

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zhetrd (f08fsc)

1 Purpose

nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) reduces a complex Hermitian matrix to tridiagonal form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zhetrd (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Integer n,
                Complex a[], Integer pda, double d[], double e[], Complex tau[],
                NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) reduces a complex Hermitian matrix A to real symmetric tridiagonal form T by a unitary similarity transformation: $A = QTQ^H$.

The matrix Q is not formed explicitly but is represented as a product of $n - 1$ elementary reflectors (see the f08 Chapter Introduction for details). Functions are provided to work with Q in this representation (see Section 9).

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
- 2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*
On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored.
uplo = Nag_Upper
 The upper triangular part of A is stored.
uplo = Nag_Lower
 The lower triangular part of A is stored.
Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.
- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

- 4: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$.
On entry: the *n* by *n* Hermitian matrix *A*.
If **order** = 'Nag-ColMajor', A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1]$.
If **order** = 'Nag-RowMajor', A_{ij} is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1]$.
If **uplo** = 'Nag-Upper', the upper triangular part of *A* must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.
If **uplo** = 'Nag-Lower', the lower triangular part of *A* must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.
On exit: **a** is overwritten by the tridiagonal matrix *T* and details of the unitary matrix *Q* as specified by **uplo**.
- 5: **pda** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix *A* in the array **a**.
Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.
- 6: **d**[*dim*] – double *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **d** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.
On exit: the diagonal elements of the tridiagonal matrix *T*.
- 7: **e**[*dim*] – double *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **e** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} - 1)$.
On exit: the off-diagonal elements of the tridiagonal matrix *T*.
- 8: **tau**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **tau** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} - 1)$.
On exit: further details of the unitary matrix *Q*.
- 9: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} > 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **pda** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed tridiagonal matrix T is exactly similar to a nearby matrix $(A + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 \leq c(n)\epsilon\|A\|_2,$$

$c(n)$ is a modestly increasing function of n , and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

The elements of T themselves may be sensitive to small perturbations in A or to rounding errors in the computation, but this does not affect the stability of the eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

8 Parallelism and Performance

`nag_zhetrd` (f08fsc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

`nag_zhetrd` (f08fsc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{16}{3}n^3$.

To form the unitary matrix Q `nag_zhetrd` (f08fsc) may be followed by a call to `nag_zungtr` (f08ftc):

```
nag_zungtr(order, uplo, n, &a, pda, tau, &fail)
```

To apply Q to an n by p complex matrix C `nag_zhetrd` (f08fsc) may be followed by a call to `nag_zunmtr` (f08fuc). For example,

```
nag_zunmtr(order, Nag_LeftSide, uplo, Nag_NoTrans, n, p, &a, pda,
tau, &c, pdc, &fail)
```

forms the matrix product QC .

The real analogue of this function is `nag_dsytrd` (f08fec).

10 Example

This example reduces the matrix A to tridiagonal form, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2.28 + 0.00i & 1.78 - 2.03i & 2.26 + 0.10i & -0.12 + 2.53i \\ 1.78 + 2.03i & -1.12 + 0.00i & 0.01 + 0.43i & -1.07 + 0.86i \\ 2.26 - 0.10i & 0.01 - 0.43i & -0.37 + 0.00i & 2.31 - 0.92i \\ -0.12 - 2.53i & -1.07 - 0.86i & 2.31 + 0.92i & -0.73 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <naga02.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer      i, j, n, pda, pdz, d_len, e_len, tau_len;
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    NagError     fail;
    Nag_UploType uplo;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    char         nag_enum_arg[40];
    Complex      *a = 0, *tau = 0, *z = 0;
    double       *d = 0, *e = 0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J - 1) * pda + I - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(J - 1) * pdz + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I - 1) * pda + J - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(I - 1) * pdz + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) Example Program Results\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%*[^\\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = n;
    pdz = n;
#else
    pda = n;
    pdz = n;
#endif

    tau_len = n-1;
    d_len = n;
    e_len = n-1;
    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(tau = NAG_ALLOC(tau_len, Complex)) ||
        !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(d = NAG_ALLOC(d_len, double)) ||
        !(e = NAG_ALLOC(e_len, double)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read A from data file */
    scanf("%39s%*[^\\n] ", nag_enum_arg);

```

```

/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
    }
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
    }
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
}

/* Reduce A to tridiagonal form T = (Q**H)*A*Q */
/* nag_zhetrd (f08fsc).
 * Unitary reduction of complex Hermitian matrix to real
 * symmetric tridiagonal form
 */
nag_zhetrd(order, uplo, n, a, pda, d, e, tau, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zhetrd (f08fsc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Copy A into Z */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
        {
            Z(i, j).re = A(i, j).re;
            Z(i, j).im = A(i, j).im;
        }
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
        {
            Z(i, j).re = A(i, j).re;
            Z(i, j).im = A(i, j).im;
        }
    }
}

/* Form Q explicitly, storing the result in Z */
/* nag_zungtr (f08ftc).
 * Generate unitary transformation matrix from reduction to
 * tridiagonal form determined by nag_zhetrd (f08fsc)
 */
nag_zungtr(order, uplo, n, z, pdz, tau, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zungtr (f08ftc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

```

```

/* Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A */
/* nag_zsteqr (f08jsc).
 * All eigenvalues and eigenvectors of real symmetric
 * tridiagonal matrix, reduced from complex Hermitian
 * matrix, using implicit QL or QR
 */
nag_zsteqr(order, Nag_UpdateZ, n, d, e, z, pdz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zsteqr (f08jsc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* Normalize the eigenvectors */
for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
{
    for(i=n; i>=1; i--)
    {
        Z(i, j) = nag_complex_divide(Z(i, j), Z(1,j));
    }
}
/* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
printf("\nEigenvalues\n");
for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    printf("%9.4f%s", d[i-1], i%4 == 0?"\n":" ");
printf("\n");
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                             n, z, pdz, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                             "Eigenvectors", Nag_NoLabels, 0,
                             Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0,
                             &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf(
        "Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(tau);
NAG_FREE(z);
NAG_FREE(d);
NAG_FREE(e);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) Example Program Data
4                                     :Value of n
Nag_Lower                             :Value of uplo
(-2.28, 0.00)
( 1.78, 2.03) (-1.12, 0.00)
( 2.26,-0.10) ( 0.01,-0.43) (-0.37, 0.00)
(-0.12,-2.53) (-1.07,-0.86) ( 2.31, 0.92) (-0.73, 0.00) :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

-6.0002 -3.0030 0.5036 3.9996

Eigenvectors

	1	2	3	4
(1.0000, 0.0000)	(1.0000,-0.0000)	(1.0000,-0.0000)	(1.0000, 0.0000)	
(-0.2278,-0.2824)	(-2.2999,-1.6237)	(1.0792, 0.4997)	(0.4876, 0.7282)	
(-0.5706,-0.1941)	(1.1424, 0.5807)	(0.5013, 1.7896)	(0.6025,-0.6924)	
(0.2388, 0.5702)	(-1.3415,-1.5739)	(-1.0810, 0.4883)	(0.4257,-1.0093)	
