

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) returns a sequence of approximations to the integral of a function over a multidimensional simplex, together with an error estimate for the last approximation.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagd01.h>

void nag_quad_md_simplex (Integer ndim, double vert[],
    double (*functn)(Integer ndim, const double x[], Nag_Comm *comm),
    Integer *minord, Integer maxord, double finvls[], double *esterr,
    Nag_Comm *comm, NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) computes a sequence of approximations **finvls**[ $j-1$ ], for  $j = \mathbf{minord} + 1, \dots, \mathbf{maxord}$ , to an integral

$$\int_S f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) dx_1 dx_2 \cdots dx_n$$

where  $S$  is an  $n$ -dimensional simplex defined in terms of its  $n+1$  vertices. **finvls**[ $j-1$ ] is an approximation which will be exact (except for rounding errors) whenever the integrand is a polynomial of total degree  $2j-1$  or less.

The type of method used has been described in Grundmann and Moller (1978), and is implemented in an extrapolated form using the theory from de Doncker (1979).

### 4 References

de Doncker E (1979) New Euler–Maclaurin Expansions and their application to quadrature over the  $s$ -dimensional simplex *Math. Comput.* **33** 1003–1018

Grundmann A and Moller H M (1978) Invariant integration formulas for the  $n$ -simplex by combinatorial methods *SIAM J. Numer. Anal.* **15** 282–290

### 5 Arguments

1: **ndim** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of dimensions of the integral.

*Constraint:* **ndim**  $\geq 2$ .

2: **vert**[ $dim$ ] – double *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension,  $dim$ , of the array **vert** must be at least  $(2 \times (\mathbf{ndim} + 1)) \times (\mathbf{ndim} + 1)$ .

Where **VERT**( $i, j$ ) appears in this document, it refers to the array element **vert**[( $j-1$ )  $\times$  (**ndim** + 1) +  $i-1$ ].

*On entry:*  $\mathbf{VERT}(i, j)$  must be set to the  $j$ th component of the  $i$ th vertex for the simplex integration region, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n + 1$  and  $j = 1, 2, \dots, n$ . If  $\mathbf{minord} > 0$ ,  $\mathbf{vert}$  must be unchanged since the previous call of `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)`.

*On exit:* these values are unchanged. The rest of the array  $\mathbf{vert}$  is used for workspace and contains information to be used if another call of `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)` is made with  $\mathbf{minord} > 0$ . In particular  $\mathbf{VERT}(n + 1, 2n + 2)$  contains the volume of the simplex.

- 3: **functn** – function, supplied by the user *External Function*  
**functn** must return the value of the integrand  $f$  at a given point.

The specification of **functn** is:

```
double functn (Integer ndim, const double x[], Nag_Comm *comm)
```

1: **ndim** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of dimensions of the integral.

2: **x[ndim]** – const double *Input*

*On entry:* the coordinates of the point at which the integrand  $f$  must be evaluated.

3: **comm** – Nag\_Comm \*

Pointer to structure of type Nag\_Comm; the following members are relevant to **functn**.

**user** – double \*

**iuser** – Integer \*

**p** – Pointer

The type Pointer will be `void *`. Before calling `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)` you may allocate memory and initialize these pointers with various quantities for use by **functn** when called from `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)` (see Section 2.3.1.1 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

- 4: **minord** – Integer \* *Input/Output*

*On entry:* must specify the highest order of the approximations currently available in the array **finvls**.  $\mathbf{minord} = 0$  indicates an initial call;  $\mathbf{minord} > 0$  indicates that **finvls**[0], **finvls**[1], ..., **finvls**[ $\mathbf{minord} - 1$ ] have already been computed in a previous call of `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)`.

*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{minord} \geq 0$ .

*On exit:*  $\mathbf{minord} = \mathbf{maxord}$ .

- 5: **maxord** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the highest order of approximation to the integral to be computed.

*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{maxord} > \mathbf{minord}$ .

- 6: **finvls**[**maxord**] – double *Input/Output*

*On entry:* if  $\mathbf{minord} > 0$ , **finvls**[0], **finvls**[1], ..., **finvls**[ $\mathbf{minord} - 1$ ] must contain approximations to the integral previously computed by `nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac)`.

*On exit:* contains these values unchanged, and the newly computed values **finvls**[ $\mathbf{minord}$ ], **finvls**[ $\mathbf{minord} + 1$ ], ..., **finvls**[ $\mathbf{maxord} - 1$ ]. **finvls**[ $j - 1$ ] is an approximation to the integral of polynomial degree  $2j - 1$ .

- 7: **esterr** – double \* *Output*  
*On exit:* an absolute error estimate for **finvls**[**maxord** – 1].
- 8: **comm** – Nag\_Comm \*  
 The NAG communication argument (see Section 2.3.1.1 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).
- 9: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ACCURACY

The volume of the simplex integration region is too large or too small to be represented on the machine.

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **minord** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **minord**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **ndim** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **ndim**  $\geq 2$ .

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **maxord** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **minord** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **maxord**  $>$  **minord**.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_NO\_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

## 7 Accuracy

An absolute error estimate is output through the argument **esterr**.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The running time for nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) will usually be dominated by the time used to evaluate the integrand **functn**. The maximum time that could be used by nag\_quad\_md\_simplex (d01pac) will be approximately given by

$$T \times \frac{(\mathbf{maxord} + \mathbf{ndim})!}{(\mathbf{maxord} - 1)!(\mathbf{ndim} + 1)!}$$

where  $T$  is the time needed for one call of **functn**.

## 10 Example

This example demonstrates the use of the function with the integral

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} \int_0^{1-x-y} \exp(x+y+z) \cos(x+y+z) dz dy dx = \frac{1}{4}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagd01.h>

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
    static double NAG_CALL functn(Integer ndim, const double x[],
                                   Nag_Comm *comm);
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif

int main(void)
{
#define VERT(I, J) vert[(J-1)* (ndim+1) + I-1]
    /* Scalars */
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    Integer i, j, maxord, minord, mxord, ndim;
    double esterr;
    /* Arrays */

```

```

Integer iuser[1];
double *finvls = 0, *vert = 0;
/* Nag types */
NagError fail;
Nag_Comm comm;

INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac) Example Program Results\n");
/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
/* Input mxord and ndim */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT " %" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &mxord, &ndim);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT " %" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &mxord, &ndim);
#endif

if (!(finvls = NAG_ALLOC(mxord, double)) ||
    !(vert = NAG_ALLOC(2 * (ndim + 1) * (ndim + 1), double)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

for (i = 1; i <= ndim + 1; i++)
    for (j = 1; j <= ndim; j++)
        VERT(i, j) = 0.0;
for (j = 2; j <= ndim + 1; j++)
    VERT(j, j - 1) = 1.0;

minord = 0;
iuser[0] = 0; /* Function counter */
comm.iuser = iuser;
for (maxord = 1; maxord <= mxord; maxord++) {
    /* nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac).
     * Multidimensional quadrature over an n-simplex.
     */
    nag_quad_md_simplex(ndim, vert, functn, &minord, maxord, finvls,
                        &esterr, &comm, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

    if (maxord == 1)
        printf("maxord      Estimated      Estimated      Integrand\n"
              "          value          accuracy          evaluations\n");
    printf("%4" NAG_IFMT "%13.5f%16.3e%15" NAG_IFMT "\n",
           maxord, finvls[maxord - 1], esterr, comm.iuser[0]);
}

END:
NAG_FREE(finvls);
NAG_FREE(vert);

return exit_status;
}

static double NAG_CALL functn(Integer ndim, const double x[], Nag_Comm *comm)
{
    comm->iuser[0]++;
    return exp(x[0] + x[1] + x[2]) * cos(x[0] + x[1] + x[2]);
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

None.

## 10.3 Program Results

```
nag_quad_md_simplex (d01pac) Example Program Results
maxord  Estimated      Estimated      Integrand
         value         accuracy     evaluations
  1      0.25816        2.582e-01         1
  2      0.25011        8.058e-03         5
  3      0.25000        1.067e-04        15
  4      0.25000        4.098e-07        35
  5      0.25000        1.731e-09        70
```

---