

NAG Library Function Document

nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc)

1 Purpose

nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) evaluates a cubic spline from its B-spline representation.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nage02.h>
void nag_1d_spline_evaluate (double x, double *s, Nag_Spline *spline,
                             NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) evaluates the cubic spline $s(x)$ at a prescribed argument x from its augmented knot set λ_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \bar{n} + 7$, (see nag_1d_spline_fit_knots (e02bac)) and from the coefficients c_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$, in its B-spline representation

$$s(x) = \sum_{i=1}^q c_i N_i(x)$$

Here $q = \bar{n} + 3$, where \bar{n} is the number of intervals of the spline, and $N_i(x)$ denotes the normalized B-spline of degree 3 defined upon the knots $\lambda_i, \lambda_{i+1}, \dots, \lambda_{i+4}$. The prescribed argument x must satisfy $\lambda_4 \leq x \leq \lambda_{\bar{n}+4}$.

It is assumed that $\lambda_j \geq \lambda_{j-1}$, for $j = 2, 3, \dots, \bar{n} + 7$, and $\lambda_{\bar{n}+4} > \lambda_4$.

The method employed is that of evaluation by taking convex combinations due to de Boor (1972). For further details of the algorithm and its use see Cox (1972) and Cox (1978).

It is expected that a common use of nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) will be the evaluation of the cubic spline approximations produced by nag_1d_spline_fit_knots (e02bac). A generalization of nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) which also forms the derivative of $s(x)$ is nag_1d_spline_deriv (e02bcc). nag_1d_spline_deriv (e02bcc) takes about 50% longer than nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc).

4 References

Cox M G (1972) The numerical evaluation of B-splines *J. Inst. Math. Appl.* **10** 134–149

Cox M G (1978) The numerical evaluation of a spline from its B-spline representation *J. Inst. Math. Appl.* **21** 135–143

Cox M G and Hayes J G (1973) Curve fitting: a guide and suite of algorithms for the non-specialist user *NPL Report NAC26* National Physical Laboratory

de Boor C (1972) On calculating with B-splines *J. Approx. Theory* **6** 50–62

5 Arguments

1: **x** – double *Input*

On entry: the argument x at which the cubic spline is to be evaluated.

Constraint: **spline**→**lamda**[3] ≤ **x** ≤ **spline**→**lamda**[**spline**→**n** – 4].

2: **s** – double * *Output*

On exit: the value of the spline, $s(x)$.

3: **spline** – Nag_Spline *

Pointer to structure of type Nag_Spline with the following members:

n – Integer *Input*

On entry: $\bar{n} + 7$, where \bar{n} is the number of intervals (one greater than the number of interior knots, i.e., the knots strictly within the range λ_4 to $\lambda_{\bar{n}+4}$) over which the spline is defined.

Constraint: **spline**→**n** \geq 8.

lamda – double * *Input*

On entry: a pointer to which memory of size **spline**→**n** must be allocated. **spline**→**lamda**[$j - 1$] must be set to the value of the j th member of the complete set of knots, λ_j for $j = 1, 2, \dots, \bar{n} + 7$.

Constraint: the λ_j must be in nondecreasing order with **spline**→**lamda**[**spline**→**n** - 4] > **spline**→**lamda**[3].

c – double * *Input*

On entry: a pointer to which memory of size **spline**→**n** - 4 must be allocated. **spline**→**c** holds the coefficient c_i of the B-spline $N_i(x)$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \bar{n} + 3$.

Under normal usage, the call to nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) will follow a call to nag_1d_spline_fit_knots (e02bac), nag_1d_spline_interpolant (e01bac) or nag_1d_spline_fit (e02bec). In that case, the structure **spline** will have been set up correctly for input to nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc).

4: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ABSCI_OUTSIDE_KNOT_INTVL

On entry, **x** must satisfy **spline**→**lamda**[3] \leq **x** \leq **spline**→**lamda**[**spline**→**n** - 4]:
spline→**lamda**[3] = $\langle value \rangle$, **x** = $\langle value \rangle$, **spline**→**lamda**[$\langle value \rangle$] = $\langle value \rangle$.
 In this case **s** is set arbitrarily to zero.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **spline**→**n** must not be less than 8: **spline**→**n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

7 Accuracy

The computed value of $s(x)$ has negligible error in most practical situations. Specifically, this value has an absolute error bounded in modulus by $18 \times c_{\max} \times \mathit{machine\ precision}$, where c_{\max} is the largest in modulus of c_j, c_{j+1}, c_{j+2} and c_{j+3} , and j is an integer such that $\lambda_{j+3} \leq x \leq \lambda_{j+4}$. If c_j, c_{j+1}, c_{j+2} and c_{j+3} are all of the same sign, then the computed value of $s(x)$ has a relative error not exceeding $20 \times \mathit{machine\ precision}$ in modulus. For further details see Cox (1978).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by `nag_1d_spline_evaluate` (e02bbc) is approximately $C \times (1 + 0.1 \times \log(\bar{n} + 7))$ seconds, where C is a machine-dependent constant.

Note: the function does not test all the conditions on the knots given in the description of **spline**→**lamda** in Section 5, since to do this would result in a computation time approximately linear in $\bar{n} + 7$ instead of $\log(\bar{n} + 7)$. All the conditions are tested in `nag_1d_spline_fit_knots` (e02bac), however, and the knots returned by `nag_1d_spline_interpolant` (e01bac) or `nag_1d_spline_fit` (e02bec) will satisfy the conditions.

10 Example

Evaluate at 9 equally-spaced points in the interval $1.0 \leq x \leq 9.0$ the cubic spline with (augmented) knots 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 6.0, 8.0, 9.0, 9.0, 9.0, 9.0 and normalized cubic B-spline coefficients 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 7.0, 6.0, 4.0, 3.0.

The example program is written in a general form that will enable a cubic spline with \bar{n} intervals, in its normalized cubic B-spline form, to be evaluated at m equally-spaced points in the interval **spline**→**lamda**[3] $\leq x \leq$ **spline**→**lamda**[$\bar{n} + 3$]. The program is self-starting in that any number of datasets may be supplied.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 1991 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2, 1991.
 *
 * Mark 3 revised, 1994.
 * Mark 8 revised, 2004.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nage02.h>

int main(void)
{
    Integer    exit_status = 0, j, m, ncap, ncap7, r;
    Nag_Spline spline;
    double     a, b, s, x;
    NagError   fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    /* Initialise spline */
    spline.lamda = 0;
    spline.c = 0;

    printf("nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) Example Program Results\n");
    scanf("%*[\n]"); /* Skip heading in data file */
    while (scanf("%ld", &m) != EOF)
    {
        if (m <= 0)
        {
            printf("Invalid m.\n");
            exit_status = 1;
            return exit_status;
        }
        scanf("%ld", &ncap);
        ncap7 = ncap+7;
        if (ncap > 0)
        {
            spline.n = ncap7;
            if (!(spline.c = NAG_ALLOC(ncap7, double)) ||

```

```

        !(spline.lamda = NAG_ALLOC(ncap7, double)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
}
else
{
    printf("Invalid ncap.\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}
for (j = 0; j < ncap7; j++)
    scanf("%lf", &(spline.lamda[j]));
for (j = 0; j < ncap+3; j++)
    scanf("%lf", &(spline.c[j]));
a = spline.lamda[3];
b = spline.lamda[ncap+3];
printf("Augmented set of knots stored in spline.lamda:\n");
for (j = 0; j < ncap7; j++)
    printf("%10.4f%s", spline.lamda[j],
           (j%6 == 5 || j == ncap7-1)?"\n":" ");
printf("\nB-spline coefficients stored in spline.c\n\n");
for (j = 0; j < ncap+3; j++)
    printf("%10.4f%s", spline.c[j],
           (j%6 == 5 || j == ncap+2)?"\n":" ");
printf("\n      x      Value of cubic spline\n\n");
for (r = 1; r <= m; ++r)
{
    x = ((double)(m-r) * a + (double)(r-1) * b) / (double)(m-1);
    /* nag_ld_spline_evaluate (e02bbc).
     * Evaluation of fitted cubic spline, function only
     */
    nag_ld_spline_evaluate(x, &s, &spline, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf(
            "Error from nag_ld_spline_evaluate (e02bbc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    printf("%10.4f%15.4f\n", x, s);
}
NAG_FREE(spline.c);
NAG_FREE(spline.lamda);
}
END:
return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

nag_ld_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) Example Program Data

```

9
4
1.00
1.00
1.00
1.00
3.00
6.00
8.00
9.00
9.00
9.00
9.00
1.00
2.00

```

4.00
7.00
6.00
4.00
3.00

10.3 Program Results

nag_1d_spline_evaluate (e02bbc) Example Program Results

Augmented set of knots stored in spline.lamda:

1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	3.0000	6.0000
8.0000	9.0000	9.0000	9.0000	9.0000	

B-spline coefficients stored in spline.c

1.0000	2.0000	4.0000	7.0000	6.0000	4.0000
3.0000					

x	Value of cubic spline
1.0000	1.0000
2.0000	2.3779
3.0000	3.6229
4.0000	4.8327
5.0000	5.8273
6.0000	6.3571
7.0000	6.1905
8.0000	5.1667
9.0000	3.0000
