

## NAG Library Function Document

### **nag\_poisson\_dist (g01bkc)**

## 1 Purpose

`nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc)` returns the lower tail, upper tail and point probabilities associated with a Poisson distribution.

## 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>
void nag_poisson_dist (double rlambda, Integer k, double *plek, double *pgtk,
                      double *peqk, NagError *fail)
```

## 3 Description

Let  $X$  denote a random variable having a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda$  ( $> 0$ ). Then

$$\text{Prob}\{X = k\} = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

The mean and variance of the distribution are both equal to  $\lambda$ .

`nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc)` computes for given  $\lambda$  and  $k$  the probabilities:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{plek} &= \text{Prob}\{X \leq k\} \\ \mathbf{pgtk} &= \text{Prob}\{X > k\} \\ \mathbf{peqk} &= \text{Prob}\{X = k\}. \end{aligned}$$

The method is described in Kn̄sel (1986).

## 4 References

Kn̄sel L (1986) Computation of the chi-square and Poisson distribution *SIAM J. Sci. Statist. Comput.* **7** 1022–1036

## 5 Arguments

- |  |               |
|--|---------------|
| 1: <b>rlambda</b> – double   | <i>Input</i>  |
| <i>On entry:</i> the parameter $\lambda$ of the Poisson distribution.      |               |
| <i>Constraint:</i> $0.0 < \mathbf{rlambda} \leq 10^6$ .                    |               |
| 2: <b>k</b> – Integer  | <i>Input</i>  |
| <i>On entry:</i> the integer $k$ which defines the required probabilities. |               |
| <i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{k} \geq 0$ .                                   |               |
| 3: <b>plek</b> – double *  | <i>Output</i> |
| <i>On exit:</i> the lower tail probability, $\text{Prob}\{X \leq k\}$ .    |               |
| 4: <b>pgtk</b> – double *  | <i>Output</i> |
| <i>On exit:</i> the upper tail probability, $\text{Prob}\{X > k\}$ .       |               |

5: <b>peqk</b> – double *	<i>Output</i>
On exit: the point probability, $\text{Prob}\{X = k\}$ .	
6: <b>fail</b> – NagError *	<i>Input/Output</i>
The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).	

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle \text{value} \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT\_ARG\_LT

On entry,  $\mathbf{k} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\mathbf{k} \geq 0$ .

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_NO\_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_REAL\_ARG\_GT

On entry,  $\mathbf{rlambda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\mathbf{rlambda} \leq 10^6$ .

### NE\_REAL\_ARG\_LE

On entry,  $\mathbf{rlambda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\mathbf{rlambda} > 0.0$ .

## 7 Accuracy

Results are correct to a relative accuracy of at least  $10^{-6}$  on machines with a precision of 9 or more decimal digits, and to a relative accuracy of at least  $10^{-3}$  on machines of lower precision (provided that the results do not underflow to zero).

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

nag\_poisson\_dist (g01bkc) is not threaded in any implementation.

## 9 Further Comments

The time taken by nag\_poisson\_dist (g01bkc) depends on  $\lambda$  and  $k$ . For given  $\lambda$ , the time is greatest when  $k \approx \lambda$ , and is then approximately proportional to  $\sqrt{\lambda}$ .

## 10 Example

This example reads values of  $\lambda$  and  $k$  from a data file until end-of-file is reached, and prints the corresponding probabilities.

### 10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc) Example Program.
*
* NAGPRODCODE Version.
*
* Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 26, 2016.
*/
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

int main(void)
{
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    Integer k;
    double plek, peqk, pgtk;
    double rlamda;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc) Example Program Results\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
    printf("\n      rlamda      k      plek      pgtk      peqk\n\n");

#ifdef _WIN32
    while ((scanf_s("%lf %" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &rlamda, &k)) != EOF)
#else
    while ((scanf("%lf %" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &rlamda, &k)) != EOF)
#endif
    {
        /* nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc).
         * Poisson distribution function
         */
        nag_poisson_dist(rlamda, k, &plek, &pgtk, &peqk, &fail);
        if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
            printf("Error from nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
        printf(" %10.3f%6" NAG_IFMT "%10.5f%10.5f%10.5f\n", rlamda, k, plek,
               pgtk, peqk);
    }
}

Mark 26, 2016.
NAG Numerical Algorithms Group.
*/
```

```
    }  
  
END:  
    return exit_status;  
}
```

## 10.2 Program Data

```
nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc) Example Program Data  
0.75      3      : rlamda, k  
9.20      12  
34.00     25  
175.00    175
```

## 10.3 Program Results

```
nag_poisson_dist (g01bkc) Example Program Results
```

rlamda	k	plek	pgtk	peqk
0.750	3	0.99271	0.00729	0.03321
9.200	12	0.86074	0.13926	0.07755
34.000	25	0.06736	0.93264	0.02140
175.000	175	0.52009	0.47991	0.03014

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