NAG Library Routine Document

F07PUF (ZHPCON)

1   Purpose

F07PUF (ZHPCON) estimates the condition number of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A, where A has been factorized by F07PRF (ZHPTRF), using packed storage.

2   Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07PUF (UPLO, N, AP, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, INFO)
INTEGER              N, IPIV(*), INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp)   ANORM, RCOND
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AP(*), WORK(2*N)
CHARACTER(1)         UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zhpcon*.

3   Description

F07PUF (ZHPCON) estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex Hermitian indefinite matrix A:

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1.$$

Since A is Hermitian, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UDF to compute $\|A\|_1$ and a call to F07PRF (ZHPTRF) to compute the Bunch–Kaufman factorization of A. The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $\|A^{-1}\|_1$.

4   References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **14** 381–396

5   Arguments

1:    UPLO – CHARACTER(1)   *Input*

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'
    $A = PUDU^\mathrm{H}P^\mathrm{T}$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'
    $A = PLDL^\mathrm{H}P^\mathrm{T}$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2:   N – INTEGER *Input*

   On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

   Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

3:   AP$(*)$ – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*

   Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least $\max(1, N \times (N + 1)/2)$.

   On entry: the factorization of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07PRF (ZHPTRF).

4:   IPIV$(*)$ – INTEGER array *Input*

   Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least $\max(1, N)$.

   On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by F07PRF (ZHPTRF).

5:   ANORM – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*

   On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A, which may be computed by calling F06UDF with its argument NORM $=$ '1'. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07PRF (ZHPTRF) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A.

   Constraint: ANORM ≥ 0.0.

6:   RCOND – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Output*

   On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A. RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.

7:   WORK$(2 \times N)$ – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Workspace*

8:   INFO – INTEGER *Output*

   On exit: INFO $= 0$ unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6   Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

   If INFO $= -i$, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7   Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ, and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ, although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8   Parallelism and Performance

F07PUF (ZHPCON) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9   Further Comments

A call to F07PUF (ZHPCON) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form $Ax = b$; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07PSF (ZHPTRS) with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07PGF (DSPCON).

10   Example

This example estimates the condition number in the 1-norm (or ∞-norm) of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.36 + 0.00i & 1.58 + 0.90i & 2.21 - 0.21i & 3.91 + 1.50i \\ 1.58 - 0.90i & -8.87 + 0.00i & -1.84 - 0.03i & -1.78 + 1.18i \\ 2.21 + 0.21i & -1.84 + 0.03i & -4.63 + 0.00i & 0.11 + 0.11i \\ 3.91 - 1.50i & -1.78 - 1.18i & 0.11 - 0.11i & -1.84 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian indefinite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07PRF (ZHPTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 9.10.

10.1   Program Text

```
    Program f07pufe

!       F07PUF Example Program Text

!       Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!       .. Use Statements ..
        Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x02ajf, zhpcon, zhptrf, zlanhp => f06udf
!       .. Implicit None Statement ..
        Implicit None
!       .. Parameters ..
        Integer, Parameter              :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!       .. Local Scalars ..
        Real (Kind=nag_wp)              :: anorm, rcond
        Integer                         :: i, info, j, n
        Character (1)                   :: uplo
!       .. Local Arrays ..
        Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ap(:), work(:)
        Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable  :: rwork(:)
        Integer, Allocatable            :: ipiv(:)
!       .. Executable Statements ..
        Write (nout,*) 'F07PUF Example Program Results'
!       Skip heading in data file
        Read (nin,*)
        Read (nin,*) n

        Allocate (ap(n*(n+1)/2),work(2*n),rwork(n),ipiv(n))

!       Read A from data file

        Read (nin,*) uplo
        If (uplo=='U') Then
          Read (nin,*)((ap(i+j*(j-1)/2),j=i,n),i=1,n)
        Else If (uplo=='L') Then
          Read (nin,*)((ap(i+(2*n-j)*(j-1)/2),j=1,i),i=1,n)
        End If

!       Compute norm of A
!       f06udf is the NAG name equivalent of the LAPACK auxiliary zlanhp
        anorm = zlanhp('1-norm',uplo,n,ap,rwork)

!       Factorize A
!       The NAG name equivalent of zhptrf is f07prf
        Call zhptrf(uplo,n,ap,ipiv,info)
```

```
      Write (nout,*)
      If (info==0) Then

!        Estimate condition number
!        The NAG name equivalent of zhpcon is f07puf
         Call zhpcon(uplo,n,ap,ipiv,anorm,rcond,work,info)

         If (rcond>=x02ajf()) Then
           Write (nout,99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',           &
             1.0_nag_wp/rcond
         Else
           Write (nout,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
         End If
       Else
         Write (nout,*) 'The factor D is singular'
       End If

99999 Format (1X,A,1P,E10.2)
    End Program f07pufe
```

10.2 Program Data

```
F07PUF Example Program Data
  4                                                 :Value of N
  'L'                                               :Value of UPLO
 (-1.36, 0.00)
 ( 1.58,-0.90) (-8.87, 0.00)
 ( 2.21, 0.21) (-1.84, 0.03) (-4.63, 0.00)
 ( 3.91,-1.50) (-1.78,-1.18) ( 0.11,-0.11) (-1.84, 0.00)  :End of matrix A
```

10.3 Program Results

```
 F07PUF Example Program Results

 Estimate of condition number =  6.68E+00
```