# NAG Library Routine Document F08NPF (ZGEEVX)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

F08NPF (ZGEEVX) computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, the left and/or right eigenvectors for an n by n complex nonsymmetric matrix A.

Optionally, it also computes a balancing transformation to improve the conditioning of the eigenvalues and eigenvectors, reciprocal condition numbers for the eigenvalues, and reciprocal condition numbers for the right eigenvectors.

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8NPF (BALANC, JOBVL, JOBVR, SENSE, N, A, LDA, W, VL, LDVL, VR, LDVR, ILO, IHI, SCALE, ABNRM, RCONDE, RCONDV, WORK, LWORK, RWORK, INFO)

INTEGER

N, LDA, LDVL, LDVR, ILO, IHI, LWORK, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) SCALE(*), ABNRM, RCONDE(*), RCONDV(*), RWORK(*)

COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), W(*), VL(LDVL,*), VR(LDVR,*), WORK(max(1,LWORK))

CHARACTER(1) BALANC, JOBVL, JOBVR, SENSE
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name zgeevx.

## 3 Description

The right eigenvector  $v_i$  of A satisfies

$$Av_i = \lambda_i v_i$$

where  $\lambda_i$  is the jth eigenvalue of A. The left eigenvector  $u_i$  of A satisfies

$$u_j^{\mathrm{H}} A = \lambda_j u_j^{\mathrm{H}}$$

where  $u_i^{\rm H}$  denotes the conjugate transpose of  $u_j$ .

Balancing a matrix means permuting the rows and columns to make it more nearly upper triangular, and applying a diagonal similarity transformation  $DAD^{-1}$ , where D is a diagonal matrix, with the aim of making its rows and columns closer in norm and the condition numbers of its eigenvalues and eigenvectors smaller. The computed reciprocal condition numbers correspond to the balanced matrix. Permuting rows and columns will not change the condition numbers (in exact arithmetic) but diagonal scaling will. For further explanation of balancing, see Section 4.8.1.2 of Anderson *et al.* (1999).

Following the optional balancing, the matrix A is first reduced to upper Hessenberg form by means of unitary similarity transformations, and the QR algorithm is then used to further reduce the matrix to upper triangular Schur form, T, from which the eigenvalues are computed. Optionally, the eigenvectors of T are also computed and backtransformed to those of A.

#### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

# 5 Arguments

## 1: BALANC - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates how the input matrix should be diagonally scaled and/or permuted to improve the conditioning of its eigenvalues.

BALANC = 'N'

Do not diagonally scale or permute.

BALANC = 'P'

Perform permutations to make the matrix more nearly upper triangular. Do not diagonally scale.

BALANC = 'S'

Diagonally scale the matrix, i.e., replace A by  $DAD^{-1}$ , where D is a diagonal matrix chosen to make the rows and columns of A more equal in norm. Do not permute.

BALANC = 'B'

Both diagonally scale and permute A.

Computed reciprocal condition numbers will be for the matrix after balancing and/or permuting. Permuting does not change condition numbers (in exact arithmetic), but balancing does.

Constraint: BALANC = 'N', 'P', 'S' or 'B'.

#### 2: JOBVL - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if JOBVL = 'N', the left eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If JOBVL = 'V', the left eigenvectors of A are computed.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', JOBVL must be set to JOBVL = 'V'.

Constraint: JOBVL = 'N' or 'V'.

#### 3: JOBVR - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if JOBVR = 'N', the right eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If JOBVR = 'V', the right eigenvectors of A are computed.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', JOBVR must be set to JOBVR = 'V'.

Constraint: JOBVR = 'N' or 'V'.

#### 4: SENSE – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: determines which reciprocal condition numbers are computed.

SENSE = 'N'

None are computed.

SENSE = 'E'

Computed for eigenvalues only.

SENSE = 'V'

Computed for right eigenvectors only.

SENSE = 'B'

Computed for eigenvalues and right eigenvectors.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', both left and right eigenvectors must also be computed (JOBVL = 'V' and JOBVR = 'V').

Constraint: SENSE = 'N', 'E', 'V' or 'B'.

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5: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

6: A(LDA,\*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Input/Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n matrix A.

On exit: A has been overwritten. If JOBVL = 'V' or JOBVR = 'V', A contains the Schur form of the balanced version of the matrix A.

7: LDA – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NPF (ZGEEVX) is called.

Constraint: LDA  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .

8: W(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array W must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: contains the computed eigenvalues.

9: VL(LDVL,\*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array VL must be at least max(1, N) if JOBVL = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if JOBVL = 'V', the left eigenvectors  $u_j$  are stored one after another in the columns of VL, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues; that is  $u_j = VL(:, j)$ , the jth column of VL.

If JOBVL = 'N', VL is not referenced.

10: LDVL – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VL as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NPF (ZGEEVX) is called.

Constraints:

```
if JOBVL = 'V', \ LDVL \ge max(1, N); otherwise LDVL \ge 1.
```

11: VR(LDVR, \*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array VR must be at least max(1, N) if JOBVR = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if JOBVR = 'V', the right eigenvectors  $v_j$  are stored one after another in the columns of VR, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues; that is  $v_j = VR(:, j)$ , the jth column of VR.

If JOBVR = 'N', VR is not referenced.

12: LDVR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VR as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NPF (ZGEEVX) is called.

Constraints:

```
if JOBVR = 'V', LDVR \ge max(1, N); otherwise LDVR \ge 1.
```

13: ILO – INTEGER

Output

14: IHI - INTEGER

Output

On exit: ILO and IHI are integer values determined when A was balanced. The balanced A has  $a_{ij} = 0$  if i > j and j = 1, 2, ..., ILO - 1 or i = IHI + 1, ..., N.

15: SCALE(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array SCALE must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: details of the permutations and scaling factors applied when balancing A.

If  $p_j$  is the index of the row and column interchanged with row and column j, and  $d_j$  is the scaling factor applied to row and column j, then

SCALE
$$(j) = p_j$$
, for  $j = 1, 2, ..., \text{ILO} - 1$ ;  
SCALE $(j) = d_j$ , for  $j = \text{ILO}, ..., \text{IHI}$ ;  
SCALE $(j) = p_j$ , for  $j = \text{IHI} + 1, ..., N$ .

The order in which the interchanges are made is N to IHI + 1, then 1 to ILO - 1.

16: ABNRM – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp)

Output

On exit: the 1-norm of the balanced matrix (the maximum of the sum of absolute values of elements of any column).

17: RCONDE(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array RCONDE must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: RCONDE(j) is the reciprocal condition number of the jth eigenvalue.

18: RCONDV(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array RCONDV must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: RCONDV(j) is the reciprocal condition number of the jth right eigenvector.

19: WORK(max(1, LWORK)) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

On exit: if INFO = 0, the real part of WORK(1) contains the minimum value of LWORK required for optimal performance.

20: LWORK - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NPF (ZGEEVX) is called.

If LWORK = -1, a workspace query is assumed; the routine only calculates the optimal size of the WORK array, returns this value as the first entry of the WORK array, and no error message related to LWORK is issued.

Suggested value: for optimal performance, LWORK must generally be larger than the minimum, increase LWORK by, say,  $N \times nb$ , where nb is the optimal **block size** for F08NEF (DGEHRD).

Constraints:

```
if SENSE = 'N' or 'E', LWORK \geq max(1, 2 \times N); if SENSE = 'V' or 'B', LWORK \geq max(1, N \times N + 2 \times N).
```

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21: RWORK(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Workspace

**Note**: the dimension of the array RWORK must be at least  $max(1, 2 \times N)$ .

22: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the QR algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues, and no eigenvectors or condition numbers have been computed; elements 1: ILO - 1 and i + 1: N of W contain eigenvalues which have converged.

## 7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix (A + E), where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.8 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

#### 8 Parallelism and Performance

F08NPF (ZGEEVX) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08NPF (ZGEEVX) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

# 9 Further Comments

Each eigenvector is normalized to have Euclidean norm equal to unity and the element of largest absolute value real.

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to  $n^3$ .

The real analogue of this routine is F08NBF (DGEEVX).

## 10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues and right eigenvectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3.97 - 5.04i & -4.11 + 3.70i & -0.34 + 1.01i & 1.29 - 0.86i \\ 0.34 - 1.50i & 1.52 - 0.43i & 1.88 - 5.38i & 3.36 + 0.65i \\ 3.31 - 3.85i & 2.50 + 3.45i & 0.88 - 1.08i & 0.64 - 1.48i \\ -1.10 + 0.82i & 1.81 - 1.59i & 3.25 + 1.33i & 1.57 - 3.44i \end{pmatrix}$$

together with estimates of the condition number and forward error bounds for each eigenvalue and eigenvector. The option to balance the matrix is used. In order to compute the condition numbers of the

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eigenvalues, the left eigenvectors also have to be computed, but they are not printed out in this example.

Note that the block size (NB) of 64 assumed in this example is not realistic for such a small problem, but should be suitable for large problems.

#### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f08npfe
1
      FO8NPF Example Program Text
!
     Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x02ajf, zgeevx
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
     Integer, Parameter
                                       :: nb = 64, nin = 5, nout = 6
      .. Local Scalars ..
!
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: abnrm, eps, tol
                                       :: i, ihi, ilo, info, j, lda, ldvl,
     Integer
                                          ldvr, lwork, n
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), vl(:,:), vr(:,:), w(:),
                                         work(:)
     Complex (Kind=nag wp)
                                       :: dummy(1)
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: rconde(:), rcondv(:), rwork(:),
                                          scale(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!
     Intrinsic
                                       :: max, nint, real
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8NPF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
      lda = n
     ldvl = n
     ldvr = n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),v1(ldv1,n),vr(ldvr,n),w(n),rconde(n),rcondv(n),
       rwork(2*n),scale(n))
     Use routine workspace query to get optimal workspace.
      lwork = -1
      The NAG name equivalent of zgeevx is f08npf
      Call zgeevx('Balance','Vectors (left)','Vectors (right)',
       'Both reciprocal condition numbers',n,a,lda,w,vl,ldvl,vr,ldvr,ilo,ihi, &
       scale,abnrm,rconde,rcondv,dummy,lwork,rwork,info)
     Make sure that there is enough workspace for block size nb.
      lwork = max((nb+1)*n,nint(real(dummy(1))))
     Allocate (work(lwork))
     Read the matrix A from data file
     Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:n),i=1,n)
     Solve the eigenvalue problem
     The NAG name equivalent of zgeevx is f08npf
!
     Call zgeevx('Balance','Vectors (left)','Vectors (right)',
        'Both reciprocal condition numbers',n,a,lda,w,vl,ldvl,vr,ldvr,ilo,ihi, &
        scale,abnrm,rconde,rcondv,work,lwork,rwork,info)
      If (info==0) Then
       Compute the machine precision
       eps = x02ajf()
```

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```
tol = eps*abnrm
!
         Print the eigenvalues and vectors, and associated condition
!
         number and bounds
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) '
                                     Eigenvalue
                                                           rcond
                                                                   error'
         Do j = 1, n
!
           Print information on j-th eigenvalue
           If (rconde(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
             If (tol/rconde(j)<10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then</pre>
               Write (nout,99999) j, w(j), rconde(j), '-'
             Else
               Write (nout, 99998) j, w(j), rconde(j), tol/rconde(j)
             End If
           Else
             Write (nout, 99999) j, w(j), rconde(j), 'Inf'
           End If
         End Do
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvectors'
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) '
                                    Eigenvector
                                                           rcond error'
         Do j = 1, n
           Print information on j-th eigenvector
!
           Write (nout,*)
           Make first real part component be positive
!
           If (real(vr(1,j))<0.0_nag_wp) Then</pre>
            vr(1:n,j) = -vr(1:n,j)
           End If
           If (rcondv(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
             If (tol/rcondv(j)<10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then</pre>
               Write (nout, 99999) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), '-'
               Write (nout,99998) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), tol/rcondv(j)
             End If
           Else
             Write (nout,99999) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), 'Inf'
           End If
           Write (nout, 99997) vr(2:n,j)
         End Do
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) 'Errors below 10*machine precision are not displayed'
      Else
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout, 99996) 'Failure in ZGEEVX. INFO =', info
99999 Format (1X,I2,1X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')',1X,0P,F7.4,4X,A)
99998 Format (1X,I2,1X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')',1X,0P,F7.4,1X,1P,E8.1)
99997 Format (1X,3X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')')
99996 Format (1X,A,I4)
    End Program f08npfe
```

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#### 10.2 Program Data

```
FO8NPF Example Program Data

4

(-3.97, -5.04) (-4.11, 3.70) (-0.34, 1.01) (1.29, -0.86)

(0.34, -1.50) (1.52, -0.43) (1.88, -5.38) (3.36, 0.65)

(3.31, -3.85) (2.50, 3.45) (0.88, -1.08) (0.64, -1.48)

(-1.10, 0.82) (1.81, -1.59) (3.25, 1.33) (1.57, -3.44) :End of matrix A
```

### 10.3 Program Results

FO8NPF Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

```
Eigenvalue rcond error
1 (-6.0004E+00,-6.9998E+00) 0.9932 1.6E-15
2 (-5.0000E+00, 2.0060E+00) 0.9964 1.6E-15
3 (7.9982E+00,-9.9637E-01) 0.9814 1.6E-15
4 (3.0023E+00,-3.9998E+00) 0.9779 1.6E-15
```

Eigenvectors

```
Eigenvector
                                rcond
                                           error
1 (8.4572E-01, 0.0000E+00) 8.4011
  (-1.7723E-02, 3.0361E-01)
  ( 8.7521E-02, 3.1145E-01)
  (-5.6147E-02,-2.9060E-01)
2 ( 3.8655E-01,-1.7323E-01)
                                8.0214
  ( 3.5393E-01,-4.5288E-01)
  (-6.1237E-01,-0.0000E+00)
  (8.5928E-02, 3.2836E-01)
3 ( 1.7297E-01,-2.6690E-01)
                                 5.8292
  (-6.9242E-01,-0.0000E+00)
  (-3.3240E-01,-4.9598E-01)
(-2.5039E-01, 1.4655E-02)
4 (3.5614E-02, 1.7822E-01)
(-1.2637E-01,-2.6663E-01)
                                5.8292
  (-1.2933E-02, 2.9657E-01)
  (-8.8982E-01,-0.0000E+00)
```

Errors below 10\*machine precision are not displayed

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