

NAG Library Function Document

nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc)

1 Purpose

nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) computes the determinant of a complex n by n matrix A . nag_zgetrf (f07arc) must be called first to supply the matrix A in factorized form.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf03.h>

void nag_det_complex_gen (Nag_OrderType order, Integer n, const Complex a[],
    Integer pda, const Integer ipiv[], Complex *d, Integer id[],
    NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) computes the determinant of a complex n by n matrix A that has been factorized by a call to nag_zgetrf (f07arc). The determinant of A is the product of the diagonal elements of U with the correct sign determined by the row interchanges.

4 References

Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) *Handbook for Automatic Computation II, Linear Algebra* Springer-Verlag

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n > 0$.

3: **a**[dim] – const Complex *Input*

Note: the dimension, dim , of the array **a** must be at least $pda \times n$.

The (i, j) th element of the factorized form of the matrix A is stored in

a[$(j - 1) \times pda + i - 1$] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
a[$(i - 1) \times pda + j - 1$] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: the n by n matrix A in factorized form as returned by nag_zgetrf (f07arc).

- 4: **pda** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.
Constraint: **pda** \geq **n**.
- 5: **ipiv**[**n**] – const Integer *Input*
On entry: the row interchanges used to factorize matrix *A* as returned by nag_zgetrf (f07arc).
- 6: **d** – Complex * *Output*
On exit: the mantissa of the real and imaginary parts of the determinant.
- 7: **id**[2] – Integer *Output*
On exit: the exponents for the real and imaginary parts of the determinant. The determinant, $d = (d_r, d_i)$, is returned as $d_r = D_r \times 2^j$ and $d_i = D_i \times 2^k$, where $\mathbf{d} = (D_r, D_i)$ and j and k are stored in the first and second elements respectively of the array **id** on successful exit.
- 8: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** \geq 1.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **pda** \geq **n**.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_SINGULAR

The matrix *A* is approximately singular.

7 Accuracy

The accuracy of the determinant depends on the conditioning of the original matrix. For a detailed error analysis, see page 107 of Wilkinson and Reinsch (1971).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) is approximately proportional to n .

10 Example

This example calculates the determinant of the complex matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1+2i & 2+10i \\ 1+i & 3i & -5+14i \\ 1+i & 5i & -8+20i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2011, Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 23, 2011.
 */
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <naga02.h>
#include <nagf03.h>
#include <nagf07.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    Integer      i, j, n, pda;
    Complex      d;
    /* Arrays */
    Integer      *ipiv = 0;
    Integer      id[2];
    Complex      *a = 0;
    /* NAG types */
    NagError     fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_MatrixType matrix = Nag_GeneralMatrix;
    Nag_DiagType  diag = Nag_NonUnitDiag;

    printf("nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) Example Program Results\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%m[^\\n]");
    scanf("%ld%[^\\n]", &n);
    pda = n;

    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC((n)*(n), Complex)) ||
        !(ipiv = NAG_ALLOC((n), Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Define matrix element A_ij in terms of elements of array a[k] */
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda+(I-1)]
#else
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#define A(J, I) a[(J-1)*pda+(I-1)]
#endif
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf ) ", &A(i,j).re, &A(i,j).im);
    scanf("%m[^\\n] ");

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

```

```

/* Factorize A using nag_zgetrf (f07arc)
 * LU factorization of complex m by n matrix
 */
nag_zgetrf(order, n, n, a, pda, ipiv, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* nag_gen_complex_mat_print (x04dac)
 * Print complex general matrix (easy-to-use)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complex_mat_print(order, matrix, diag, n, n, a, pda,
                          "Array A after factorization", NULL,
                          &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 2;
    goto END;
}

printf("Pivots:\n ");
for (j = 0; j < n; j++) printf("%12" NAG_IFMT, ipiv[j]);
printf("\n");

/* nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) - Determinant of complex matrix */
nag_det_complex_gen(order, n, a, pda, ipiv, &d, id, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 3;
    goto END;
}

printf("d = (%9.5f, %9.5f)    id = (%2ld, %2ld)\n",
       d.re, d.im, id[0], id[1]);
printf("Value of determinant = (%12.5e, %12.5e)\n",
       pow(2.0, id[0])*(d.re), pow(2.0, id[1])*(d.im));

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(ipiv);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) Example Program Data

```

3                               : n

( 1.0, 0.0) ( 1.0, 2.0) ( 2.0, 10.0)
( 1.0, 1.0) ( 0.0, 3.0) (-5.0, 14.0)
( 1.0, 1.0) ( 0.0, 5.0) (-8.0, 20.0) : A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_det_complex_gen (f03bnc) Example Program Results

Array A after factorization

	1	2	3
1	1.0000	0.0000	-5.0000
	1.0000	3.0000	14.0000
2	1.0000	0.0000	-3.0000
	0.0000	2.0000	6.0000
3	0.5000	0.2500	-0.2500
	-0.5000	0.2500	-0.2500

Pivots:

d = (0.06250, 0.00000) id = (4, 0)

Value of determinant = (1.00000e+00, 0.00000e+00)
