

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_deviates\_landau (g01ftc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_deviates\_landau (g01ftc) returns the value of the inverse  $\Phi^{-1}(x)$  of the Landau distribution function.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>
double nag_deviates_landau (double x, NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_deviates\_landau (g01ftc) evaluates an approximation to the inverse  $\Phi^{-1}(x)$  of the Landau distribution function given by

$$\Psi(x) = \Phi^{-1}(x)$$

(where  $\Phi(\lambda)$  is described in nag\_prob\_landau (g01etc) and nag\_prob\_density\_landau (g01mtc)), using either linear or quadratic interpolation or rational approximations which mimic the asymptotic behaviour. Further details can be found in K lbig and Schorr (1984).

It can also be used to generate Landau distributed random numbers in the range  $0 < x < 1$ .

#### 4 References

K lbig K S and Schorr B (1984) A program package for the Landau distribution *Comp. Phys. Comm.* **31** 97–111

#### 5 Arguments

- 1: **x** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the argument  $x$  of the function.  
*Constraint:*  $0.0 < \mathbf{x} < 1.0$ .
- 2: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

#### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

##### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.  
See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_NO\_LICENCE**

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.  
See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_REAL**

On entry,  $x = \langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $x < 1.0$ .

On entry,  $x = \langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $x > 0.0$ .

**7 Accuracy**

At least 5 – 6 significant digits are correct. Such accuracy is normally considered to be adequate for applications in large scale Monte–Carlo simulations.

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

nag\_deviates\_landau (g01ftc) is not threaded in any implementation.

**9 Further Comments**

None.

**10 Example**

This example evaluates  $\Phi^{-1}(x)$  at  $x = 0.5$ , and prints the results.

**10.1 Program Text**

```

/* nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double x, y;
    Integer exit_status;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    exit_status = 0;

```

```

printf(" nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc) Example Program Results\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif

#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%lf%*[\n] ", &x);
#else
scanf("%lf%*[\n] ", &x);
#endif

/* nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc).
 * Landau inverse function Psi(x)
 */
y = nag_deviates_landau(x, &fail);

if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR) {
printf("\n      X              Y\n\n");
printf("   %3.1f    %13.4e\n", x, y);
}
else {
printf("Error from nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
exit_status = 1;
goto END;
}
END:
return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

```

nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc) Example Program Data
0.5 : Value of X

```

## 10.3 Program Results

```

nag_deviates_landau (g01ftc) Example Program Results

```

X	Y
0.5	1.3558e+00

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