

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zgetrf (f07arc)

1 Purpose

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) computes the LU factorization of a complex m by n matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf07.h>
void nag_zgetrf (Nag_OrderType order, Integer m, Integer n, Complex a[],
                 Integer pda, Integer ipiv[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) forms the LU factorization of a complex m by n matrix A as $A = PLU$, where P is a permutation matrix, L is lower triangular with unit diagonal elements (lower trapezoidal if $m > n$) and U is upper triangular (upper trapezoidal if $m < n$). Usually A is square ($m = n$), and both L and U are triangular. The function uses partial pivoting, with row interchanges.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **m** – Integer *Input*

On entry: m , the number of rows of the matrix A .

Constraint: $m \geq 0$.

3: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the number of columns of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

4: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

The (i, j) th element of the matrix A is stored in

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor}; \\ \mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}. \end{aligned}$$

On entry: the m by n matrix A .

On exit: the factors L and U from the factorization $A = PLU$; the unit diagonal elements of L are not stored.

5: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

Constraints:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{if } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor}, \mathbf{pda} &\geq \max(1, \mathbf{m}); \\ \text{if } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}, \mathbf{pda} &\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n}). \end{aligned}$$

6: **ipiv[min(m, n)]** – Integer *Output*

On exit: the pivot indices that define the permutation matrix. At the i th step, if $\mathbf{ipiv}[i-1] > i$ then row i of the matrix A was interchanged with row $\mathbf{ipiv}[i-1]$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \min(m, n)$. $\mathbf{ipiv}[i-1] \leq i$ indicates that, at the i th step, a row interchange was not required.

7: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{m} = \langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

On entry, **pda** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} > 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ and $\mathbf{m} = \langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{m})$.

On entry, **pda** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ and $\mathbf{n} = \langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pda} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_SINGULAR

$U(\langle value \rangle, \langle value \rangle)$ is exactly zero. The factorization has been completed, but the factor U is exactly singular, and division by zero will occur if it is used to solve a system of equations.

7 Accuracy

The computed factors L and U are the exact factors of a perturbed matrix $A + E$, where

$$|E| \leq c(\min(m, n))\epsilon P|L||U|,$$

$c(n)$ is a modest linear function of n , and ϵ is the **machine precision**.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{8}{3}n^3$ if $m = n$ (the usual case), $\frac{4}{3}n^2(3m - n)$ if $m > n$ and $\frac{4}{3}m^2(3n - m)$ if $m < n$.

A call to this function with $m = n$ may be followed by calls to the functions:

nag_zgetrs (f07asc) to solve $AX = B$, $A^T X = B$ or $A^H X = B$;

nag_zgecon (f07auc) to estimate the condition number of A ;

nag_zgetri (f07awc) to compute the inverse of A .

The real analogue of this function is nag_dgetrf (f07adc).

10 Example

This example computes the LU factorization of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.34 + 2.55i & 0.28 + 3.17i & -6.39 - 2.20i & 0.72 - 0.92i \\ -0.17 - 1.41i & 3.31 - 0.15i & -0.15 + 1.34i & 1.29 + 1.38i \\ -3.29 - 2.39i & -1.91 + 4.42i & -0.14 - 1.35i & 1.72 + 1.35i \\ 2.41 + 0.39i & -0.56 + 1.47i & -0.83 - 0.69i & -1.96 + 0.67i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zgetrf (f07arc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 7, 2001.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stlib.h>
#include <nagf07.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
```

```
{
/* Scalars */
Integer      i, j, m, n, pda, ipiv_len;
Integer      exit_status = 0;
NagError      fail;
Nag_OrderType order;
/* Arrays */
Complex      *a = 0;
Integer      *ipiv = 0;

#ifndef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_zgetrf (f07arc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &m, &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = m;
#else
    pda = n;
#endif
ipiv_len = MIN(m, n);
/* Allocate memory */
if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(m * n, Complex)) ||
    !(ipiv = NAG_ALLOC(ipiv_len, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read A from data file */
for (i = 1; i <= m; ++i)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
        scanf(" (% lf , % lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

/* Factorize A */
/* nag_zgetrf (f07arc).
 * LU factorization of complex m by n matrix
 */
nag_zgetrf(order, m, n, a, pda, ipiv, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgetrf (f07arc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print details of factorization */
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, m,
                               n, a, pda, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                               "Details of factorization", Nag_IntegerLabels,
                               0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
```

```

{
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print pivot indices */
printf("\nipiv\n");
for (i = 1; i <= MIN(m, n); ++i)
    printf("%12ld%s", ipiv[i - 1], i%4 == 0?"\n":" ");
printf("\n");

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(ipiv);
return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) Example Program Data
 4 4                                         :Values of M and N
(-1.34, 2.55) ( 0.28, 3.17) (-6.39,-2.20) ( 0.72,-0.92)
(-0.17,-1.41) ( 3.31,-0.15) (-0.15, 1.34) ( 1.29, 1.38)
(-3.29,-2.39) (-1.91, 4.42) (-0.14,-1.35) ( 1.72, 1.35)
( 2.41, 0.39) (-0.56, 1.47) (-0.83,-0.69) (-1.96, 0.67) :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

```

nag_zgetrf (f07arc) Example Program Results

```

| Details of factorization | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | (-3.2900, -2.3900) | (-1.9100, 4.4200) | (-0.1400, -1.3500) | (1.7200, 1.3500) |
| 2 | (0.2376, 0.2560) | (4.8952, -0.7114) | (-0.4623, 1.6966) | (1.2269, 0.6190) |
| 3 | (-0.1020, -0.7010) | (-0.6691, 0.3689) | (-5.1414, -1.1300) | (0.9983, 0.3850) |
| 4 | (-0.5359, 0.2707) | (-0.2040, 0.8601) | (0.0082, 0.1211) | (0.1482, -0.1252) |

ipiv

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|
