# NAG Library Routine Document

# F07TGF (DTRCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

# 1 Purpose

F07TGF (DTRCON) estimates the condition number of a real triangular matrix.

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07TGF (NORM, UPLO, DIAG, N, A, LDA, RCOND, WORK, IWORK, INFO)
INTEGER N, LDA, IWORK(N), INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), RCOND, WORK(3*N)
CHARACTER(1) NORM, UPLO, DIAG
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dtrcon.

# **3** Description

F07TGF (DTRCON) estimates the condition number of a real triangular matrix A, in either the 1-norm or the  $\infty$ -norm:

 $\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1$  or  $\kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$ .

Note that  $\kappa_{\infty}(A) = \kappa_1(A^{\mathrm{T}})$ .

Because the condition number is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of the condition number.

The routine computes  $||A||_1$  or  $||A||_{\infty}$  exactly, and uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate  $||A^{-1}||_1$  or  $||A^{-1}||_{\infty}$ .

## 4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **14** 381–396

## 5 Parameters

1: NORM – CHARACTER(1)

On entry: indicates whether  $\kappa_1(A)$  or  $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$  is estimated.

```
NORM = '1' or 'O'
```

 $\kappa_1(A)$  is estimated.

NORM = 'I'

 $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$  is estimated.

Constraint: NORM = '1', 'O' or 'I'.

2: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

On entry: specifies whether A is upper or lower triangular.

UPLO = 'U'

A is upper triangular.

F07TGF.1

Input

Input

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	UPLO = 'L' <i>A</i> is lower triangular. <i>Constraint</i> : UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.				
3:	<ul> <li>DIAG - CHARACTER(1)</li> <li>On entry: indicates whether A is a nonunit or unit triangular matrix.</li> <li>DIAG = 'N' <ul> <li>A is a nonunit triangular matrix.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Input			
	DIAG = 'U' A is a unit triangular matrix; the diagonal elements are not referenced be 1.	d and are assumed to			
	Constraint: $DIAG = 'N'$ or 'U'.				
4:	N – INTEGER On entry: n, the order of the matrix A. Constraint: $N \ge 0$ .	Input			
5:	A(LDA, *) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array	Input			
	Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $max(1, N)$ .				
	On entry: the $n$ by $n$ triangular matrix $A$ .				
	If $UPLO = 'U'$ , A is upper triangular and the elements of the array be not referenced.	elow the diagonal are			
	If UPLO = 'L', $A$ is lower triangular and the elements of the array ab not referenced.	pove the diagonal are			
	If $DIAG = 'U'$ , the diagonal elements of A are assumed to be 1, and	are not referenced.			
6:	LDA – INTEGER	Input			
	On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07TGF (DTRCON) is called.				
	Constraint: $LDA \ge max(1, N)$ .				
7:	RCOND – REAL (KIND=nag_wp)	Output			
	On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of $A$ . RCOND singularity is detected or if the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less that then $A$ is singular to working precision.				
8:	WORK $(3 \times N)$ – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array	Workspace			
9:	IWORK(N) – INTEGER array	Workspace			
10:	INFO – INTEGER	Output			
	On exit: $INFO = 0$ unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).				
6	Error Indicators and Warnings				
INFO < 0					

If INFO = -i, argument *i* had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

#### 7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value  $\rho$ , and in practice is nearly always less than  $10\rho$ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

#### 8 **Parallelism and Performance**

F07TGF (DTRCON) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

F07TGF (DTRCON) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

#### 9 **Further Comments**

A call to F07TGF (DTRCON) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b or  $A^{T}x = b$ ; the number is usually 4 or 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately  $n^2$  floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07TEF (DTRTRS) with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07TUF (ZTRCON).

#### 10 Example

This example estimates the condition number in the 1-norm of the matrix A, where

	/ 4.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	
A =	206	-4.87	0.00	0.00	
A –	0.40	0.31	-8.02	0.00	·
	-0.27	0.07	-5.95	0.12/	

The true condition number in the 1-norm is 116.41.

### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07tqfe
1
     FO7TGF Example Program Text
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
1
1
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dtrcon, nag_wp, x02ajf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
1
     Implicit None
1
      .. Parameters ..
     Integer, Parameter
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
                                       :: diag = 'N', norm = '1'
     Character (1), Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
1
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                        :: rcond
                                        :: i, info, lda, n
     Integer
     Character (1)
                                        :: uplo
1
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), work(:)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                        :: iwork(:)
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO7TGF Example Program Results'
!
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
```

```
lda = n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),work(3*n),iwork(n))
!
     Read A from data file
     Read (nin,*) uplo
      If (uplo=='U') Then
       Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
     Else If (uplo=='L') Then
       Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
     End If
     Estimate condition number
!
     The NAG name equivalent of dtrcon is f07tgf
1
     Call dtrcon(norm,uplo,diag,n,a,lda,rcond,work,iwork,info)
     Write (nout,*)
     If (rcond>=x02ajf()) Then
        Write (nout, 99999) 'Estimate of condition number =', &
          1.0E0_nag_wp/rcond
     Else
        Write (nout,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
     End If
99999 Format (1X,A,1P,E10.2)
   End Program f07tgfe
```

## 10.2 Program Data

 F07TGF Example Program Data
 .Value of N

 4
 .Value of UPLO

 4.30
 .Value of UPLO

 -3.96
 -4.87

 0.40
 0.31
 -8.02

 -0.27
 0.07
 -5.95
 0.12

 :End of matrix A

## **10.3 Program Results**

F07TGF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 1.16E+02