NAG Library Routine Document

H02ZKF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

H02ZKF either initializes or resets the optional parameter arrays or sets a single optional parameter for supported problem solving routines in Chapter H.

Currently, only H02DAF is supported.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE HO2ZKF (OPTSTR, IOPTS, LIOPTS, OPTS, LOPTS, IFAIL)

INTEGER IOPTS(LIOPTS), LIOPTS, LOPTS, IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) OPTS(LOPTS)

CHARACTER(*) OPTSTR
```

3 Description

H02ZKF has three purposes: to initialize optional parameter arrays; to reset all optional parameters to their default values; or to set a single optional parameter to a user-supplied value.

Optional parameters and their values are, in general, presented as a character string, OPTSTR, of the form 'option = optval'; alphabetic characters can be supplied in either upper or lower case. Both option and optval may consist of one or more tokens separated by white space. The tokens that comprise optval will normally be either an integer, real or character value as defined in the description of the specific optional argument. In addition all optional parameters can take an optval DEFAULT which resets the optional parameter to its default value.

It is imperative that optional parameter arrays are initialized before any options are set, before the relevant problem solving routine is called and before any options are queried using H02ZLF. To initialize the optional parameter arrays IOPTS and OPTS for a specific problem solving routine, the option **Initialize** is used with *optval* identifying the problem solving routine to be called, via its short name. For example, to initialize optional parameter arrays to be passed to H02DAF, H02ZKF is called as follows:

```
call H02ZKF('Initialize = h02daf', IOPTS, LIOPTS, OPTS, LOPTS, IFAIL)
```

Information relating to available option names and their corresponding valid values is given in Section 11 in H02DAF.

4 References

None.

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5 Parameters

1: OPTSTR - CHARACTER(*)

Input

On entry: a string identifying the option to be set.

Initialize = routine name

Initialize the optional parameter arrays IOPTS and OPTS for use with routine routine name, where routine name is the short name associated with the routine of interest.

Defaults

Resets all options to their default values.

option = optval

See Section 11 in H02DAF for details of valid values for *option* and *optval*. The equals sign (=) delimiter must be used to separate the *option* from its *optval* value.

OPTSTR is case insensitive. Each token in the *option* and *optval* component must be separated by at least one space.

2: IOPTS(LIOPTS) - INTEGER array

Communication Array

3: LIOPTS - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the length of the array IOPTS.

Constraint: unless otherwise stated in the documentation for a specific, supported, problem solving routine, LIOPTS \geq 200.

4: OPTS(LOPTS) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Communication Array

5: LOPTS - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the length of the array OPTS.

Constraint: unless otherwise stated in the documentation for a specific, supported, problem solving routine, LOPTS ≥ 100 .

6: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 11

On entry, the optional parameter in OPTSTR was not recognized: OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

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IFAIL = 12

On entry, the expected delimiter '=' was not found in OPTSTR: OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 13

On entry, could not convert the specified *optval* to an integer: OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, could not convert the specified *optval* to a real: OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 14

On entry, attempting to initialize the optional parameter arrays but specified routine name was not valid: name = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 15

On entry, the *optval* supplied for the integer optional parameter is not valid. OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 16

On entry, the *optval* supplied for the real optional parameter is not valid. OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 17

On entry, the *optval* supplied for the character optional parameter is not valid. OPTSTR = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 21

On entry, either the option arrays have not been initialized or they have been corrupted.

IFAIL = 31

On entry, LIOPTS = $\langle value \rangle$. Constraint: LIOPTS $\geq \langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 51

On entry, LOPTS = $\langle value \rangle$. Constraint: LOPTS $\geq \langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.8 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.7 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

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8 Parallelism and Performance

H02ZKF is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

See the example programs associated with the problem solving routine you wish to use for a demonstration of how to use H02ZKF to initialize option arrays and set options.

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