3.97 - 5.04i & -4.11 + 3.70i & -0.34 + 1.01i & 1.29 - 0.86i \\ 0.34 - 1.50i & 1.52 - 0.43i & 1.88 - 5.38i & 3.36 + 0.65i \\ 3.31 - 3.85i & 2.50 + 3.45i & 0.88 - 1.08i & 0.64 - 1.48i \\ -1.10 + 0.82i & 1.81 - 1.59i & 3.25 + 1.33i & 1.57 - 3.44i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is general and must first be reduced to Hessenberg form by nag_zgehrd (f08nsc). The program then calls nag_zunghr (f08ntc) to form Q , and passes this matrix to nag_zhseqr (f08psc) which computes the Schur factorization of A .

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zunghr (f08ntc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
```

```

#include <nagfl16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
#include <nagx02.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Complex    alpha, beta;
    double     norm;
    Integer    i, j, n, pda, pdc, pdd, pdz, tau_len, w_len;
    Integer    exit_status = 0;
    NagError   fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    Complex    *a = 0, *c = 0, *d = 0, *tau = 0, *w = 0, *z = 0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J - 1) * pda + I - 1]
#define D(I, J) d[(J - 1) * pdd + I - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(J - 1) * pdz + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I - 1) * pda + J - 1]
#define D(I, J) d[(I - 1) * pdd + J - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(I - 1) * pdz + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zunghr (f08ntc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = n;
    pdc = n;
    pdd = n;
    pdz = n;
#else
    pda = n;
    pdc = n;
    pdd = n;
    pdz = n;
#endif
    tau_len = n - 1;
    w_len = n;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(d = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(tau = NAG_ALLOC(tau_len, Complex)) ||
        !(w = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, Complex)) ||
        !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read A from data file */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
    }
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Copy A into D */

```

```

for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
    {
        D(i, j).re = A(i, j).re;
        D(i, j).im = A(i, j).im;
    }
}

/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc): Print matrix A */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                              n, a, pda, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                              "Matrix A", Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                              Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);

printf("\n");
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Reduce A to upper Hessenberg form H = (Q**T)*A*Q */
/* nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).
 * Unitary reduction of complex general matrix to upper
 * Hessenberg form
 */
nag_zgehrd(order, n, 1, n, a, pda, tau, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Copy A into Z */
for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
    {
        Z(i, j).re = A(i, j).re;
        Z(i, j).im = A(i, j).im;
    }
}

/* Form Q explicitly, storing the result in Z */
/* nag_zunghr (f08ntc).
 * Generate unitary transformation matrix from reduction to
 * Hessenberg form determined by nag_zgehrd (f08nsc)
 */
nag_zunghr(order, n, 1, n, z, pdz, tau, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zunghr (f08ntc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate the Schur factorization of H = Y*T*(Y**T) and form */
/* Q*Y explicitly, storing the result in Z */

/* Note that A = Z*T*(Z**T), where Z = Q*Y */
/* nag_zhseqr (f08psc).
 * Eigenvalues and Schur factorization of complex upper
 * Hessenberg matrix reduced from complex general matrix
 */
nag_zhseqr(order, Nag_Schur, Nag_UpdateZ, n, 1, n, a, pda,
           w, z, pdz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)

```

```

    {
        printf("Error from nag_zhseqr (f08psc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

/* nag_zgemm (fl6zac): Compute A - Z*T*Z^H from the factorization of */
/* A and store in matrix D*/
alpha.re = 1.0;
alpha.im = 0.0;
beta.re = 0.0;
beta.im = 0.0;
nag_zgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, n, alpha, z, pdz,
          a, pda, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_zgemm (fl6zac).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
alpha.re = -1.0;
beta.re = 1.0;
nag_zgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_ConjTrans, n, n, n, alpha, c, pdc,
          z, pdz, beta, d, pdd, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_zgemm (fl6zac).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

/* nag_zge_norm (fl6uac): Find norm of matrix D and print warning if */
/* it is too large */
nag_zge_norm(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, d, pdd, &norm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_zge_norm (fl6uac).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
if (norm > pow(x02ajc(), 0.8))
    {
        printf("%s\n%s\n", "Norm of A-(Z*T*Z^H) is much greater than 0.",
              "Schur factorization has failed.");
    }

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(c);
NAG_FREE(d);
NAG_FREE(tau);
NAG_FREE(w);
NAG_FREE(z);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) Example Program Data
4                                     :Value of N
(-3.97,-5.04) (-4.11, 3.70) (-0.34, 1.01) ( 1.29,-0.86)
( 0.34,-1.50) ( 1.52,-0.43) ( 1.88,-5.38) ( 3.36, 0.65)
( 3.31,-3.85) ( 2.50, 3.45) ( 0.88,-1.08) ( 0.64,-1.48)
(-1.10, 0.82) ( 1.81,-1.59) ( 3.25, 1.33) ( 1.57,-3.44) :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_zunghr (f08ntc) Example Program Results

Matrix A

	1	2	3	4
1	(-3.9700,-5.0400)	(-4.1100, 3.7000)	(-0.3400, 1.0100)	(1.2900,-0.8600)
2	(0.3400,-1.5000)	(1.5200,-0.4300)	(1.8800,-5.3800)	(3.3600, 0.6500)
3	(3.3100,-3.8500)	(2.5000, 3.4500)	(0.8800,-1.0800)	(0.6400,-1.4800)
4	(-1.1000, 0.8200)	(1.8100,-1.5900)	(3.2500, 1.3300)	(1.5700,-3.4400)
