# **NAG Library Routine Document**

## G02DKF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

# 1 Purpose

G02DKF calculates the estimates of the parameters of a general linear regression model for given constraints from the singular value decomposition results.

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO2DKF (IP, ICONST, P, C, LDC, B, RSS, IDF, SE, COV, WK, IFAIL)

INTEGER

IP, ICONST, LDC, IDF, IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) P(IP*IP+2*IP), C(LDC,ICONST), B(IP), RSS, SE(IP), & COV(IP*(IP+1)/2), & WK(2*IP*IP+IP*ICONST+2*ICONST+4*ICONST)
```

# 3 Description

G02DKF computes the estimates given a set of linear constraints for a general linear regression model which is not of full rank. It is intended for use after a call to G02DAF or G02DDF.

In the case of a model not of full rank the routines use a singular value decomposition (SVD) to find the parameter estimates,  $\hat{\beta}_{SVd}$ , and their variance-covariance matrix. Details of the SVD are made available in the form of the matrix  $P^*$ :

$$P^* = \begin{pmatrix} D^{-1}P_1^{\mathsf{T}} \\ P_0^{\mathsf{T}} \end{pmatrix},$$

as described by G02DAF and G02DDF.

Alternative solutions can be formed by imposing constraints on the parameters. If there are p parameters and the rank of the model is k, then  $n_c = p - k$  constraints will have to be imposed to obtain a unique solution.

Let C be a p by  $n_c$  matrix of constraints, such that

$$C^{\mathrm{T}}\beta = 0$$

then the new parameter estimates  $\hat{\beta}_c$  are given by

$$\hat{eta}_c = A\hat{eta}_{\mathrm{svd}};$$

$$= \left(I - P_0 \left(C^{\mathrm{T}} P_0\right)^{-1}\right) \hat{eta}_{\mathrm{svd}},$$

where I is the identity matrix, and the variance-covariance matrix is given by

$$AP_{1}D^{-2}P_{1}^{T}A^{T},$$

provided  $(C^{\mathrm{T}}P_0)^{-1}$  exists.

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#### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Hammarling S (1985) The singular value decomposition in multivariate statistics *SIGNUM Newsl.* **20(3)** 2–25

Searle S R (1971) Linear Models Wiley

## 5 Parameters

1: IP – INTEGER Input

On entry: p, the number of terms in the linear model.

Constraint: IP > 1.

2: ICONST – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of constraints to be imposed on the parameters,  $n_c$ .

Constraint: 0 < ICONST < IP.

3:  $P(IP \times IP + 2 \times IP) - REAL$  (KIND=nag\_wp) array

On entry: as returned by G02DAF and G02DDF.

4: C(LDC,ICONST) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Input

On entry: the ICONST constraints stored by column, i.e., the ith constraint is stored in the ith column of C.

5: LDC – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which G02DKF is called.

Constraint: LDC > IP.

6: B(IP) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

On entry: the parameter estimates computed by using the singular value decomposition,  $\hat{\beta}_{svd}$ .

On exit: the parameter estimates of the parameters with the constraints imposed,  $\hat{\beta}_c$ .

7: RSS – REAL (KIND=nag wp)

Input

On entry: the residual sum of squares as returned by G02DAF or G02DDF.

Constraint: RSS > 0.0.

8: IDF – INTEGER Input

On entry: the degrees of freedom associated with the residual sum of squares as returned by G02DAF or G02DDF.

Constraint: IDF > 0.

9: SE(IP) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the standard error of the parameter estimates in B.

10:  $COV(IP \times (IP + 1)/2) - REAL$  (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the upper triangular part of the variance-covariance matrix of the IP parameter estimates given in B. They are stored packed by column, i.e., the covariance between the parameter estimate

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given in B(i) and the parameter estimate given in B(j),  $j \ge i$ , is stored in  $COV((j \times (j-1)/2 + i))$ .

11:  $WK(2 \times IP \times IP + IP \times ICONST + 2 \times ICONST \times ICONST + 4 \times ICONST) - REAL$  (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Workspace* 

Note that a simple upper bound for the size of the workspace is  $5 \times IP \times IP$ .

#### 12: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

```
IFAIL = 1
```

```
\begin{array}{lll} \text{On entry,} & IP < 1, \\ \text{or} & ICONST \leq 0, \\ \text{or} & ICONST \geq IP, \\ \text{or} & LDC < IP, \\ \text{or} & RSS \leq 0.0, \\ \text{or} & IDF \leq 0. \end{array}
```

IFAIL = 2

C does not give a model of full rank.

## 7 Accuracy

It should be noted that due to rounding errors a parameter that should be zero when the constraints have been imposed may be returned as a value of order *machine precision*.

## **8** Further Comments

G02DKF is intended for use in situations in which dummy (0-1) variables have been used such as in the analysis of designed experiments when you do not wish to change the parameters of the model to give a full rank model. The routine is not intended for situations in which the relationships between the independent variables are only approximate.

# 9 Example

Data from an experiment with four treatments and three observations per treatment are read in. A model, including the mean term, is fitted by G02DAF and the results printed. The constraint that the sum of treatment effect is zero is then read in and the parameter estimates with this constraint imposed are computed by G02DKF and printed.

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### 9.1 Program Text

```
Program g02dkfe
      GO2DKF Example Program Text
!
1
      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
!
      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: g02daf, g02dkf, nag_wp
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
                                         :: nin = 5, nout = 6
      Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
!
      Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                         :: rss, tol
                                         :: i, iconst, idf, ifail, ip, irank,
    ldc, ldq, ldx, lwk, lwt, m, n, tlwk
      Integer
     Logical
                                          :: svd
     Character (1)
                                          :: mean, weight
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: b(:), c(:,:), cov(:), h(:), p(:),
                                            q(:,:), res(:), se(:), wk(:), wt(:), &
                                             \bar{x}(:,:), y(:)
      Integer, Allocatable
                                         :: isx(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
      Intrinsic
                                          :: count
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'GO2DKF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
      Skip heading in data file
!
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin, \star) n, m, weight, mean
!
      Read in data
      If (weight=='W' .Or. weight=='w') Then
        lwt = n
      Else
        lwt = 0
      End If
      ldx = n
      Allocate (x(ldx,m),isx(m),y(n),wt(lwt))
      If (lwt>0) Then
       Read (nin,*)(x(i,1:m),y(i),wt(i),i=1,n)
      Else
       Read (nin,*)(x(i,1:m),y(i),i=1,n)
      End If
!
      Read in variable inclusion flags
      Read (nin,*) isx(1:m)
      Calculate IP
!
      ip = count(isx>0)
      If (mean == 'M' .Or. mean == 'm') Then
       ip = ip + 1
      End If
      lwk = 5*(ip-1) + ip*ip
      ldq = n
      ldc = ip
      Allocate (b(ip), se(ip), cov(ip*(ip+1)/2), res(n), h(n), q(ldq, ip+1), p(2*ip+ & (ldq, ip+1), p(1))
        ip*ip),wk(lwk),c(ldc,ip))
      Use suggested value for tolerance
      tol = 0.000001E0_nag_wp
      Fit general linear regression model
      ifail = 0
      Call g02daf(mean,weight,n,x,ldx,m,isx,ip,y,wt,rss,idf,b,se,cov,res,h,q, &
```

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```
ldq,svd,irank,p,tol,wk,ifail)
      Display the initial estimates
      Write (nout,*) 'Estimates from GO2DAF'
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout, 99999) 'Residual sum of squares = ', rss
      Write (nout, 99998) 'Degrees of freedom = ', idf
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout,*) 'Variable
                                 Parameter estimate
                                                       Standard error'
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout, 99997)(i,b(i),se(i),i=1,ip)
      Read in constraints
      iconst = ip - irank
      Read (nin,*)(c(i,1:iconst),i=1,ip)
      tlwk = 2*ip*ip + ip*iconst + 2*iconst*iconst + 4*iconst
      If (tlwk>lwk) Then
        Reallocate workspace
1
        Deallocate (wk)
        Allocate (wk(tlwk))
      End If
     Re-estimate the parameters given the constraints
      ifail = 0
      Call g02dkf(ip,iconst,p,c,ldc,b,rss,idf,se,cov,wk,ifail)
      Display the results
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout,*) 'Estimates from GO2DKF using constraints'
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout,*) 'Variable
                                 Parameter estimate Standard error'
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout, 99997)(i,b(i),se(i),i=1,ip)
99999 Format (1X,A,E13.3)
99998 Format (1X,A,I4)
99997 Format (1X, 16, 2E20.3)
    End Program g02dkfe
9.2
   Program Data
GO2DKF Example Program Data
12 4 'U' 'M'
                       :: N, M, MEAN, WEIGHT
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 33.63
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 39.62
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 38.18
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 41.46
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 38.02
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 35.83
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 35.99
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 36.58
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 42.92
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 37.80
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 40.43
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 37.89
                       :: End of X, Y
                        :: ISX
1 1 1 1
0.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
                        :: C (constraints)
9.3
     Program Results
```

```
GO2DKF Example Program Results
Estimates from GO2DAF
Residual sum of squares = 0.222E+02
```

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Degrees of freedom -	Degrees	of	freedom	=	8
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Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	0.306E+02	0.385E+00
2	0.545E+01	0.839E+00
3	0.674E+01	0.839E+00
4	0.110E+02	0.839E+00
5	0.732E+01	0.839E+00

# Estimates from GO2DKF using constraints

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard erro
1	0.382E+02	0.481E+00
2	-0.219E+01	0.833E+00
3	-0.896E+00	0.833E+00
4	0.341E+01	0.833E+00
5	-0.319E+00	0.833E+00

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