

NAG Library Routine Document

F08FTF (ZUNGTR)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F08FTF (ZUNGTR) generates the complex unitary matrix Q , which was determined by F08FSF (ZHETRD) when reducing a Hermitian matrix to tridiagonal form.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08FTF (UPLO, N, A, LDA, TAU, WORK, LWORK, INFO)
INTEGER                N, LDA, LWORK, INFO
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), TAU(*), WORK(max(1,LWORK))
CHARACTER(1)          UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zungtr*.

3 Description

F08FTF (ZUNGTR) is intended to be used after a call to F08FSF (ZHETRD), which reduces a complex Hermitian matrix A to real symmetric tridiagonal form T by a unitary similarity transformation: $A = QTQ^H$. F08FSF (ZHETRD) represents the unitary matrix Q as a product of $n - 1$ elementary reflectors.

This routine may be used to generate Q explicitly as a square matrix.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

- 1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*
On entry: this **must** be the same parameter UPLO as supplied to F08FSF (ZHETRD).
Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.
- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix Q .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: A(LDA,*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input/Output*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: details of the vectors which define the elementary reflectors, as returned by F08FSF (ZHETRD).
On exit: the n by n unitary matrix Q .

- 4: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FTF (ZUNGTR) is called.
Constraint: $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$.
- 5: TAU(*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
Note: the dimension of the array TAU must be at least $\max(1, N - 1)$.
On entry: further details of the elementary reflectors, as returned by F08FSF (ZHETRD).
- 6: WORK(max(1, LWORK)) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Workspace*
On exit: if INFO = 0, the real part of WORK(1) contains the minimum value of LWORK required for optimal performance.
- 7: LWORK – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08FTF (ZUNGTR) is called.
 If LWORK = -1, a workspace query is assumed; the routine only calculates the optimal size of the WORK array, returns this value as the first entry of the WORK array, and no error message related to LWORK is issued.
Suggested value: for optimal performance, $LWORK \geq (N - 1) \times nb$, where *nb* is the optimal **block size**.
Constraint: $LWORK \geq \max(1, N - 1)$ or LWORK = -1.
- 8: INFO – INTEGER *Output*
On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -*i*, argument *i* had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed matrix *Q* differs from an exactly unitary matrix by a matrix *E* such that

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon),$$

where ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

The total number of real floating point operations is approximately $\frac{16}{3}n^3$.

The real analogue of this routine is F08FFF (DORGTR).

9 Example

This example computes all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2.28 + 0.00i & 1.78 - 2.03i & 2.26 + 0.10i & -0.12 + 2.53i \\ 1.78 + 2.03i & -1.12 + 0.00i & 0.01 + 0.43i & -1.07 + 0.86i \\ 2.26 - 0.10i & 0.01 - 0.43i & -0.37 + 0.00i & 2.31 - 0.92i \\ -0.12 - 2.53i & -1.07 - 0.86i & 2.31 + 0.92i & -0.73 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian and must first be reduced to tridiagonal form by F08FSF (ZHETRD). The program then calls F08FTF (ZUNGTR) to form Q , and passes this matrix to F08JSF (ZSTEQR) which computes the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A .

9.1 Program Text

```

Program f08ftfe

!      F08FTF Example Program Text

!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: blas_zamax_val, f06tff, nag_wp, x04dbf, zhetrd, &
!                               zsteqr, zungtr

!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None

!      .. Parameters ..
!      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6

!      .. Local Scalars ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp)          :: r
!      Integer                     :: i, ifail, info, k, lda, ldz, lwork, n
!      Character (1)               :: uplo

!      .. Local Arrays ..
!      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:, :), tau(:), work(:), z(:, :)
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable   :: d(:), e(:), rwork(:)
!      Character (1)                     :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)

!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!      Intrinsic                       :: abs, cmplx, conjg

!      .. Executable Statements ..
!      Write (nout,*) 'F08FTF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
!      Read (nin,*)
!      Read (nin,*) n
!      lda = n
!      ldz = n
!      lwork = 64*n
!      Allocate (a(lda,n),tau(n),work(lwork),z(ldz,n),d(n),e(n),rwork(2*n-2))

!      Read A from data file

!      Read (nin,*) uplo
!      If (uplo=='U') Then
!         Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
!      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
!         Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
!      End If

!      Reduce A to tridiagonal form T = (Q**H)*A*Q

!      The NAG name equivalent of zhetrd is f08fsf
!      Call zhetrd(uplo,n,a,lda,d,e,tau,work,lwork,info)

!      Copy A into Z
!      Call f06tff(uplo,n,n,a,lda,z,ldz)

!      Form Q explicitly, storing the result in Z
!      The NAG name equivalent of zungtr is f08ftf
!      Call zungtr(uplo,n,z,ldz,tau,work,lwork,info)

```

```

! Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A
! The NAG name equivalent of zsteqr is f08jsf
! Call zsteqr('V',n,d,e,z,ldz,rwork,info)

Write (nout,*)
If (info>0) Then
  Write (nout,*) 'Failure to converge.'
Else

! Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors

Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
Write (nout,99999) d(1:n)
Write (nout,*)
Flush (nout)

! Normalize the eigenvectors so that the element of largest absolute
! value is real.
Do i = 1, n
  Call blas_zamax_val(n,z(1,i),l,k,r)
  z(1:n,i) = z(1:n,i)*(conjg(z(k,i))/cplx(abs(z(k,i)),kind=nag_wp))
End Do

! ifail: behaviour on error exit
! =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
ifail = 0
Call x04dbf('General',' ',n,n,z,ldz,'Bracketed','F7.4','Eigenvectors', &
  'Integer',rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)

End If

99999 Format (8X,4(F7.4,11X:))
End Program f08ftfe

```

9.2 Program Data

```

F08FTF Example Program Data
  4                                     :Value of N
  'L'                                   :Value of UPLO
(-2.28, 0.00)
( 1.78, 2.03) (-1.12, 0.00)
( 2.26,-0.10) ( 0.01,-0.43) (-0.37, 0.00)
(-0.12,-2.53) (-1.07,-0.86) ( 2.31, 0.92) (-0.73, 0.00) :End of matrix A

```

9.3 Program Results

F08FTF Example Program Results

```

Eigenvalues
  -6.0002          -3.0030          0.5036          3.9996

```

```

Eigenvectors
           1           2           3           4
1 ( 0.7299, 0.0000) (-0.2120, 0.1497) ( 0.1000,-0.3570) ( 0.5123, 0.0000)
2 (-0.1663,-0.2061) ( 0.7307, 0.0000) ( 0.2863,-0.3353) ( 0.2498, 0.3731)
3 (-0.4165,-0.1417) (-0.3291, 0.0479) ( 0.6890, 0.0000) ( 0.3087,-0.3547)
4 ( 0.1743, 0.4162) ( 0.5200, 0.1329) ( 0.0662, 0.4347) ( 0.2181,-0.5171)

```
