

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F07HRF (ZPBTRF)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07HRF (ZPBTRF) computes the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive definite band matrix.

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07HRF (UPLO, N, KD, AB, LDAB, INFO)
  INTEGER          N, KD, LDAB, INFO
  COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*)
  CHARACTER(1)    UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zpbtrf*.

### 3 Description

F07HRF (ZPBTRF) forms the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive definite band matrix  $A$  either as  $A = U^H U$  if UPLO = 'U' or  $A = L L^H$  if UPLO = 'L', where  $U$  (or  $L$ ) is an upper (or lower) triangular band matrix with the same number of superdiagonals (or subdiagonals) as  $A$ .

### 4 References

Demmel J W (1989) On floating-point errors in Cholesky *LAPACK Working Note No. 14* University of Tennessee, Knoxville <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lawnspdf/lawn14.pdf>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*

*On entry:* specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and how  $A$  is to be factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

The upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $U^H U$ , where  $U$  is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

The lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $L L^H$ , where  $L$  is lower triangular.

*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N – INTEGER *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .

- 3: KD – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $k_d$ , the number of superdiagonals or subdiagonals of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $KD \geq 0$ .
- 4: AB(LDAB,\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array AB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian positive definite band matrix  $A$ .  
 The matrix is stored in rows 1 to  $k_d + 1$ , more precisely,  
   if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AB(k_d + 1 + i - j, j)$  for  $\max(1, j - k_d) \leq i \leq j$ ;  
   if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AB(1 + i - j, j)$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k_d)$ .  
*On exit:* the upper or lower triangle of  $A$  is overwritten by the Cholesky factor  $U$  or  $L$  as specified by UPLO, using the same storage format as described above.
- 5: LDAB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F07HRF (ZPBTRF) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDAB \geq KD + 1$ .
- 6: INFO – INTEGER *Output*  
*On exit:*  $INFO = 0$  unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If  $INFO = -i$ , argument  $i$  had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

The leading minor of order  $\langle value \rangle$  is not positive definite and the factorization could not be completed. Hence  $A$  itself is not positive definite. This may indicate an error in forming the matrix  $A$ . There is no routine specifically designed to factorize a Hermitian band matrix which is not positive definite; the matrix must be treated either as a nonsymmetric band matrix, by calling F07BRF (ZGBTRF) or as a full Hermitian matrix, by calling F07MRF (ZHETRF).

## 7 Accuracy

If UPLO = 'U', the computed factor  $U$  is the exact factor of a perturbed matrix  $A + E$ , where

$$|E| \leq c(k+1)\epsilon|U^H||U|,$$

$c(k+1)$  is a modest linear function of  $k+1$ , and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If UPLO = 'L', a similar statement holds for the computed factor  $L$ . It follows that  $|e_{ij}| \leq c(k+1)\epsilon\sqrt{a_{ii}a_{jj}}$ .

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F07HRF (ZPBTRF) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

F07HRF (ZPBTRF) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately  $4n(k+1)^2$ , assuming  $n \gg k$ .

A call to F07HRF (ZPBTRF) may be followed by calls to the routines:

F07HSF (ZPBTRS) to solve  $AX = B$ ;

F07HUF (ZPBCON) to estimate the condition number of  $A$ .

The real analogue of this routine is F07HDF (DPBTRF).

## 10 Example

This example computes the Cholesky factorization of the matrix  $A$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 9.39 + 0.00i & 1.08 - 1.73i & 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i \\ 1.08 + 1.73i & 1.69 + 0.00i & -0.04 + 0.29i & 0.00 + 0.00i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & -0.04 - 0.29i & 2.65 + 0.00i & -0.33 + 2.24i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i & -0.33 - 2.24i & 2.17 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```

Program f07hrfe

!       F07HRF Example Program Text

!       Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.

!       .. Use Statements ..
!       Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x04dff, zpbtrf
!       .. Implicit None Statement ..
!       Implicit None
!       .. Parameters ..
!       Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!       .. Local Scalars ..
!       Integer                    :: i, ifail, info, j, kd, ldab, n
!       Character (1)              :: uplo
!       .. Local Arrays ..
!       Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ab(:, :)
!       Character (1)              :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)
!       .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!       Intrinsic                  :: max, min
!       .. Executable Statements ..
!       Write (nout,*) 'F07HRF Example Program Results'
!       Skip heading in data file
!       Read (nin,*)
!       Read (nin,*) n, kd
!       ldab = kd + 1
!       Allocate (ab(ldab,n))

!       Read A from data file

!       Read (nin,*) uplo
!       If (uplo=='U') Then
!         Do i = 1, n
!           Read (nin,*) (ab(kd+1+i-j,j), j=i, min(n, i+kd))
!         End Do
!       Else If (uplo=='L') Then

```

```

      Do i = 1, n
        Read (nin,*)(ab(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-kd),i)
      End Do
    End If

!   Factorize A
!   The NAG name equivalent of zpbtrf is f07hrf
!   Call zpbtrf(uplo,n,kd,ab,ldab,info)

    Write (nout,*)
    Flush (nout)
    If (info==0) Then

!       Print factor

!       ifail: behaviour on error exit
!       =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
    ifail = 0
    If (uplo=='U') Then

        Call x04dff(n,n,0,kd,ab,ldab,'Bracketed','F7.4','Factor','Integer', &
          rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)

    Else If (uplo=='L') Then

        Call x04dff(n,n,kd,0,ab,ldab,'Bracketed','F7.4','Factor','Integer', &
          rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)

    End If

    Else
      Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
    End If

  End Program f07hrfe

```

## 10.2 Program Data

F07HRF Example Program Data

```

  4  1                                     :Values of N and KD
  'L'                                     :Value of UPLO
( 9.39, 0.00)
( 1.08, 1.73) ( 1.69, 0.00)
              (-0.04,-0.29) ( 2.65, 0.00)
              (-0.33,-2.24) ( 2.17, 0.00) :End of matrix A

```

## 10.3 Program Results

F07HRF Example Program Results

| Factor | 1                 | 2                 | 3                 | 4                 |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1      | ( 3.0643, 0.0000) |                   |                   |                   |
| 2      | ( 0.3524, 0.5646) | ( 1.1167, 0.0000) |                   |                   |
| 3      |                   | (-0.0358,-0.2597) | ( 1.6066, 0.0000) |                   |
| 4      |                   |                   | (-0.2054,-1.3942) | ( 0.4289, 0.0000) |