# **NAG Library Routine Document**

### F01CRF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

F01CRF transposes a rectangular matrix in-situ.

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO1CRF (A, M, N, MN, MOVE, LMOVE, IFAIL)

INTEGER M, N, MN, MOVE(LMOVE), LMOVE, IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(MN)
```

## 3 Description

F01CRF requires that the elements of an m by n matrix A are stored consecutively by columns in a one-dimensional array. It reorders the elements so that on exit the array holds the transpose of A stored in the same way. For example, if m=4 and n=3, on entry the array must hold:

$$a_{11}$$
  $a_{21}$   $a_{31}$   $a_{41}$   $a_{12}$   $a_{22}$   $a_{32}$   $a_{42}$   $a_{13}$   $a_{23}$   $a_{33}$   $a_{43}$ 

and on exit it holds

$$a_{11}$$
  $a_{12}$   $a_{13}$   $a_{21}$   $a_{22}$   $a_{23}$   $a_{31}$   $a_{32}$   $a_{33}$   $a_{41}$   $a_{42}$   $a_{43}$ .

### 4 References

Cate E G and Twigg D W (1977) Algorithm 513: Analysis of in-situ transposition ACM Trans. Math. Software 3 104–110

#### 5 Parameters

1: A(MN) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

On entry: the elements of the m by n matrix A, stored by columns.

On exit: the elements of the transpose matrix, also stored by columns.

2: M – INTEGER

Input

On entry: m, the number of rows of the matrix A.

3: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the number of columns of the matrix A.

4: MN – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the value  $m \times n$ .

5: MOVE(LMOVE) – INTEGER array

Workspace

6: LMOVE – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array MOVE as declared in the (sub)program from which F01CRF is called.

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Suggested value: LMOVE = (m+n)/2.

Constraint: LMOVE  $\geq 1$ .

### 7: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry,  $MN \neq M \times N$ .

IFAIL = 2

On entry, LMOVE  $\leq 0$ .

IFAIL < 0

A serious error has occurred. Check all subroutine calls and array sizes. Seek expert help.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.8 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.7 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

## 7 Accuracy

Exact results are produced.

### 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

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#### **9** Further Comments

The time taken by F01CRF is approximately proportional to mn.

### 10 Example

This example transposes a 7 by 3 matrix and prints out, for convenience, its transpose.

### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f01crfe
     FO1CRF Example Program Text
!
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: f01crf, nag_wp
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
     Integer, Parameter
                                      :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     .. Local Scalars ..
      Integer
                                       :: i, ifail, lmove, m, mn, n
      .. Local Arrays ..
!
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: move(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
     Intrinsic
                                       :: real
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'F01CRF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) m, n
     mn = m*n
      lmove = (m+n)/2
      Allocate (a(mn), move(lmove))
     Do i = 1, mn
       a(i) = real(i,kind=nag_wp)
     End Do
     ifail: behaviour on error exit
             =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
      ifail = 0
     Call f01crf(a,m,n,mn,move,lmove,ifail)
     Write (nout,*)
     Write (nout, 99999) a(1:mn)
99999 Format (1X,7F7.1)
   End Program f01crfe
```

### 10.2 Program Data

```
FO1CRF Example Program Data 3 7 : m, n
```

## 10.3 Program Results

```
FO1CRF Example Program Results
                 7.0
          4.0
                       10.0
                             13.0
                                           19.0
    1.0
                                    16.0
   2.0
          5.0
                 8.0
                       11.0
                           14.0
                                    17.0
                                           20.0
   3.0
          6.0
                 9.0
                      12.0 15.0 18.0
                                           21.0
```

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