

NAG Library Routine Document

G08CHF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G08CHF calculates the Anderson–Darling goodness-of-fit test statistic.

2 Specification

```
FUNCTION G08CHF (N, ISSORT, Y, IFAIL)
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) G08CHF
INTEGER N, IFAIL
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) Y(N)
LOGICAL ISSORT
```

3 Description

Denote by A^2 the Anderson–Darling test statistic for n observations y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n of a variable Y assumed to be standard uniform and sorted in ascending order, then:

$$A^2 = -n - S;$$

where:

$$S = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{2i-1}{n} [\ln y_i + \ln(1 - y_{n-i+1})].$$

When observations of a random variable X are non-uniformly distributed, the probability integral transformation (PIT):

$$Y = F(X),$$

where F is the cumulative distribution function of the distribution of interest, yields a uniformly distributed random variable Y . The PIT is true only if all parameters of a distribution are known as opposed to estimated; otherwise it is an approximation.

4 References

Anderson T W and Darling D A (1952) Asymptotic theory of certain ‘goodness-of-fit’ criteria based on stochastic processes *Annals of Mathematical Statistics* **23** 193–212

5 Parameters

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1: N – INTEGER | <i>Input</i> |
| <i>On entry:</i> n , the number of observations. | |
| <i>Constraint:</i> $N > 1$. | |
| 2: ISSORT – LOGICAL | <i>Input</i> |
| <i>On entry:</i> set ISSORT = .TRUE. if the observations are sorted in ascending order; otherwise the function will sort the observations. | |

3:	Y(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array	<i>Input/Output</i>
<i>On entry:</i> y_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, the n observations.		
<i>On exit:</i> if ISSORT = .FALSE., the data sorted in ascending order; otherwise the array is unchanged.		
<i>Constraint:</i> if ISSORT = .TRUE., the values must be sorted in ascending order. Each y_i must lie in the interval (0, 1).		
4:	IFAIL – INTEGER	<i>Input/Output</i>
<i>On entry:</i> IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.		
For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.		
<i>On exit:</i> IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).		

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $N < 2$.

IFAIL = 3

The data in Y is not sorted in ascending order.

IFAIL = 9

The data in Y must lie in the interval (0, 1).

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example calculates the A^2 statistic for data assumed to arise from an exponential distribution with a sample parameter estimate and simulates its p -value using the NAG basic random number generator.

9.1 Program Text

```

Program g08chfe

!     Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!     .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05dff, g08chf, nag_wp
!     .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!     .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter :: genid = 1, lseed = 1, nin = 5,           &
nout = 6
!     .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp) :: a2, aa2, beta, nupper, p, sa2, sbeta
Integer :: i, ifail, j, k, lstate = 17, n,             &
nsim, n_pseudo, subid = -1
Logical :: issort
!     .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: x(:), xsim(:), y(:)
Integer :: seed(lseed), state(17)
!     .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
Intrinsic :: exp, real, sum
!     .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'G08CHF Example Program Results'
Write (nout,*)

!     Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

!     Read number of observations
Read (nin,*) n

!     Memory allocation
Allocate (x(n),y(n))

!     Read observations
Read (nin,*)(x(i),i=1,n)

!     Maximum likelihood estimate of mean
beta = sum(x(1:n))/real(n,kind=nag_wp)

!     PIT, using exponential CDF with mean beta
Do i = 1, n
    y(i) = 1.0E0_nag_wp - exp(-x(i)/beta)
End Do

!     Let g08chf sort the (approximately) uniform variates
issort = .False.

!     Calculate A-squared
ifail = 0
a2 = g08chf(n,issort,y,ifail)
aa2 = (1.0E0_nag_wp+0.6E0_nag_wp/real(n,kind=nag_wp))*a2

!     Number of simulations
nsim = 888

!     Generate exponential variates using a repeatable seed
Allocate (xsim(n*nsim))
seed(1) = 206033
ifail = 0
Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)
n_pseudo = n*nsim
ifail = 0
Call g05dff(n_pseudo,beta,state,xsim,ifail)

!     Simulations loop
nupper = 0.0E0_nag_wp
Do j = 1, nsim
    k = (j-1)*n

```

```

!
! Maximum likelihood estimate of mean
! sbeta = sum(xsim(k+1:k+n))/real(n,kind=nag_wp)
!
! PIT
! Do i = 1, n
!   y(i) = 1.0E0_nag_wp - exp(-xsim(k+i)/sbeta)
! End Do
! Calculate A-squared
! ifail = 0
! sa2 = g08chf(n,issort,y,ifail)
! If (sa2>aa2) Then
!   nupper = nupper + 1.0E0_nag_wp
! End If
! End Do

!
! Simulated upper tail probability value
p = nupper/real(nsim+1,kind=nag_wp)

!
Results
Write (nout,'(1X,A,E11.4)') &
  'H0: data from exponential distribution with mean', beta
Write (nout,'(1X,A,1X,F8.4)') 'Test statistic, A-squared: ', a2
Write (nout,'(1X,A,1X,F8.4)') 'Upper tail probability:      ', p

End Program g08chfe

```

9.2 Program Data

```

G08CHF Example Program Data
26 :: n
0.4782745 1.2858962 1.1163891 2.0410619 2.2648109 0.0833660 1.2527554
0.4031288 0.7808981 0.1977674 3.2539440 1.8113504 1.2279834 3.9178773
1.4494309 0.1358438 1.8061778 6.0441929 0.9671624 3.2035042 0.8067364
0.4179364 3.5351774 0.3975414 0.6120960 0.1332589 :: end of observations

```

9.3 Program Results

G08CHF Example Program Results

```

H0: data from exponential distribution with mean 0.1524E+01
Test statistic, A-squared:      0.1616
Upper tail probability:       0.9798

```
