

## NAG Toolbox

### nag\_sort\_realvec\_rank\_rearrange (m01ea)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_sort\_realvec\_rank\_rearrange (m01ea) rearranges a vector of real numbers into the order specified by a vector of ranks.

#### 2 Syntax

```
[rv, irank, ifail] = nag_sort_realvec_rank_rearrange(rv, m1, irank, 'm2', m2)
[rv, irank, ifail] = m01ea(rv, m1, irank, 'm2', m2)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_sort\_realvec\_rank\_rearrange (m01ea) is designed to be used typically in conjunction with the M01D ranking functions. After one of the M01D functions has been called to determine a vector of ranks, nag\_sort\_realvec\_rank\_rearrange (m01ea) can be called to rearrange a vector of real numbers into the rank order. If the vector of ranks has been generated in some other way, then nag\_sort\_permute\_check (m01zb) should be called to check its validity before nag\_sort\_realvec\_rank\_rearrange (m01ea) is called.

#### 4 References

None.

#### 5 Parameters

##### 5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

- 1: **rv(m2)** – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array  
Elements **m1** to **m2** of **rv** must contain real values to be rearranged.
- 2: **m1** – INTEGER  
**m1** and **m2** must specify the range of the ranks supplied in **irank** and the elements of **rv** to be rearranged.  
*Constraint:*  $0 < \mathbf{m1} \leq \mathbf{m2}$ .
- 3: **irank(m2)** – INTEGER array  
Elements **m1** to **m2** of **irank** must contain a permutation of the integers **m1** to **m2**, which are interpreted as a vector of ranks.

##### 5.2 Optional Input Parameters

- 1: **m2** – INTEGER  
*Default:* the dimension of the arrays **irank**, **rv**. (An error is raised if these dimensions are not equal.)  
**m1** and **m2** must specify the range of the ranks supplied in **irank** and the elements of **rv** to be rearranged.  
*Constraint:*  $0 < \mathbf{m1} \leq \mathbf{m2}$ .

### 5.3 Output Parameters

1: **rv(m2)** – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

These values are rearranged into rank order. For example, if **irank**(*i*) = **m1**, then the initial value of **rv**(*i*) is moved to **rv**(**m1**).

2: **irank(m2)** – INTEGER array

Used as internal workspace prior to being restored and hence is unchanged.

3: **ifail** – INTEGER

**ifail** = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 5).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

**ifail** = 1

On entry, **m2** < 1,  
or **m1** < 1,  
or **m1** > **m2**.

**ifail** = 2

Elements **m1** to **m2** of **irank** contain a value outside the range **m1** to **m2**.

**ifail** = 3

Elements **m1** to **m2** of **irank** contain a repeated value.

**ifail** = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

**ifail** = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

**ifail** = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

If **ifail** = 2 or 3, elements **m1** to **m2** of **irank** do not contain a permutation of the integers **m1** to **m2**. On exit, the contents of **rv** may be corrupted. To check the validity of **irank** without the risk of corrupting **rv**, use `nag_sort_permute_check` (m01zb).

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Further Comments

The average time taken by the function is approximately proportional to  $n$ , where  $n = \mathbf{m2} - \mathbf{m1} + 1$ .

## 9 Example

This example reads a matrix of real numbers and rearranges its rows so that the elements of the  $k$ th column are in ascending order. To do this, the program first calls `nag_sort_realvec_rank` (m01da) to rank the elements of the  $k$ th column, and then calls `nag_sort_realvec_rank_rearrange` (m01ea) to rearrange each column into the order specified by the ranks. The value of  $k$  is read from the datafile.

## 9.1 Program Text

```
function m01ea_example

fprintf('m01ea example results\n\n');

k = nag_int(1);

rm = [6 5 4;
      5 2 1;
      2 4 9;
      4 9 6;
      4 9 5;
      4 1 2;
      3 4 1;
      2 4 6;
      1 6 4;
      9 3 2;
      6 2 5;
      4 9 6];

m1 = nag_int(1);
m2 = nag_int(size(rm,1));
n = nag_int(size(rm,2));

% Rank by column k
order = 'Ascending';
[irank, ifail] = m01da(rm(:,k), m1, order);

% Sort columns by ranking
for j = 1:n
    [rm(:,j), irank, ifail] = m01ea(rm(:,j), m1, irank);
end

fprintf('Matrix sorted on column %2d\n', k);
for i = m1:m2
    fprintf('%7.1f', rm(i,:));
    fprintf('\n');
end
```

## 9.2 Program Results

```
m01ea example results

Matrix sorted on column 1
 1.0  6.0  4.0
 2.0  4.0  9.0
 2.0  4.0  6.0
 3.0  4.0  1.0
 4.0  9.0  6.0
 4.0  9.0  5.0
 4.0  1.0  2.0
 4.0  9.0  6.0
 5.0  2.0  1.0
 6.0  5.0  4.0
 6.0  2.0  5.0
 9.0  3.0  2.0
```

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