

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc)

1 Purpose

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) reduces a complex general matrix to Hessenberg form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zgehrd (Nag_OrderType order, Integer n, Integer ilo, Integer ihi,
                 Complex a[], Integer pda, Complex tau[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) reduces a complex general matrix A to upper Hessenberg form H by a unitary similarity transformation: $A = QHQ^H$. H has real subdiagonal elements.

The matrix Q is not formed explicitly, but is represented as a product of elementary reflectors (see the f08 Chapter Introduction for details). Functions are provided to work with Q in this representation (see Section 9).

The function can take advantage of a previous call to nag_zgebal (f08nvc), which may produce a matrix with the structure:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} \\ & A_{22} & A_{23} \\ & & A_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

where A_{11} and A_{33} are upper triangular. If so, only the central diagonal block A_{22} , in rows and columns i_{lo} to i_{hi} , needs to be reduced to Hessenberg form (the blocks A_{12} and A_{23} will also be affected by the reduction). Therefore the values of i_{lo} and i_{hi} determined by nag_zgebal (f08nvc) can be supplied to the function directly. If nag_zgebal (f08nvc) has not previously been called however, then i_{lo} must be set to 1 and i_{hi} to n .

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

- 3: **ilo** – Integer *Input*
 4: **ihi** – Integer *Input*

On entry: if A has been output by nag_zgebal (f08nvc), then **ilo** and **ihi** must contain the values returned by that function. Otherwise, **ilo** must be set to 1 and **ihi** to **n**.

Constraints:

if $n > 0$, $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq n$;
 if $n = 0$, **ilo** = 1 and **ihi** = 0.

- 5: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$.

The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix A is stored in

a[$(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1$] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
a[$(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1$] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: the n by n general matrix A .

On exit: **a** is overwritten by the upper Hessenberg matrix H and details of the unitary matrix Q . The subdiagonal elements of H are real.

- 6: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

Constraint: **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

- 7: **tau**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **tau** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} - 1)$.

On exit: further details of the unitary matrix Q .

- 8: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

On entry, **pda** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: **pda** > 0 .

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: **pda** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INT_3

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$, $\mathbf{ilo} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
 Constraint: if $\mathbf{n} > 0$, $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}$;
 if $\mathbf{n} = 0$, $\mathbf{ilo} = 1$ and $\mathbf{ihi} = 0$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed Hessenberg matrix H is exactly similar to a nearby matrix $(A + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 \leq c(n)\epsilon\|A\|_2,$$

$c(n)$ is a modestly increasing function of n , and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

The elements of H themselves may be sensitive to small perturbations in A or to rounding errors in the computation, but this does not affect the stability of the eigenvalues, eigenvectors or Schur factorization.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{8}{3}q^2(2q + 3n)$, where $q = i_{hi} - i_{lo}$; if $i_{lo} = 1$ and $i_{hi} = n$, the number is approximately $\frac{40}{3}n^3$.

To form the unitary matrix Q nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) may be followed by a call to nag_zunghr (f08ntc):

```
nag_zunghr(order, n, ilo, ihi, &a, pda, tau, &fail)
```

To apply Q to an m by n complex matrix C nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) may be followed by a call to nag_zunmhr (f08nuc). For example,

```
nag_zunmhr(order, Nag_LeftSide, Nag_NoTrans, m, n, ilo, ihi, &a, pda,
tau, &c, pdc, &fail)
```

forms the matrix product QC .

The real analogue of this function is nag_dgehrd (f08nec).

10 Example

This example computes the upper Hessenberg form of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3.97 - 5.04i & -4.11 + 3.70i & -0.34 + 1.01i & 1.29 - 0.86i \\ 0.34 - 1.50i & 1.52 - 0.43i & 1.88 - 5.38i & 3.36 + 0.65i \\ 3.31 - 3.85i & 2.50 + 3.45i & 0.88 - 1.08i & 0.64 - 1.48i \\ -1.10 + 0.82i & 1.81 - 1.59i & 3.25 + 1.33i & 1.57 - 3.44i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer      i, j, n, pda, tau_len;
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    NagError     fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    Complex      *a = 0, *tau = 0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J - 1) * pda + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I - 1) * pda + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = n;
#else
    pda = n;
#endif
    tau_len = n - 1;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(tau = NAG_ALLOC(tau_len, Complex)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read A from data file */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
    }
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Reduce A to upper Hessenberg form */
    /* nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).
     * Unitary reduction of complex general matrix to upper
     * Hessenberg form
     */
    nag_zgehrd(order, n, 1, n, a, pda, tau, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)

```

```

    {
        printf("Error from nag_zgehrd (f08nsc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

/* Set the elements below the first sub-diagonal to zero */
for (i = 1; i <= n - 2; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i + 2; j <= n; ++j)
            A(j, i).re = 0.0, A(j, i).im = 0.0;
    }

/* Print upper Hessenberg form */
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                              n, a, pda, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                              "Upper Hessenberg form", Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                              Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf(
            "Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(tau);
return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) Example Program Data
  4                                     :Value of N
(-3.97,-5.04) (-4.11, 3.70) (-0.34, 1.01) ( 1.29,-0.86)
( 0.34,-1.50) ( 1.52,-0.43) ( 1.88,-5.38) ( 3.36, 0.65)
( 3.31,-3.85) ( 2.50, 3.45) ( 0.88,-1.08) ( 0.64,-1.48)
(-1.10, 0.82) ( 1.81,-1.59) ( 3.25, 1.33) ( 1.57,-3.44) :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_zgehrd (f08nsc) Example Program Results

```

Upper Hessenberg form
      1          2          3          4
1 (-3.9700,-5.0400) (-1.1318,-2.5693) (-4.6027,-0.1426) (-1.4249, 1.7330)
2 (-5.4797, 0.0000) ( 1.8585,-1.5502) ( 4.4145,-0.7638) (-0.4805,-1.1976)
3 ( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 6.2673, 0.0000) (-0.4504,-0.0290) (-1.3467, 1.6579)
4 ( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 0.0000, 0.0000) (-3.5000, 0.0000) ( 2.5619,-3.3708)

```
