

# G05BEFP

## NAG Parallel Library Routine Document

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check for implementation-dependent details. You are advised to enclose any calls to NAG Parallel Library routines between calls to Z01AAFP and Z01ABFP.

### 1 Description

G05BEFP generates a vector of pseudo-random numbers of length  $n$  from the (negative) exponential distribution with mean  $a$  which has the probability density function (PDF)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{a}e^{-x/a} \quad \text{if } x > 0, \quad a \geq 0,$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

A total of 273 statistically independent generators are available; it is possible to select a particular generator and initialize the seeds for the generator by a preceding call to G05BBFP. If G05BBFP is not used, default values for the generator and the seeds are assumed.

The routine G05BEFP always generates exactly the same pseudo-random numbers as would  $n$  consecutive calls of G05AEFP.

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05BEFP(A, N, X)
  INTEGER          N
  DOUBLE PRECISION A, X(*)
```

### 3 Usage

#### 3.1 Definitions

None.

#### 3.2 Global and Local Arguments

All arguments are local.

### 4 Arguments

- 1: A — DOUBLE PRECISION *Local Input*  
*On entry:* the mean  $a$  of the distribution. If A is negative the absolute value of A is used.
- 2: N — INTEGER *Local Input/Local Output*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of pseudo-random numbers to be generated. If  $N < 1$ , no pseudo-random numbers are generated.  
*On exit:* the actual number of pseudo-random numbers which were generated.
- 3: X(\*) — DOUBLE PRECISION array *Local Output*  
*On exit:* the  $n$  pseudo-random numbers from the specified (negative) exponential distribution.

## 5 Errors and Warnings

None.

## 6 Further Comments

Repeatable sequences of random numbers can be generated by calling G05BBFP to set the seeds and generator number before calling G05BEFP.

G05BEFP may be called without a prior call to Z01AAFP.

### 6.1 Algorithmic Detail

Each basic generator uses a Wichmann–Hill type generator (Wichmann and Hill [3]), which is a variant of a multiplicative congruential algorithm to produce real pseudo-random numbers  $u_k$  in the semi-open interval  $[0, 1)$ . See G05BCFP for further details. The pseudo-random value  $v_i$  from the exponential distribution is then given by  $v_i = -a \ln u_i$ .

## 7 References

- [1] Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* Addison–Wesley (2nd Edition)
- [2] Maclaren N M (1989) The generation of multiple independent sequences of pseudorandom numbers *Appl. Statist.* **38** 351–359
- [3] Wichmann B A and Hill I D (1982) AS183 An efficient and portable pseudo-random number generator *Appl. Statist.* **31** 188–190

## 8 Example

This example generates a series of random numbers on each processor on a 2 by 2 logical grid of processors. The routine G05BBFP is used to initialise the seeds and the generators.

### 8.1 Example Text

```
*      G05BEFP Example Program Text
*      NAG Parallel Library Release 3. NAG Copyright 1999.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NOUT, NX
      PARAMETER        (NOUT=6,NX=10)
      INTEGER          MAG
      PARAMETER        (MAG=16909320)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION A
      INTEGER          I, ICNTXT, ICOFF, IFAIL, IGEN, MP, MYCOL,
+                   MYROW, N, NP, NPCOL, NPROW
      LOGICAL          ROOT
      CHARACTER        CNUMOP, TITOP
      CHARACTER*20     FORMT
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION WORK(NX), X(NX)
      INTEGER          IS(5), ISEED(4), IWORK(5)
*      .. External Functions ..
      LOGICAL          Z01ACFP
      EXTERNAL         Z01ACFP
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL         G05BBFP, G05BEFP, X04BFFP, X04BMFP, Z01AAFP,
+                   Z01ABFP, Z01ZAFP
```

```

*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
      INTRINSIC          MOD
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      ROOT = Z01ACFP()
      IF (ROOT) THEN
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G05BEFP Example Program Results'
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
      END IF
*
      MP = 2
      NP = 2
*
*      Declare the processor grid
*
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL Z01AAFP(ICNTXT,MP,NP,IFAIL)
*
*      Initialise the seeds and the generator
      CALL Z01ZAFP(ICNTXT,NPROW,NPCOL,MYROW,MYCOL)
*
*      Initialize the seeds and choose a generator number that depends
*      on the processor position on the grid.
*
      ISEED(1) = 207*(50*MYROW+19*MYCOL) + 2626279
      ISEED(2) = 451*(70*MYROW+31*MYCOL) + 2727289
      ISEED(3) = 912*(39*MYROW+53*MYCOL) + 9598590
      ISEED(4) = 812*(69*MYROW+14*MYCOL) + 4684748
      IGEN = NP*MYROW*6 + MYCOL*MP*5
*
*      Make sure that the seeds are within the maximum value MAG
*
      DO 40 I = 1, 4
20      IF (ISEED(I).GT.MAG) THEN
          ISEED(I) = ISEED(I)/2
          GO TO 20
        END IF
40      CONTINUE
*
*      Make sure that the generator is valid
*
      IGEN = MOD(IGEN,273)
*
*      Print the seeds and the generator on each processor
*
      IS(1) = ISEED(1)
      IS(2) = ISEED(2)
      IS(3) = ISEED(3)
      IS(4) = ISEED(4)
      IS(5) = IGEN
      IF (ROOT) THEN
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Seeds and the generator'
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
      END IF
      FORMT = 'I10'
      TITOP = 'Y'
      CNUMOP = 'X'

```

```

        ICOFF = 0
        IFAIL = 0
        CALL X04BMFP(ICNTXT,NOUT,1,5,IS,1,FORMAT,TITOP,CNUMOP,ICOFF,IWORK,
+           1,IFAIL)
*
        CALL G05BBFP(ISEED,IGEN)
*
*       Set the parameter A
*
        A = 1.0D0
*
*       Set the number of random numbers on each processor
*
        N = 5
*
*       Now fill the vectors with random numbers
*
        CALL G05BEFP(A,N,X)
*
*       Print the N random numbers on each processor
*
*
        IF (ROOT) THEN
            WRITE (NOUT,*)
            WRITE (NOUT,*)
+           'The generated random numbers on each processor'
            WRITE (NOUT,*)
        END IF
        FORMAT = 'F12.5'
        TITOP = 'Y'
        CNUMOP = 'X'
        ICOFF = 0
        IFAIL = 0
        CALL X04BFP(ICNTXT,NOUT,1,N,X,1,FORMAT,TITOP,CNUMOP,ICOFF,WORK,1,
+           IFAIL)

        IFAIL = 0
        CALL Z01ABFP(ICNTXT,'N',IFAIL)
*
        STOP
*
        END

```

## 8.2 Example Data

None.

### 8.3 Example Results

#### G05BEFP Example Program Results

##### Seeds and the generator

|                              |         |         |         |  |    |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|----|
| Array from logical processor | 0,      | 0       |         |  |    |
| 2626279                      | 2727289 | 9598590 | 4684748 |  | 0  |
| Array from logical processor | 0,      | 1       |         |  |    |
| 2630212                      | 2741270 | 9646926 | 4696116 |  | 10 |
| Array from logical processor | 1,      | 0       |         |  |    |
| 2636629                      | 2758859 | 9634158 | 4740776 |  | 12 |
| Array from logical processor | 1,      | 1       |         |  |    |
| 2640562                      | 2772840 | 9682494 | 4752144 |  | 22 |

##### The generated random numbers on each processor

|                              |         |         |         |  |         |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|---------|
| Array from logical processor | 0,      | 0       |         |  |         |
| 0.71974                      | 1.52380 | 0.43078 | 0.57130 |  | 2.06355 |
| Array from logical processor | 0,      | 1       |         |  |         |
| 1.18314                      | 0.58246 | 1.37639 | 2.06612 |  | 2.29289 |
| Array from logical processor | 1,      | 0       |         |  |         |
| 0.56857                      | 0.37826 | 0.58601 | 0.76624 |  | 0.05285 |
| Array from logical processor | 1,      | 1       |         |  |         |
| 0.61310                      | 1.31984 | 1.70097 | 0.99411 |  | 0.35373 |

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