

NAG Library Routine Document

G05PEF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05PEF generates a given number of terms of a type II AGARCH(p, q) process (see Engle and Ng (1993)).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05PEF (DIST, NUM, IP, IQ, THETA, GAMMA, DF, HT, ET, FCALL, R,      &
                  LR, STATE, IFAIL)

INTEGER          NUM, IP, IQ, DF, LR, STATE(*), IFAIL
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) THETA(IQ+IP+1), GAMMA, HT(NUM), ET(NUM), R(LR)
LOGICAL         FCALL
CHARACTER(1)    DIST
```

3 Description

A type II AGARCH(p, q) process can be represented by:

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \alpha_i (|\epsilon_{t-i}| + \gamma \epsilon_{t-i})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i h_{t-i}, \quad t = 1, 2, \dots, T;$$

where $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = N(0, h_t)$ or $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = S_t(df, h_t)$. Here S_t is a standardized Student's t -distribution with df degrees of freedom and variance h_t , T is the number of observations in the sequence, ϵ_t is the observed value of the GARCH(p, q) process at time t , h_t is the conditional variance at time t , and ψ_t the set of all information up to time t . Symmetric GARCH sequences are generated when γ is zero, otherwise asymmetric GARCH sequences are generated with γ specifying the amount by which positive (or negative) shocks are to be enhanced.

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05PEF.

4 References

- Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327
- Engle R (1982) Autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity with estimates of the variance of United Kingdom inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008
- Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and testing the impact of news on volatility *Journal of Finance* **48** 1749–1777
- Hamilton J (1994) *Time Series Analysis* Princeton University Press

5 Parameters

- 1: DIST – CHARACTER(1) *Input*
- On entry: the type of distribution to use for ϵ_t .
- DIST = 'N'
- A Normal distribution is used.

- DIST = 'T'
A Student's t -distribution is used.
Constraint: DIST = 'N' or 'T'.
- 2: NUM – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: T , the number of terms in the sequence.
Constraint: NUM ≥ 0 .
- 3: IP – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the number of coefficients, β_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
Constraint: IP ≥ 0 .
- 4: IQ – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the number of coefficients, α_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$.
Constraint: IQ ≥ 1 .
- 5: THETA(IQ + IP + 1) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
On entry: the first element must contain the coefficient α_o , the next IQ elements must contain the coefficients α_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$. The remaining IP elements must contain the coefficients β_j , for $j = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
Constraints:

$$\sum_{i=2}^{IQ+IP+1} \text{THETA}(i) < 1.0;$$

$$\text{THETA}(i) \geq 0.0, \text{ for } i = 2, 3, \dots, IP + IQ + 1.$$
- 6: GAMMA – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: the asymmetry parameter γ for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 7: DF – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the number of degrees of freedom for the Student's t -distribution.
If DIST = 'N', DF is not referenced.
Constraint: if DIST = 'T', DF > 2 .
- 8: HT(NUM) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Output*
On exit: the conditional variances h_t , for $t = 1, 2, \dots, T$, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 9: ET(NUM) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Output*
On exit: the observations ϵ_t , for $t = 1, 2, \dots, T$, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 10: FCALL – LOGICAL *Input*
On entry: if FCALL = .TRUE., a new sequence is to be generated, otherwise a given sequence is to be continued using the information in R.
- 11: R(LR) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input/Output*
On entry: the array contains information required to continue a sequence if FCALL = .FALSE..
On exit: contains information that can be used in a subsequent call of G05PEF, with FCALL = .FALSE..

- 12: LR – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G05PEF is called.
Constraint: $LR \geq 2 \times (IP + IQ + 2)$.
- 13: STATE(*) – INTEGER array *Communication Array*
Note: the actual argument supplied must be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.
On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.
On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.
- 14: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.
 For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**
On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, DIST \neq 'N' or 'T'.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, NUM < 0.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, IP < 0.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, IQ < 1.

IFAIL = 7

On entry, DIST = 'T' and DF \leq 2.

IFAIL = 11

The value of IP or IQ is not the same as when R was set up in a previous call.

IFAIL = 12

On entry, $LR < 2 \times (IP + IQ + 2)$.

IFAIL = 13

On entry, STATE vector was not initialized or has been corrupted.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example first calls G05KFF to initialize a base generator then calls G05PEF to generate two realisations, each consisting of ten observations, from an asymmetric GARCH(1,1) model.

9.1 Program Text

```

Program g05pefe

!      G05PEF Example Program Text

!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!      .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05pef, nag_wp
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter          :: lseed = 1, nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: gamma
Integer                    :: df, genid, i, ifail, ip, iq, lr,      &
                             lstate, ltheta, nreal, num, rn, subid
Logical                    :: fcall
Character (1)              :: dist
!      .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: et(:), ht(:), r(:), theta(:)
Integer                    :: seed(lseed)
Integer, Allocatable       :: state(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'G05PEF Example Program Results'
Write (nout,*)

!      Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

!      Read in the base generator information and seed
Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1)

!      Initial call to initialiser to get size of STATE array
lstate = 0
Allocate (state(lstate))
ifail = 0
Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!      Reallocate STATE
Deallocate (state)
Allocate (state(lstate))

!      Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
ifail = 0
Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!      Read in sample size and number of realizations
Read (nin,*) num, nreal

```

```

!      Read in number of coefficients
      Read (nin,*) ip, iq

      lr = 2*(ip+iq+2)
      ltheta = iq + ip + 1
      Allocate (theta(ltheta),ht(num),et(num),r(lr))

!      Read in error distribution
      Read (nin,*) dist

!      Read in degrees of freedom if required
      If (dist=='T' .Or. dist=='t') Then
        Read (nin,*) df
      End If

!      Read in rest of series parameters
      Read (nin,*) theta(1:ltheta)
      Read (nin,*) gamma

!      Set FCALL for first realization
      fcall = .True.

!      Generate NREAL realizations
      Do rn = 1, nreal

        ifail = 0
        Call g05pef(dist,num,ip,iq,theta,gamma,df,ht,et,fcall,r,lr,state, &
          ifail)

!      Display the results
      Write (nout,99998) 'Realization Number ', rn
      Write (nout,*) '      I              HT(I)              ET(I)'
      Write (nout,*) '      -----'
      Write (nout,99999)(i,ht(i),et(i),i=1,num)
      Write (nout,*)

!      Set FCALL flag for any further realizations
      fcall = .False.
    End Do

99999 Format (1X,I5,1X,F16.4,1X,F16.4)
99998 Format (1X,A,I0)
      End Program g05pefe

```

9.2 Program Data

```

G05PEF Example Program Data
1 1 1762543      :: GENID,SUBID,SEED(1)
10 2           :: NUM,NREAL
1 1           :: IP,IQ
'N'
0.08 0.2 0.7   :: THETA
-0.4          :: GAMMA

```

9.3 Program Results

G05PEF Example Program Results

```

Realization Number 1
      I              HT(I)              ET(I)
-----
      1              0.6400              0.2790
      2              0.5336             -0.9098
      3              0.7780              0.5840
      4              0.6491              0.6731
      5              0.5670             -0.9456
      6              0.8275             -0.0172
      7              0.6593             -0.2390
      8              0.5639              0.5980

```

9	0.5005	-0.0032
10	0.4303	0.2917

Realization Number 2

I	HT(I)	ET(I)
1	0.3874	-1.0205
2	0.7594	-0.5659
3	0.7371	0.2709
4	0.6013	-1.2499
5	1.1133	0.2505
6	0.8638	-0.5457
7	0.8014	-0.6395
8	0.8013	2.2341
9	1.0003	1.2908
10	0.9002	0.0727
