NAG Library Routine Document

G13ADF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G13ADF calculates preliminary estimates of the parameters of an autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) model from the autocorrelation function of the appropriately differenced times series.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G13ADF (MR, R, NK, XV, NPAR, WA, NWA, PAR, RV, ISF, IFAIL)

INTEGER MR(7), NK, NPAR, NWA, ISF(4), IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) R(NK), XV, WA(NWA), PAR(NPAR), RV
```

3 Description

Preliminary estimates of the p non-seasonal autoregressive parameters $\phi_1, \phi_2, \ldots, \phi_p$ and the q non-seasonal moving average parameters $\theta_1, \theta_2, \ldots, \theta_q$ may be obtained from the sample autocorrelations relating to lags 1 to p+q, i.e., r_1, \ldots, r_{p+q} , of the differenced $\nabla^d \nabla^D_s x_t$, where x_t is assumed to follow a (possibly) seasonal ARIMA model (see Section 3 in G13AEF for the specification of an ARIMA model).

Taking $r_0 = 1$ and $r_{-k} = r_k$, the ϕ_i , for i = 1, 2, ..., p are the solutions to the equations

$$r_{q+i-1}\phi_1 + r_{q+i-2}\phi_2 + \dots + r_{q+i-p}\phi_p = r_{q+i}, \qquad i = 1, 2, \dots, p.$$

The θ_i , for $j = 1, 2, \dots, q$, are obtained from the solutions to the equations

$$c_j = \tau_0 \tau_j + \tau_1 \tau_{j+1} + \dots + \tau_{q+j} \tau_q, \qquad j = 0, 1, \dots, q$$

(Cramer Wold-factorization), by setting

$$\theta_j = -\frac{\tau_j}{\tau_0}$$

where c_i are the 'covariances' modified in a two stage process by the autoregressive parameters.

Stage 1:

$$d_j = r_j - \phi_1 r_{j-1} - \dots - \phi_p r_{j-p}, \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, q;$$

 $d_j = 0, \qquad j = q+1, q+2, \dots, p+q.$

Stage 2:

$$c_i = d_i - \phi_1 d_{i+1} - \phi_2 d_{i+2} - \dots - \phi_n d_{i+n}, \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, q.$$

The P seasonal autoregressive parameters $\Phi_1, \Phi_2, \dots, \Phi_P$ and the Q seasonal moving average parameters $\Theta_1, \Theta_2, \dots, \Theta_Q$ are estimated in the same way as the non-seasonal parameters, but each r_j is replaced in the calculation by $r_{s \times j}$, where s is the seasonal period.

An estimate of the residual variance is obtained by successively reducing the sample variance, first for non-seasonal, and then for seasonal, parameter estimates. If moving average parameters are estimated, the variance is reduced by a multiplying factor of τ_0^2 , but otherwise by c_0 .

4 References

Box G E P and Jenkins G M (1976) *Time Series Analysis: Forecasting and Control* (Revised Edition) Holden–Day

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5 Parameters

1: MR(7) – INTEGER array

Input

On entry: the orders vector (p,d,q,P,D,Q,s) of the ARIMA model whose parameters are to be estimated. p,q,P and Q refer respectively to the number of autoregressive (ϕ) , moving average (θ) , seasonal autoregressive (Φ) and seasonal moving average (Θ) parameters. d,D and s refer respectively to the order of non-seasonal differencing, the order of seasonal differencing and the seasonal period.

Constraints:

$$\begin{array}{l} p,d,q,P,D,Q,s\geq 0;\\ p+q+P+Q>0;\\ s\neq 1;\\ \text{if } s=0,\,P+D+Q=0;\\ \text{if } s>1,\,P+D+Q>0. \end{array}$$

2: R(NK) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Input

On entry: the autocorrelations (starting at lag 1), which must have been calculated after the time series has been appropriately differenced.

Constraint: $-1.0 \le R(i) \le 1.0$, for i = 1, 2, ..., NK.

3: NK – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the maximum lag of the autocorrelations in array R.

Constraint: NK $\geq \max(p+q, s \times (P+Q))$.

4: XV - REAL (KIND=nag wp)

Input

On entry: the series sample variance, calculated after appropriate differencing has been applied to the series.

Constraint: XV > 0.0.

5: NPAR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the exact number of parameters specified in the model by array MR.

Constraint: NPAR = p + q + P + Q.

6: WA(NWA) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

7: NWA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the amount of workspace available.

Constraint: if MR = (p, d, q, P, D, Q, s) and $p' = \max(p, P)$ and $q' = \max(q, Q)$, $NWA \ge \max(p'^2 + p', 4(q' + 1))$.

8: PAR(NPAR) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the first NPAR elements of PAR contain the preliminary estimates of the ARIMA model parameters, in standard order.

9: RV – REAL (KIND=nag_wp)

Output

On exit: an estimate of the residual variance of the preliminarily estimated model.

10: ISF(4) - INTEGER array

Output

On exit: contains success/failure indicators, one for each of the four types of parameter (autoregressive, moving average, seasonal autoregressive, seasonal moving average).

The indicator has the interpretation:

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- 0 No parameter of this type is in the model.
- Parameters of this type appear in the model and satisfactory preliminary estimates of this type were obtained.
- -1 Parameters of this type appear in the model but satisfactory preliminary estimates of this type were not obtainable. The estimates of this type of parameter were set to 0.0 in array PAR.

11: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, the orders vector MR is invalid. One of the constraints in Section 5 has been violated.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, NK $< \max(p+q, s \times (P+Q))$. There are not enough autocorrelations to enable the required model to be estimated.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, at least one element of R lies outside the range [-1.0, 1.0].

IFAIL = 4

On entry, $XV \leq 0.0$.

IFAIL = 5

On entry, NPAR $\neq p + q + P + Q$.

IFAIL = 6

On entry, the workspace array WA is too small. See Section 5 for the minimum size formula.

IFAIL = 7

Satisfactory parameter estimates could not be obtained for all parameter types in the model. Inspect array ISF for indicators of the parameter type(s) which could not be estimated.

7 Accuracy

The performance of the algorithm is conditioned by the roots of the autoregressive and moving average operators. If these are not close to unity in modulus, the errors, e, should satisfy $e < 100\epsilon$ where ϵ is *machine precision*.

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8 Further Comments

The time taken by G13ADF is approximately proportional to $(p^3 + q^2 + P^3 + Q^2)$.

9 Example

This example reads the sample autocorrelations to lag 40 and the sample variance of the lagged and doubly differenced series of airline passenger totals (Box and Jenkins example series G (see Box and Jenkins (1976))). Preliminary estimates of the parameters of the (0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 12) model are obtained by a call to G13ADF.

9.1 Program Text

```
Program g13adfe
     G13ADF Example Program Text
!
     Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: g13adf, nag_wp
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: rv, xv
                                       :: ifail, nk, npar, nwa, pp, qp
     Integer
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: par(:), r(:), wa(:)
     Integer
                                        :: isf(4), mr(7)
!
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
     Intrinsic
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'G13ADF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
     Skip heading in data file
1
     Read (nin,*)
!
     Read in problem size and variance
     Read (nin,*) nk
     Read (nin,*) xv
     Allocate (r(nk))
     Read in data
     Read (nin,*) r(1:nk)
     Read in the orders
     Read (nin,*) mr(1:7)
     Calculate NPAR
     npar = mr(1) + mr(3) + mr(4) + mr(6)
     pp = max(mr(1), mr(4))
      qp = max(mr(3), mr(6))
     nwa = max(pp**2+pp,4*(qp+1))
     Allocate (par(npar), wa(nwa))
     Calculate preliminary estimates
      ifail = -1
     Call g13adf(mr,r,nk,xv,npar,wa,nwa,par,rv,isf,ifail)
      If (ifail/=0) Then
        If (ifail<7) Then
         Go To 100
        End If
     End If
```

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```
! Display results
    Write (nout,99999) 'Parameter estimation success/failure indicator', &
        isf(1:4)
    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,99998) 'ARIMA model parameter values ', par(1:npar)
    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,99998) 'Residual variance', rv

100    Continue

99999    Format (1X,A,4I4)
99998    Format (1X,A,5F10.5)
    End Program g13adfe
```

9.2 Program Data

```
G13ADF Example Program Data
 40
 0.00213
0.05195 -0.14417
       0.03050 -0.02046 0.05522
0.20204 -0.13953 0.10098
0.07082 -0.04457 -0.01216
        0.03050 -0.02046
-0.09001
                              -0.02048
                                     -0.06651
                              -0.20849
                                     0.03338
-0.02940
 0.00829
 0 1 1 0 1 1 12
```

9.3 Program Results

```
G13ADF Example Program Results

Parameter estimation success/failure indicator 0 1 0 1

ARIMA model parameter values 0.37390 0.51237

Residual variance 0.00148
```

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