NAG Library Routine Document F08UNF (ZHBGV)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F08UNF (ZHBGV) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors of a complex generalized Hermitian-definite banded eigenproblem, of the form

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$
,

where A and B are Hermitian and banded, and B is also positive definite.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8UNF (JOBZ, UPLO, N, KA, KB, AB, LDAB, BB, LDBB, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, RWORK, INFO)

INTEGER

N, KA, KB, LDAB, LDBB, LDZ, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) W(N), RWORK(3*N)

COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*), BB(LDBB,*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(N)

CHARACTER(1) JOBZ, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name zhbgv.

3 Description

The generalized Hermitian-definite band problem

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$

is first reduced to a standard band Hermitian problem

$$Cx = \lambda x$$
.

where C is a Hermitian band matrix, using Wilkinson's modification to Crawford's algorithm (see Crawford (1973) and Wilkinson (1977)). The Hermitian eigenvalue problem is then solved for the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors, if required, which are then backtransformed to the eigenvectors of the original problem.

The eigenvectors are normalized so that the matrix of eigenvectors, Z, satisfies

$$Z^{H}AZ = \Lambda$$
 and $Z^{H}BZ = I$.

where Λ is the diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Crawford C R (1973) Reduction of a band-symmetric generalized eigenvalue problem Comm. ACM 16 41-44

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Wilkinson J H (1977) Some recent advances in numerical linear algebra *The State of the Art in Numerical Analysis* (ed D A H Jacobs) Academic Press

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5 Arguments

1: JOBZ - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.

JOBZ = 'N'

Only eigenvalues are computed.

JOBZ = 'V'

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: JOBZ = 'N' or 'V'.

2: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangles of A and B are stored.

If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangles of A and B are stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrices A and B.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

4: KA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: if UPLO = 'U', the number of superdiagonals, k_a , of the matrix A.

If UPLO = 'L', the number of subdiagonals, k_a , of the matrix A.

Constraint: $KA \ge 0$.

5: KB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: if UPLO = 'U', the number of superdiagonals, k_b , of the matrix B.

If UPLO = 'L', the number of subdiagonals, k_b , of the matrix B.

Constraint: $KA \ge KB \ge 0$.

6: AB(LDAB, *) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the upper or lower triangle of the n by n Hermitian band matrix A.

The matrix is stored in rows 1 to $k_a + 1$, more precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of A within the band must be stored with element A_{ij} in $AB(k_a+1+i-j,j)$ for $max(1,j-k_a) \le i \le j$;

if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of A within the band must be stored with element A_{ij} in AB(1+i-j,j) for $j \le i \le \min(n,j+k_a)$.

On exit: the contents of AB are overwritten.

7: LDAB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UNF (ZHBGV) is called.

Constraint: LDAB \geq KA + 1.

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8: BB(LDBB,*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array BB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the upper or lower triangle of the n by n Hermitian band matrix B.

The matrix is stored in rows 1 to $k_b + 1$, more precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of B within the band must be stored with element B_{ij} in $BB(k_b+1+i-j,j)$ for $max(1,j-k_b) \le i \le j$;

if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of B within the band must be stored with element B_{ij} in BB(1+i-j,j) for $j \le i \le \min(n,j+k_b)$.

On exit: the factor S from the split Cholesky factorization $B = S^{H}S$, as returned by F08UTF (ZPBSTF).

9: LDBB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array BB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UNF (ZHBGV) is called.

Constraint: LDBB > KB + 1.

10: W(N) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the eigenvalues in ascending order.

11: $Z(LDZ,*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp)$ array

Output

Note: the second dimension of the array Z must be at least max(1, N) if JOBZ = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if JOBZ = 'V', Z contains the matrix Z of eigenvectors, with the ith column of Z holding the eigenvector associated with W(i). The eigenvectors are normalized so that $Z^HBZ = I$.

If JOBZ = 'N', Z is not referenced.

12: LDZ – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UNF (ZHBGV) is called.

Constraints:

if
$$JOBZ = 'V'$$
, $LDZ \ge max(1, N)$; otherwise $LDZ \ge 1$.

13: $WORK(N) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array$

Workspace

14: RWORK $(3 \times N)$ – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

15: INFO - INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

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INFO > 0

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If INFO = i and $i \le N$, the algorithm failed to converge; i off-diagonal elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

If INFO = i and i > N, if INFO = N + i, for $1 \le i \le N$, then F08UTF (ZPBSTF) returned INFO = i: B is not positive definite. The factorization of B could not be completed and no eigenvalues or eigenvectors were computed.

7 Accuracy

If B is ill-conditioned with respect to inversion, then the error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and vectors may be large, although when the diagonal elements of B differ widely in magnitude the eigenvalues and eigenvectors may be less sensitive than the condition of B would suggest. See Section 4.10 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for details of the error bounds.

8 Parallelism and Performance

F08UNF (ZHBGV) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08UNF (ZHBGV) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to n^3 if JOBZ = 'V' and, assuming that $n \gg k_a$, is approximately proportional to $n^2 k_a$ otherwise.

The real analogue of this routine is F08UAF (DSBGV).

10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues of the generalized band Hermitian eigenproblem $Az = \lambda Bz$, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.13 & 1.94 - 2.10i & -1.40 + 0.25i & 0\\ 1.94 + 2.10i & -1.91 & -0.82 - 0.89i & -0.67 + 0.34i\\ -1.40 - 0.25i & -0.82 + 0.89i & -1.87 & -1.10 - 0.16i\\ 0 & -0.67 - 0.34i & -1.10 + 0.16i & 0.50 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 9.89 & 1.08 - 1.73i & 0 & 0\\ 1.08 + 1.73i & 1.69 & -0.04 + 0.29i & 0\\ 0 & -0.04 - 0.29i & 2.65 & -0.33 + 2.24i\\ 0 & 0 & -0.33 - 2.24i & 2.17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

Program f08unfe

- ! FO8UNF Example Program Text
- ! Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
- ! .. Use Statements ..
 Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, zhbgv

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```
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
      Integer, Parameter
                                        :: nin = 5, nout = 6
                                        :: uplo = 'U'
      Character (1), Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
                                        :: i, info, j, ka, kb, ldab, ldbb, n
      Integer
      .. Local Arrays ..
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ab(:,:), bb(:,:), work(:)
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp)
                               :: dummy(1,1)
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: rwork(:), w(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!
      Intrinsic
                                        :: max, min
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'FO8UNF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, ka, kb
      ldab = ka + 1
      ldbb = kb + 1
      Allocate (ab(ldab,n),bb(ldbb,n),work(n),rwork(3*n),w(n))
     Read the upper or lower triangular parts of the matrices A and
     B from data file
      If (uplo=='U') Then
        Read (nin,*)((ab(ka+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+ka)),i=1,n)
        Read (nin,*)((bb(kb+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+kb)),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
       Read (nin,*)((ab(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-ka),i),i=1,n)
Read (nin,*)((bb(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-kb),i),i=1,n)
      Solve the generalized Hermitian band eigenvalue problem
      A*x = lambda*B*x
      The NAG name equivalent of zhbgv is f08unf
!
      Call zhbgv('No vectors',uplo,n,ka,kb,ab,ldab,bb,ldbb,w,dummy,1,work,
        rwork, info)
      If (info==0) Then
1
       Print solution
       Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
       Write (nout,99999) w(1:n)
      Else If (info>n .And. info<=2*n) Then
        i = info - n
        Write (nout,99998) 'The leading minor of order ', i,
                                                                                  δ
          ' of B is not positive definite'
      Else
        Write (nout, 99997) 'Failure in ZHBGV. INFO =', info
      End If
99999 Format (3X,(6F11.4))
99998 Format (1X,A,I4,A)
99997 Format (1X,A,I4)
   End Program f08unfe
10.2 Program Data
```

```
FO8UNF Example Program Data
```

```
:Values of N, KA and KB
(-1.13, 0.00) (1.94, -2.10) (-1.40, 0.25)
              (-1.91, 0.00) (-0.82, -0.89) (-0.67, 0.34)
                            (-1.87, 0.00) (-1.10, -0.16)
                                           ( 0.50, 0.00) :End of matrix A
```

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```
( 9.89, 0.00) ( 1.08,-1.73)
( 1.69, 0.00) (-0.04, 0.29)
( 2.65, 0.00) (-0.33, 2.24)
( 2.17, 0.00) :End of matrix B
```

10.3 Program Results

FO8UNF Example Program Results

Eigenvalues -6.6089

-2.0416 0.1603 1.7712

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