

NAG Library Routine Document

F07FUF (ZPOCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07FUF (ZPOCON) estimates the condition number of a complex Hermitian positive definite matrix A , where A has been factorized by F07FRF (ZPOTRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07FUF (UPLO, N, A, LDA, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, RWORK, INFO)
```

```
INTEGER                N, LDA, INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp)    ANORM, RCOND, RWORK(N)
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), WORK(2*N)
CHARACTER(1)          UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zpocon*.

3 Description

F07FUF (ZPOCON) estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex Hermitian positive definite matrix A :

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1.$$

Since A is Hermitian, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UCF to compute $\|A\|_1$ and a call to F07FRF (ZPOTRF) to compute the Cholesky factorization of A . The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $\|A^{-1}\|_1$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **14** 381–396

5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

$A = U^H U$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

$A = L L^H$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: A(LDA,*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least $\max(1, N)$.
On entry: the Cholesky factor of A , as returned by F07FRF (ZPOTRF).
- 4: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07FUF (ZPOCON) is called.
Constraint: $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$.
- 5: ANORM – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A , which may be computed by calling F06UCF with its parameter $NORM = '1'$. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07FRF (ZPOTRF) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A .
Constraint: $ANORM \geq 0.0$.
- 6: RCOND – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Output*
On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A . RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.
- 7: WORK($2 \times N$) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array *Workspace*
- 8: RWORK(N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Workspace*
- 9: INFO – INTEGER *Output*
On exit: $INFO = 0$ unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If $INFO = -i$, the i th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to F07FUF (ZPOCON) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form $Ax = b$; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07FSF (ZPOTRS) with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07FGF (DPOCON).

9 Example

This example estimates the condition number in the 1-norm (or ∞ -norm) of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 + 0.00i & 1.51 - 1.92i & 1.90 + 0.84i & 0.42 + 2.50i \\ 1.51 + 1.92i & 3.58 + 0.00i & -0.23 + 1.11i & -1.18 + 1.37i \\ 1.90 - 0.84i & -0.23 - 1.11i & 4.09 + 0.00i & 2.33 - 0.14i \\ 0.42 - 2.50i & -1.18 - 1.37i & 2.33 + 0.14i & 4.29 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian positive definite and must first be factorized by F07FRF (ZPOTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 201.92.

9.1 Program Text

Program f07fufe

```

!      F07FUF Example Program Text

!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x02ajf, zlanhe => f06ucf, zpocon, zpotrf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp)          :: anorm, rcond
      Integer                     :: i, info, lda, n
      Character (1)               :: uplo
!      .. Local Arrays ..
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,,:), work(:)
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable  :: rwork(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'F07FUF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n
      lda = n
      Allocate (a(lda,n),work(2*n),rwork(n))

!      Read A from data file

      Read (nin,*) uplo
      If (uplo=='U') Then
         Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
         Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
      End If

!      Compute norm of A
!      f06ucf is the NAG name equivalent of the LAPACK auxiliary zlanhe
      anorm = zlanhe('1-norm',uplo,n,a,lda,rwork)

!      Factorize A
!      The NAG name equivalent of zpotrf is f07frf
      Call zpotrf(uplo,n,a,lda,info)

      Write (nout,*)
      If (info==0) Then

!      Estimate condition number
!      The NAG name equivalent of zpocon is f07fuf
      Call zpocon(uplo,n,a,lda,anorm,rcond,work,rwork,info)

      If (rcond>=x02ajf()) Then
         Write (nout,99999) 'Estimate of condition number =', &
            1.0E0_nag_wp/rcond
      Else

```

```
        Write (nout,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
      End If
    Else
      Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
    End If

99999 Format (1X,A,1P,E10.2)
      End Program f07fufe
```

9.2 Program Data

F07FUF Example Program Data

```
  4                                     :Value of N
  'L'                                   :Value of UPLO
(3.23, 0.00)
(1.51, 1.92) ( 3.58, 0.00)
(1.90,-0.84) (-0.23,-1.11) ( 4.09, 0.00)
(0.42,-2.50) (-1.18,-1.37) ( 2.33, 0.14) ( 4.29, 0.00) :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

F07FUF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 1.51E+02
