

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zptcon (f07juc)

1 Purpose

nag_zptcon (f07juc) computes the reciprocal condition number of a complex n by n Hermitian positive definite tridiagonal matrix A , using the LDL^H factorization returned by nag_zpttrf (f07jrc).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf07.h>

void nag_zptcon (Integer n, const double d[], const Complex e[],
                double anorm, double *rcond, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zptcon (f07juc) should be preceded by a call to nag_zpttrf (f07jrc), which computes a modified Cholesky factorization of the matrix A as

$$A = LDL^H,$$

where L is a unit lower bidiagonal matrix and D is a diagonal matrix, with positive diagonal elements. nag_zptcon (f07juc) then utilizes the factorization to compute $\|A^{-1}\|_1$ by a direct method, from which the reciprocal of the condition number of A , $1/\kappa(A)$ is computed as

$$1/\kappa_1(A) = 1/(\|A\|_1\|A^{-1}\|_1).$$

$1/\kappa(A)$ is returned, rather than $\kappa(A)$, since when A is singular $\kappa(A)$ is infinite.

4 References

Higham N J (2002) *Accuracy and Stability of Numerical Algorithms* (2nd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia

5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 2: **d**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **d** must be at least $\max(1, n)$.
On entry: must contain the n diagonal elements of the diagonal matrix D from the LDL^H factorization of A .
- 3: **e**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **e** must be at least $\max(1, n - 1)$.
On entry: must contain the $(n - 1)$ subdiagonal elements of the unit lower bidiagonal matrix L . (**e** can also be regarded as the superdiagonal of the unit upper bidiagonal matrix U from the $U^H DU$ factorization of A .)

- 4: **anorm** – double *Input*
On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A , which may be computed as shown in Section 10. **anorm** must be computed either **before** calling nag_zpttrf (f07jrc) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A .
Constraint: **anorm** \geq 0.0.
- 5: **rcond** – double * *Output*
On exit: the reciprocal condition number, $1/\kappa_1(A) = 1/(\|A\|_1\|A^{-1}\|_1)$.
- 6: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** \geq 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_REAL

On entry, **anorm** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **anorm** \geq 0.0.

7 Accuracy

The computed condition number will be the exact condition number for a closely neighbouring matrix.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

The condition number estimation requires $O(n)$ floating-point operations.

See Section 15.6 of Higham (2002) for further details on computing the condition number of tridiagonal matrices.

The real analogue of this function is nag_dptcon (f07jgc).

10 Example

This example computes the condition number of the Hermitian positive definite tridiagonal matrix A given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 16.0 & 16.0 - 16.0i & 0 & 0 \\ 16.0 + 16.0i & 41.0 & 18.0 + 9.0i & 0 \\ 0 & 18.0 - 9.0i & 46.0 & 1.0 + 4.0i \\ 0 & 0 & 1.0 - 4.0i & 21.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_zptcon (f07juc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2004 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 23, 2011.
*
* UNFINISHED - replace commented out climp calls
*/

#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf07.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagx02.h>

int main(void)
{
#define CABS(e) sqrt(e.re * e.re + e.im * e.im)

/* Scalars */
double  anorm, rcond;
Integer exit_status = 0, i, n;

/* Arrays */
Complex *e = 0;
double  *d = 0;

/* Nag Types */
NagError fail;

INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_zptcon (f07juc) Example Program Results\n\n");
/* Skip heading in data file */
scanf("%*[\n]");
scanf("%ld%*[\n]", &n);
if (n < 0)
{
    printf("Invalid n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Allocate memory */
if (!(e = NAG_ALLOC(n-1, Complex)) ||
    !(d = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read the lower bidiagonal part of the tridiagonal matrix A from */
/* data file */
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) scanf("%lf", &d[i]);
scanf("%*[\n]");

```

```

for (i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i) scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &e[i].re, &e[i].im);
scanf("%*[\n]");

/* Compute the 1-norm of A */
anorm = MAX(ABS(d[0])+CABS(e[0]), CABS(e[n-2])+ABS(d[n-1]));
for (i = 1; i < n-1; ++i)
    anorm = MAX(anorm, ABS(d[i])+CABS(e[i])+CABS(e[i-1]));

/* Factorize A using nag_zpttrf (f07jrc). */
nag_zpttrf(n, d, e, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zpttrf (f07jrc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Estimate the condition number of A using nag_zptcon (f07juc). */
nag_zptcon(n, d, e, anorm, &rcond, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zptcon (f07juc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print the estimated condition number */
if (rcond >= nag_machine_precision)
    printf("Estimate of condition number = %11.2e\n\n", 1.0/rcond);
else
    printf("A is singular to working precision. RCOND = %11.2e\n\n", rcond);

END:
NAG_FREE(e);
NAG_FREE(d);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zptcon (f07juc) Example Program Data
  4
  16.0          41.0          46.0          21.0 : diagonal d
( 16.0, 16.0) ( 18.0, -9.0) (  1.0, -4.0)      : sub-diagonal e

```

10.3 Program Results

```

nag_zptcon (f07juc) Example Program Results

```

```

Estimate of condition number =      9.21e+03

```
