NAG Library Routine Document

G05PWF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05PWF generates a dataset suitable for use with repeated random sub-sampling validation.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO5PWF (NT, N, M, SORDX, X, LDX, USEY, Y, USEW, W, STATE, IFAIL)

INTEGER NT, N, M, SORDX, LDX, USEY, USEW, STATE(*), IFAIL REAL (KIND=nag_wp) X(LDX,*), Y(*), W(*)
```

3 Description

Let X_o denote a matrix of n observations on m variables and y_o and w_o each denote a vector of length n. For example, X_o might represent a matrix of independent variables, y_o the dependent variable and w_o the associated weights in a weighted regression.

G05PWF generates a series of training datasets, denoted by the matrix, vector, vector triplet (X_t, y_t, w_t) of n_t observations, and validation datasets, denoted (X_v, y_v, w_v) with n_v observations. These training and validation datasets are generated by randomly assigning each observation to either the training dataset or the validation dataset.

The resulting datasets are suitable for use with repeated random sub-sampling validation.

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05PWF.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

1: NT – INTEGER Input

On entry: n_t , the number of observations in the training dataset.

Constraint: $1 \le NT \le N$.

2: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the number of observations.

Constraint: $N \ge 1$.

3: M – INTEGER Input

On entry: m, the number of variables.

Constraint: $M \ge 1$.

4: SORDX – INTEGER

On entry: determines how variables are stored in X.

Constraint: SORDX = 1 or 2.

5: $X(LDX,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp)$ array

Input/Output

Input

Note: the second dimension of the array X must be at least M if SORDX = 1 and at least N if SORDX = 2.

The way the data is stored in X is defined by SORDX.

If SORDX = 1, X(i,j) contains the *i*th observation for the *j*th variable, for i = 1, 2, ..., N and j = 1, 2, ..., M.

If SORDX = 2, X(j, i) contains the *i*th observation for the *j*th variable, for i = 1, 2, ..., N and j = 1, 2, ..., M.

On entry: X must hold X_o , the values of X for the original dataset. This may be the same X as returned by a previous call to G05PWF.

On exit: values of X for the training and validation datasets, with X_t held in observations 1 to NT and X_v in observations NT + 1 to N.

6: LDX – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which G05PWF is called.

Constraints:

if SORDX = 2, $LDX \ge M$; otherwise $LDX \ge N$.

7: USEY – INTEGER

Input

On entry: if USEY = 1, the original dataset includes y_o and y_o will be processed alongside X_o . Constraint: USEY = 0 or 1.

8: Y(*) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the dimension of the array Y must be at least N if USEY = 1.

If USEY = 0, Y is not referenced on entry and will not be modified on exit.

On entry: Y must hold y_o , the values of y for the original dataset. This may be the same Y as returned by a previous call to G05PWF.

On exit: values of y for the training and validation datasets, with y_t held in elements 1 to NT and y_v in elements NT + 1 to N.

9: USEW – INTEGER

Input

On entry: if USEW = 1, the original dataset includes w_o and w_o will be processed alongside X_o . Constraint: USEW = 0 or 1.

10: W(*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the dimension of the array W must be at least N if USEW = 1.

If USEW = 0, W is not referenced on entry or and will not be modified on exit.

On entry: W must hold w_o , the values of w for the original dataset. This may be the same W as returned by a previous call to G05PWF.

On exit: values of w for the training and validation datasets, with w_t held in elements 1 to NT and w_v in elements NT + 1 to N.

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11: STATE(*) - INTEGER array

Communication Array

Note: the actual argument supplied **must** be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.

On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.

On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.

12: IFAIL - INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this argument you should refer to Section 3.4 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this argument, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

```
IFAIL = 11
        On entry, NT = \langle value \rangle and N = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: 1 < NT < N.
IFAIL = 21
        On entry, N = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: N > 1.
IFAIL = 31
        On entry, M = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: M \ge 1.
IFAIL = 41
        On entry, SORDX = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: SORDX = 1 or 2.
IFAIL = 61
        On entry, LDX = \langle value \rangle and N = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: if SORDX = 1, LDX \ge N.
IFAIL = 62
        On entry, LDX = \langle value \rangle and M = \langle value \rangle.
        Constraint: if SORDX = 2, LDX \ge M.
IFAIL = 71
```

Constraint: USEY = 0 or 1.

IFAIL = 91

Constraint: USEW = 0 or 1.

IFAIL = 111

On entry, STATE vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.9 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.8 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

G05PWF is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

G05PWF makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

G05PWF will be computationality more efficient if each observation in X is contiguous, that is SORDX = 2.

10 Example

This example uses G05PWF to facilitate repeated random sub-sampling cross-validation.

A set of simulated data is randomly split into a training and validation datasets. G02GBF is used to fit a logistic regression model to each training dataset and then G02GPF is used to predict the response for the observations in the validation dataset. This process is repeated 10 times.

The counts of true and false positives and negatives along with the sensitivity and specificity is then reported.

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10.1 Program Text

```
Program g05pwfe
      GO5PWF Example Program Text
!
1
     Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
      .. Use Statements .
     Use nag_library, Only: q02qbf, q02qpf, q05kff, q05pwf, nag_wp
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
                                        :: lseed = 1, nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                        :: a, dev, eps, s, tol
                                        :: fn, fp, genid, i, idf, ifail, ip,
  iprint, irank, ldv, ldx, lstate,
     Integer
                                           lwk, m, maxit, n, nn, np, nsamp, nt, &
                                           nv, obs_val, pred_val, samp, sordx, &
                                           subid, tn, tp, uset, usey
     Logical
                                        :: vfobs
     Character (1)
                                        :: errfn, link, mean, offset, weight
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: b(:), cov(:), eta(:), pred(:),
                                           se(:), seeta(:), sepred(:), t(:),
                                           v(:,:), wk(:), x(:,:), y(:)
                                        :: off(1), wt(1)
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
      Integer, Allocatable
                                        :: isx(:), state(:)
      Integer
                                        :: seed(lseed)
!
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
     Intrinsic
                                        :: count, int, real
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'GO5PWF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
      Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Set variables required by the regression (G02GBF) ...
1
1
     Read in the type of link function, whether a mean is required
      and the problem size
!
     Read (nin,*) link, mean, n, m
     Set storage order for GO5PWF (pick the one required by GO2GBF and
     GO2GPF)
1
     sordx = 1
      ldx = n
     Allocate (x(ldx,m),y(n),t(n),isx(m))
     This example is not using an offset or weights
!
     offset = 'N'
     weight = 'U'
     Read in data
     Read (nin,*)(x(i,1:m),y(i),t(i),i=1,n)
     Read in variable inclusion flags
     Read (nin,*) isx(1:m)
     Read in control parameters for the regression
1
     Read (nin,*) iprint, eps, tol, maxit
      Calculate IP
      ip = count(isx(1:m)>0)
      If (mean=='M' .Or. mean=='m') Then
       ip = ip + 1
     End If
      ... End of setting variables required by the regression
```

```
!
      Set variables required by data sampling routine (GO5PWF) ...
      Read in the base generator information and seed
      Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1:1seed)
     Will always have a Y and T variable
     usey = 1
uset = 1
     Query the required size of the STATE array
!
      1state = 0
      Allocate (state(lstate))
      ifail = 0
      Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
     Reallocate STATE
     Deallocate (state)
     Allocate (state(lstate))
      Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
      ifail = 0
      Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
     Read in the size of the training set required
     Read (nin,*) nt
     Read in the number of sub-samples we will use */
     Read (nin,*) nsamp
      ... End of setting variables required by data sampling routine
      Set variables required by prediction routine (G02GPF) ...
!
     Regression is performed using GO2GBF so error structure is binomial
!
      errfn = 'B'
      This example does not use the predicted standard errors, so
!
      it doesn't matter what VFOBS is set to
     vfobs = .False.
1
      ... End of setting variables required by prediction routine
     Calculate the size of the validation dataset
!
     nv = n - nt
     Allocate arrays
!
      ldv = n
      lwk = (ip*ip+3*ip+22)/2
      Allocate (b(ip), se(ip), cov(ip*(ip+1)/2), v(ldv, ip+7), wk(lwk))
      Allocate (eta(nv), seeta(nv), pred(nv), sepred(nv))
!
     Initialize counts
      tp = 0
      tn = 0
      fp = 0
      fn = 0
     Loop over each sample
      Do samp = 1, nsamp
!
        Split the data into training and validation datasets
        ifail = 0
        Call g05pwf(nt,n,m,sordx,x,ldx,usey,y,uset,t,state,ifail)
        Call routine to fit generalized linear model, with Binomial errors
!
        to training data
        ifail = -1
        Call q02qbf(link,mean,offset,weight,nt,x,ldx,m,isx,ip,y,t,wt,dev,idf, &
          b, irank, se, cov, v, ldv, tol, maxit, iprint, eps, wk, ifail)
        If (ifail/=0) Then
          If (ifail<6) Then
            Go To 100
          End If
```

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```
End If
!
        Predict the response for the observations in the validation dataset
        ifail = 0
        Call g02gpf(errfn,link,mean,offset,weight,nv,x(nt+1,1),ldx,m,isx,ip,
          t(nt+1), off, wt, s, a, b, cov, vfobs, eta, seeta, pred, sepred, ifail)
        Count the true/false positives/negatives
        Do i = 1, nv
          obs_val = int(y(nt+i))
          If (pred(i) \ge 0.5 _nag_wp) Then
           pred_val = 1
          Else
            pred_val = 0
          End If
          Select Case (obs_val)
          Case (0)
!
            Negative
            Select Case (pred_val)
            Case (0)
!
              True negative
              tn = tn + 1
            Case (1)
              False positive
              fp = fp + 1
            End Select
          Case (1)
!
            Positive
            Select Case (pred_val)
            Case (0)
              False negative
!
              fn = fn + 1
            Case (1)
1
              True positive
              tp = tp + 1
            End Select
          End Select
        End Do
      End Do
!
      Display results
      np = tp + fn
      nn = fp + tn
      Write (*,99998) '
                                             Observed'
      Write (*,99998) '
      Write (*,99998) 'Predicted | Negative Positive Total'
      Write (*,99998) '-----'
      Write (*,99997) 'Negative \mid', tn, fn, tn + fn
      Write (*,99997) 'Positive |', fp, tp, fp + tp
Write (*,99997) 'Total |', nn, np, nn + np
      Write (*,99997) 'Total Write (*,*)
      If (np/=0) Then
        Write (nout, 99999) 'True Positive Rate (Sensitivity):',
                                                                                   &
         real(tp,kind=nag_wp)/real(np,kind=nag_wp)
        Write (nout, 99998)
          'True Positive Rate (Sensitivity): No positives in data'
      End If
      If (nn/=0) Then
        Write (nout, 99999) 'True Negative Rate (Specificity):',
          real(tn,kind=nag_wp)/real(nn,kind=nag_wp)
        Write (nout, 99998)
                                                                                   &
          'True Negative Rate (Specificity): No negatives in data'
```

```
100     Continue
99999     Format (1X,A,F5.2)
99998     Format (1X,A)
99997     Format (1X,A,1X,I5,5X,I5,5X,I5)
          End Program g05pwfe
```

10.2 Program Data

```
GO5PWF Example Program Data
 'G' 'M'
          40 4
                                   :: LINK, MEAN, N, M
0.0 -0.1 0.0 1.0
0.4 -1.1 1.0 1.0
-0.5 0.2 1.0 0.0
                         0.0 1.0
                          1.0 1.0
                         0.0 1.0
0.6 1.1 1.0 0.0
                         0.0 1.0
-0.3 -1.0 1.0
2.8 -1.8 0.0
                1.0
                         0.0
                              1.0
                1.0
                          0.0
                               1.0
          0.0
0.4 -0.7
                1.0
                         1.0 1.0
-0.4 -0.3
          1.0 0.0
                         1.0 1.0
0.5 -2.6 0.0
                0.0
                          1.0 1.0
                              1.0
          1.0
1.0
-1.6 -0.3
                1.0
                         0.0
0.4 0.6
                0.0
                         0.0
                               1.0
          1.0
-1.6 0.0
                         1.0 1.0
                1.0
0.0 0.4
          1.0 1.0
                          1.0 1.0
          1.0
                1.0
-0.1 0.7
                          0.0
                              1.0
-0.2
      1.8
                1.0
                          0.0
                               1.0
-0.9 0.7
          1.0
                1.0
                         0.0 1.0
-1.1 -0.5
          1.0
               1.0
                         0.0 1.0
-0.1 -2.2
          1.0
                1.0
                         1.0 1.0
-1.8 -0.5 1.0
-0.8 -0.9 0.0
                          1.0 1.0
1.0 1.0
                1.0
                1.0
1.9 -0.1 1.0
                         1.0 1.0
               1.0
0.3 1.4
          1.0 1.0
                         0.0 1.0
                              1.0
0.4 -1.2
2.2 1.8
          1.0
1.0
                0.0
                          1.0
                0.0
                          1.0
                               1.0
1.4 -0.4 0.0
                         1.0 1.0
                1.0
0.4 2.4
          1.0
                1.0
                         0.0 1.0
-0.6 1.1 1.0
1.4 -0.6 1.0
-0.1 -0.1 0.0
                1.0
                         0.0 1.0
                1.0
                          1.0
                               1.0
                         0.0 1.0
                0.0
-0.6 -0.4 0.0 0.0
                         0.0 1.0
0.6 -0.2 1.0 1.0
                         1.0 1.0
               1.0
                              1.0
          1.0
1.0
-1.8 -0.3
                          1.0
-0.3 1.6
                1.0
                          0.0
                               1.0
-0.6 0.8
          0.0
                1.0
                         0.0 1.0
0.3 -0.5 0.0 0.0
                         1.0 1.0
1.6 1.4 1.0 1.0
-1.1 0.6 1.0 1.0
-0.3 0.6 1.0 1.0
                1.0
                         0.0 1.0
                          0.0
                               1.0
                         0.0 1.0
-0.6 0.1 1.0
               1.0
                         0.0 1.0
                          1.0 1.0 :: End of X, Y, T
1.0 0.6 1.0 1.0
1
     1
           1
                1
                                   :: ISX
0 0.0 0.0 0
                                   :: IPRINT, EPS, TOL, MAXIT
6 0 42321
                                   :: GENID, SUBID, SEED
32
                                   :: NT
10
                                   :: NSAMP
```

10.3 Program Results

GO5PWF Example Program Results

			Observed	
Predicted		Negative	Positive	Total
Negative		38	20	- 58

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G05 -	Random	Number	Generators

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Positive | 8 14 22 Total | 46 34 80

True Positive Rate (Sensitivity): 0.41 True Negative Rate (Specificity): 0.83

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