# NAG Library Routine Document F07HEF (DPBTRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

#### 1 Purpose

F07HEF (DPBTRS) solves a real symmetric positive definite band system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B$$
,

where A has been factorized by F07HDF (DPBTRF).

#### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO7HEF (UPLO, N, KD, NRHS, AB, LDAB, B, LDB, INFO)

INTEGER N, KD, NRHS, LDAB, LDB, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*), B(LDB,*)

CHARACTER(1) UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dpbtrs.

# 3 Description

F07HEF (DPBTRS) is used to solve a real symmetric positive definite band system of linear equations AX = B, the routine must be preceded by a call to F07HDF (DPBTRF) which computes the Cholesky factorization of A. The solution X is computed by forward and backward substitution.

If UPLO = 'U',  $A = U^TU$ , where U is upper triangular; the solution X is computed by solving  $U^TY = B$  and then UX = Y.

If UPLO = 'L',  $A = LL^T$ , where L is lower triangular; the solution X is computed by solving LY = B and then  $L^TX = Y$ .

#### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

#### 5 Parameters

# 1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

 $A = U^{T}U$ , where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L

 $A = LL^{\mathsf{T}}$ , where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

# 2: N - INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

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3: KD – INTEGER Input

On entry:  $k_d$ , the number of superdiagonals or subdiagonals of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $KD \ge 0$ .

4: NRHS – INTEGER Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS  $\geq 0$ .

5: AB(LDAB, \*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

**Note**: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the Cholesky factor of A, as returned by F07HDF (DPBTRF).

6: LDAB – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F07HEF (DPBTRS) is called.

*Constraint*: LDAB  $\geq$  KD + 1.

7:  $B(LDB,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$ 

Input/Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

8: LDB – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07HEF (DPBTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB  $> \max(1, N)$ .

9: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

#### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

#### 7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

if UPLO = 'U', 
$$|E| \le c(k+1)\epsilon |U^{T}||U|$$
;  
if UPLO = 'L',  $|E| \le c(k+1)\epsilon |L||L^{T}|$ ,

c(k+1) is a modest linear function of k+1, and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \le c(k+1)\operatorname{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

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where  $\operatorname{cond}(A,x) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| |x| \|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \le \operatorname{cond}(A) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| \|_{\infty} \le \kappa_{\infty}(A)$ . Note that  $\operatorname{cond}(A,x)$  can be much smaller than  $\operatorname{cond}(A)$ .

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07HHF (DPBRFS), and an estimate for  $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$  ( =  $\kappa_1(A)$ ) can be obtained by calling F07HGF (DPBCON).

# 8 Parallelism and Performance

F07HEF (DPBTRS) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F07HEF (DPBTRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

#### 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately 4nkr, assuming  $n \gg k$ .

This routine may be followed by a call to F07HHF (DPBRFS) to refine the solution and return an error estimate.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07HSF (ZPBTRS).

## 10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5.49 & 2.68 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 2.68 & 5.63 & -2.39 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & -2.39 & 2.60 & -2.22 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & -2.22 & 5.17 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 22.09 & 5.10 \\ 9.31 & 30.81 \\ -5.24 & -25.82 \\ 11.83 & 22.90 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric and positive definite, and is treated as a band matrix, which must first be factorized by F07HDF (DPBTRF).

#### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07hefe
     FO7HEF Example Program Text
!
!
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dpbtrf, dpbtrs, nag_wp, x04caf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
1
      .. Parameters ..
                                        :: nin = 5, nout = 6
      Integer, Parameter
!
      .. Local Scalars ..
      Integer
                                        :: i, ifail, info, j, kd, ldab, ldb, n, &
                                           nrhs
      Character (1)
                                        :: uplo
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ab(:,:), b(:,:)
1
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
     Intrinsic
                                        :: max, min
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'FO7HEF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in data file
!
```

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```
Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, kd, nrhs
      ldab = kd + 1
      ldb = n
     Allocate (ab(ldab,n),b(ldb,nrhs))
     Read A and B from data file
     Read (nin,*) uplo
     If (uplo=='U') Then
       Do i = 1, n
         Read (nin,*)(ab(kd+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+kd))
        End Do
     Else If (uplo=='L') Then
        Do i = 1, n
         Read (nin,*)(ab(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-kd),i)
       End Do
     End If
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)
!
     Factorize A
     The NAG name equivalent of dpbtrf is f07hdf
!
     Call dpbtrf(uplo,n,kd,ab,ldab,info)
     Write (nout,*)
     Flush (nout)
     If (info==0) Then
!
        Compute solution
!
        The NAG name equivalent of dpbtrs is f07hef
        Call dpbtrs(uplo,n,kd,nrhs,ab,ldab,b,ldb,info)
!
        Print solution
        ifail: behaviour on error exit
               =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
1
        ifail = 0
        Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Solution(s)',ifail)
       Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
      End If
    End Program f07hefe
```

#### 10.2 Program Data

```
FO7HEF Example Program Data
 4 1 2 'L'
                              :Values of N, KD and NRHS
                              :Value of UPLO
 5.49
 2.68
        5.63
       -2.39
               2.60
              -2.22 5.17 :End of matrix A
22.09
        5.10
 9.31 30.81
-5.24 -25.82
11.83 22.90
                              :End of matrix B
```

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# 10.3 Program Results

FO7HEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)		
	1	2
1	5.0000	-2.0000
2	-2.0000	6.0000
3	-3.0000	-1.0000
4	1.0000	4.0000

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