

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F07GRF (ZPPTRF)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07GRF (ZPPTRF) computes the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive definite matrix, using packed storage.

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07GRF (UPLO, N, AP, INFO)
```

```
INTEGER                N, INFO
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AP(*)
CHARACTER(1)           UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zpptrf*.

### 3 Description

F07GRF (ZPPTRF) forms the Cholesky factorization of a complex Hermitian positive definite matrix  $A$  either as  $A = U^H U$  if  $UPLO = 'U'$  or  $A = LL^H$  if  $UPLO = 'L'$ , where  $U$  is an upper triangular matrix and  $L$  is lower triangular, using packed storage.

### 4 References

Demmel J W (1989) On floating-point errors in Cholesky *LAPACK Working Note No. 14* University of Tennessee, Knoxville

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*

*On entry:* specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and how  $A$  is to be factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

The upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $U^H U$ , where  $U$  is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

The lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $LL^H$ , where  $L$  is lower triangular.

*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N – INTEGER *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .

3: AP(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array Input/Output

**Note:** the dimension of the array AP must be at least  $\max(1, N \times (N + 1)/2)$ .

*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian matrix  $A$ , packed by columns.

More precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of  $A$  must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AP(i + j(j - 1)/2)$  for  $i \leq j$ ;

if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of  $A$  must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AP(i + (2n - j)(j - 1)/2)$  for  $i \geq j$ .

*On exit:* if INFO = 0, the factor  $U$  or  $L$  from the Cholesky factorization  $A = U^H U$  or  $A = LL^H$ , in the same storage format as  $A$ .

4: INFO – INTEGER Output

*On exit:* INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , the  $i$ th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO =  $i$ , the leading minor of order  $i$  is not positive definite and the factorization could not be completed. Hence  $A$  itself is not positive definite. This may indicate an error in forming the matrix  $A$ . To factorize a matrix which is not positive definite, call F07PRF (ZHPTRF) instead.

## 7 Accuracy

If UPLO = 'U', the computed factor  $U$  is the exact factor of a perturbed matrix  $A + E$ , where

$$|E| \leq c(n)\epsilon|U^H||U|,$$

$c(n)$  is a modest linear function of  $n$ , and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If UPLO = 'L', a similar statement holds for the computed factor  $L$ . It follows that  $|e_{ij}| \leq c(n)\epsilon\sqrt{a_{ii}a_{jj}}$ .

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of real floating point operations is approximately  $\frac{4}{3}n^3$ .

A call to F07GRF (ZPPTRF) may be followed by calls to the routines:

F07GSF (ZPPTRS) to solve  $AX = B$ ;

F07GUF (ZPPCON) to estimate the condition number of  $A$ ;

F07GWF (ZPPTRI) to compute the inverse of  $A$ .

The real analogue of this routine is F07GDF (DPPTRF).

## 9 Example

This example computes the Cholesky factorization of the matrix  $A$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 + 0.00i & 1.51 - 1.92i & 1.90 + 0.84i & 0.42 + 2.50i \\ 1.51 + 1.92i & 3.58 + 0.00i & -0.23 + 1.11i & -1.18 + 1.37i \\ 1.90 - 0.84i & -0.23 - 1.11i & 4.09 + 0.00i & 2.33 - 0.14i \\ 0.42 - 2.50i & -1.18 - 1.37i & 2.33 + 0.14i & 4.29 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

using packed storage.

### 9.1 Program Text

Program f07grfe

```
!      F07GRF Example Program Text
!
!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
!
!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x04ddf, zpptrf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
!      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
!      Integer                    :: i, ifail, info, j, n
!      Character (1)              :: uplo
!      .. Local Arrays ..
!      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ap(:)
!      Character (1)              :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
!      Write (nout,*) 'F07GRF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
!      Read (nin,*)
!      Read (nin,*) n
!
!      Allocate (ap(n*(n+1)/2))
!
!      Read A from data file
!
!      Read (nin,*) uplo
!      If (uplo=='U') Then
!         Read (nin,*)((ap(i+j*(j-1)/2),j=i,n),i=1,n)
!      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
!         Read (nin,*)((ap(i+(2*n-j)*(j-1)/2),j=1,i),i=1,n)
!      End If
!
!      Factorize A
!      The NAG name equivalent of zpptrf is f07grf
!      Call zpptrf(uplo,n,ap,info)
!
!      Write (nout,*)
!      Flush (nout)
!      If (info==0) Then
!
!         Print factor
!
!         ifail: behaviour on error exit
!                 =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
!         ifail = 0
!         Call x04ddf(uplo,'Nonunit',n,ap,'Bracketed','F7.4','Factor','Integer', &
!                   rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)
!
!      Else
!         Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
!      End If
!
!      End Program f07grfe
```

## 9.2 Program Data

F07GRF Example Program Data

```

4                                     :Value of N
'L'                                   :Value of UPLO
(3.23, 0.00)
(1.51, 1.92) ( 3.58, 0.00)
(1.90,-0.84) (-0.23,-1.11) ( 4.09, 0.00)
(0.42,-2.50) (-1.18,-1.37) ( 2.33, 0.14) ( 4.29, 0.00) :End of matrix A

```

## 9.3 Program Results

F07GRF Example Program Results

```

Factor
          1          2          3          4
1 ( 1.7972, 0.0000)
2 ( 0.8402, 1.0683) ( 1.3164, 0.0000)
3 ( 1.0572,-0.4674) (-0.4702, 0.3131) ( 1.5604, 0.0000)
4 ( 0.2337,-1.3910) ( 0.0834, 0.0368) ( 0.9360, 0.9900) ( 0.6603, 0.0000)

```

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