

NAG Library Function Document

nag_dsyrk (f16ypc)

1 Purpose

nag_dsyrk (f16ypc) performs a rank- k update on a real symmetric matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>

void nag_dsyrk (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Nag_TransType trans,
               Integer n, Integer k, double alpha, const double a[], Integer pda,
               double beta, double c[], Integer pdc, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dsyrk (f16ypc) performs one of the symmetric rank- k update operations

$$C \leftarrow \alpha AA^T + \beta C \quad \text{or} \quad C \leftarrow \alpha A^T A + \beta C,$$

where A is a real matrix, C is an n by n real symmetric matrix, and α and β are real scalars.

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
- 2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*
On entry: specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of C is stored.
uplo = Nag_Upper
 The upper triangular part of C is stored.
uplo = Nag_Lower
 The lower triangular part of C is stored.
Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.
- 3: **trans** – Nag_TransType *Input*
On entry: specifies the operation to be performed.
trans = Nag_NoTrans
 $C \leftarrow \alpha AA^T + \beta C$.

trans = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans

$$C \leftarrow \alpha A^T A + \beta C.$$

Constraint: **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans.

4: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix C ; the number of rows of A if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, or the number of columns of A otherwise.

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

5: **k** – Integer *Input*

On entry: k , the number of columns of A if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, or the number of rows of A otherwise.

Constraint: $k \geq 0$.

6: **alpha** – double *Input*

On entry: the scalar α .

7: **a**[*dim*] – const double *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{k})$ when **trans** = Nag_NoTrans and **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **trans** = Nag_NoTrans and **order** = Nag_RowMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans and **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans and
order = Nag_RowMajor.

If **order** = Nag_ColMajor, A_{ij} is stored in **a**[($j - 1$) \times **pda** + $i - 1$].

If **order** = Nag_RowMajor, A_{ij} is stored in **a**[($i - 1$) \times **pda** + $j - 1$].

On entry: the matrix A ; A is n by k if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, or k by n otherwise.

8: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag_ColMajor,
 if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, **pda** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
 if **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans, **pda** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{k})$.;
 if **order** = Nag_RowMajor,
 if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, **pda** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{k})$;
 if **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans, **pda** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$..

9: **beta** – double *Input*

On entry: the scalar β .

10: **c**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **c** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdc} \times \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: the n by n symmetric matrix C .

If **order** = Nag_ColMajor, C_{ij} is stored in **c**[($j - 1$) \times **pdc** + $i - 1$].

If **order** = Nag_RowMajor, C_{ij} is stored in **c**[($i - 1$) \times **pdc** + $j - 1$].

If **uplo** = Nag_Upper, the upper triangular part of C must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.

If **uplo** = Nag_Lower, the lower triangular part of C must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: the updated matrix C .

11: **pdc** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix C in the array **c**.

Constraint: **pdc** \geq max(1, **n**).

12: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **trans** = $\langle value \rangle$, **k** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, **pda** \geq max(1, **k**).

On entry, **trans** = $\langle value \rangle$, **k** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans, **pda** \geq max(1, **k**).

On entry, **trans** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **trans** = Nag_NoTrans, **pda** \geq max(1, **n**).

On entry, **trans** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pda** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **trans** = Nag_Trans or Nag_ConjTrans, **pda** \geq max(1, **n**).

NE_INT

On entry, **k** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **k** \geq 0.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** \geq 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pdc** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdc** \geq max(1, **n**).

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_dsyrc (f16ypc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

Perform rank- k update of real symmetric 4 by 4 matrix C using 4 by 2 matrix A ($k = 2$), $C = C - AA^T$, where

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 4.30 & -3.96 & 0.40 & -0.27 \\ -3.96 & -4.87 & 0.31 & 0.07 \\ 0.40 & 0.31 & -8.02 & -5.95 \\ -0.27 & 0.07 & -5.95 & 0.12 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3.0 & -5.0 \\ -1.0 & 1.0 \\ 2.0 & -1.0 \\ 1.0 & 6.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_dsyrc (f16ypc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double alpha, beta;
    Integer adim1, adim2, exit_status, i, j, k, n, pda, pdc;

```

```

/* Arrays */
double *a = 0, *c = 0;
char nag_enum_arg[40];

/* Nag Types */
NagError fail;
Nag_OrderType order;
Nag_UploType uplo;
Nag_TransType trans;
Nag_MatrixType matrix;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
#define C(I, J) c[(J-1)*pdc + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
#define C(I, J) c[(I-1)*pdc + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_dsyrc (f16ypc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif

    /* Read the problem dimensions */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n, &k);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n, &k);
#endif

    /* Read the uplo parameter */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read the transpose parameter */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac), see above. */
    trans = (Nag_TransType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read scalar parameters */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%lf%lf%*[\n] ", &alpha, &beta);
#else
    scanf("%lf%lf%*[\n] ", &alpha, &beta);
#endif

    if (trans == Nag_NoTrans) {
        adim1 = n;
        adim2 = k;
    }
    else {
        adim1 = k;
    }

```

```

    adim2 = n;
}

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = adim1;
#else
    pda = adim2;
#endif
pdc = n;
if (k > 0 && n > 0) {
    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(k * n, double)) || !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
}
else {
    printf("Invalid k or n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

/* Input matrix A. */
for (i = 1; i <= adim1; ++i) {
    for (j = 1; j <= adim2; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%lf", &A(i, j));
#else
        scanf("%lf", &A(i, j));
#endif
}
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
}
/* Input matrix C. */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf", &C(i, j));
#else
            scanf("%lf", &C(i, j));
#endif
    }
}
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
}
else {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf", &C(i, j));
#else
            scanf("%lf", &C(i, j));
#endif
    }
}
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
}

/* nag_dsyrk (f16ypc).

```

```

    * Rank k update of symmetric matrix.
    *
    */
nag_dsyrc(order, uplo, trans, n, k, alpha, a, pda, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_dsyrc (f16ypc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    matrix = Nag_UpperMatrix;
}
else {
    matrix = Nag_LowerMatrix;
}
/* Print updated matrix C */
/* nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).
 * Print real general matrix (easy-to-use)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, matrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                       n, c, pdc, "Updated Matrix C", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(c);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_dsyrc (f16ypc) Example Program Data
  4  2           :Values of n and k
  Nag_Lower      :Value of uplo
  Nag_NoTrans    :Value of trans
-1.0  1.0       :Values of alpha and beta
-3.00 -5.00
-1.00  1.00
  2.00 -1.00
  1.00  6.00           :End of matrix A
  4.30
-3.96 -4.87
  0.40  0.31 -8.02
-0.27  0.07 -5.95  0.12 :End of matrix C

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_dsyrc (f16ypc) Example Program Results

```

Updated Matrix C
      1          2          3          4
  1  -29.7000
  2  -1.9600   -6.8700
  3   1.4000   3.3100  -13.0200
  4  32.7300  -4.9300  -1.9500  -36.8800

```
